

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(57.4039, -21.8874,  
-33.6216)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(57.4039, -21.8874,  
-33.6216) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(58.1476,  
-18.7834, -32.1314)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00AADA
RGB	0, 170, 218
RGB Percent	0%, 67%, 85%
CMY	0.9998, 0.3333, 0.1451
CMYK	1.00, 0.22, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	193°, 100%, 43%
HSV	193°, 100%, 85%
XYZ	27.0296, 33.8114, 71.4313
YIQ	124.6420, -116.7280, -21.1120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

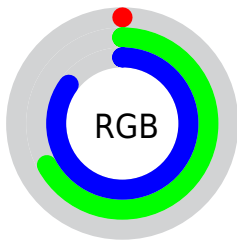
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	0, 96, 218
Decimal	43738
CIELab	64.81, -19.53, -34.45
CIELCh	65, 39.598, 240.456
Yxy	33.8126, 0.2044, 0.2556
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278233818 (0xFF00AADA)
YUV	124.6420, 46.0255, -109.3110
Hunter-Lab	58.1476, -18.7834, -32.1314

# Details

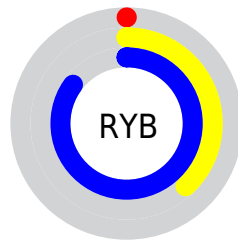
The HunterLab color **58.1476, -18.7834, -32.1314** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **41.2602, 57.4650, 26.4281**, and the grayscale version is **45.0113, -2.4017, 2.4455**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80.0084, -26.9377, -21.2796**, and **39.4984, -9.9694, -27.8486** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.1444, -18.7787, -32.1377**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.8451, -20.3948, -29.1960**.

# Distribution



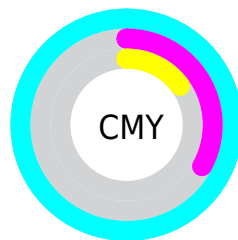
- Red (0%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 58.1476, -18.7834, -32.1314 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 58.1476, -18.7834, -32.1314 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 58.1476, -18.7834,  
-32.1314

■ 58.1476, -18.7834,  
-32.1314

178.6884,  
-33.0289, -35.6741

■ 47.6966, -17.1047,  
-31.5140

■ 81.0198, -22.0364,  
-33.2598

■ 37.9589, -15.3733,  
-30.8928

■ 93.3689, -23.6301,  
-33.7550

■ 28.9923, -13.5655,  
-30.3205

■ 106.2885,  
-25.2100, -34.1996

■ 20.8699, -11.6442,  
-29.9194

■ 119.7546,  
-26.7806, -34.5932

■ 13.6907, -9.5430,  
-30.0066

■ 133.7456,  
-28.3453, -34.9363

■ 7.2999, -12.0450,  
-33.3534

148.2428,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-29.9069, -35.2298

0.0000, NaN, -NF

163.2289,  
-31.4675, -35.4753

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 58.1476, -18.7834,  
-32.1314

■ 58.1476, -18.7834,  
-32.1314

■ 58.1444, -18.7787,  
-32.1377

■ 59.8451, -20.3948,  
-29.1960

■ 61.7032, -21.4243,  
-26.0901

■ 63.7582, -21.7362,  
-22.7750

■ 66.0187, -21.3021,  
-19.2625

■ 68.4863, -20.1264,  
-15.5751

■ 71.1580, -18.2359,  
-11.7396

■ 74.0279, -15.6721,  
-7.7837

■ 77.0879, -12.4850,  
-3.7335

■ 80.3289, -8.7283,  
0.3876

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.1486, -29.3588, -15.5068



58.1476, -18.7834, -32.1314



58.1486, -2.8376, -38.7957

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.1486, -18.7829, -32.1303



58.1486, 34.5071, 3.4195



58.1486, -19.1958, 24.5473

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.1476, -18.7834, -32.1314



41.2602, 57.4650, 26.4281

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.1486, -3.3735, 26.9358



58.1476, -18.7834, -32.1314



58.1486, 28.8312, 17.1633

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.1486, -18.7829, -32.1303



58.1486, 29.1546, -14.9309



58.1486, 14.4312, 24.6922



58.1486, -29.5766, 16.8383



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.1476, -18.7834, -32.1314



58.1486, 9.1262, -35.5152



58.1486, 14.4312, 24.6922



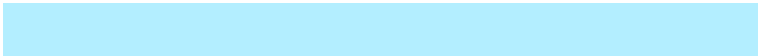
58.1486, -14.4034, 25.8760

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.1486, -18.7829, -32.1303



88.3074, -18.8167, -9.4349



70.9586, -59.8019, 40.4058



40.1688, -9.3475, -5.3012

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.1486, -18.7829, -32.1303



69.2774, -22.1993, -38.6689



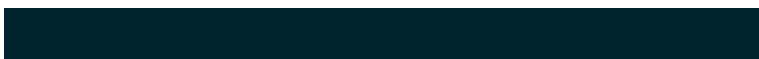
29.1317, 37.0560, -116.3987



37.8386, -4.0001, 0.2873



45.1882, -14.7901, -24.5537



12.0234, -4.4765, -5.3647



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.2009, 79.1403, -26.0424



50.3747, 94.4390, -30.7874



62.2627, 8.1365, 38.5070



36.3637, 2.5590, -0.3337



32.6881, 61.3489, -20.5010



8.3942, 15.8775, -6.2208



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.1476, -18.7834, -32.1314 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.1476, -18.7834, -32.1314 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

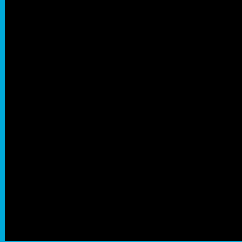
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 58.1476, -18.7834, -32.1314 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.1476, -18.7834, -32.1314.



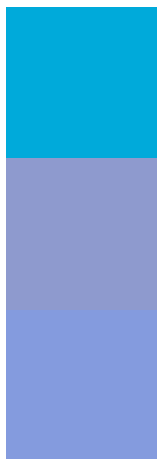
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.1476, -18.7834, -32.1314.

-18.7834, -32.1314.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58.1476, -18.7834, -32.1314

### Protanopia

57.7219, 3.6694, -24.3466

### Deuteranopia

57.9846, 4.4914, -34.8546

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

58.1476, -18.7834, -32.1314

## Protanomaly

56.5406, -9.2231, -29.2591

## Deuteranomaly

56.7863, -7.3444, -36.5597

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.1476, -18.7834, -32.1314

## Achromatopsia

45.2856, -2.4163, 2.4605

## Achromatomaly

48.2270, -13.7362, -10.8485

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 58.1476, -18.7834, -32.1314 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 170, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 170, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 170, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 170, 218) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 58.1476, -18.7834, -32.1314 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 170, 218) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 170, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 170, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 170, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 170, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 170,  
218) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 58.1476, -18.7834, -32.1314 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 170, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 170,  
218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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