

Converting Colors

HunterLab(57.4910, -10.2187,
2.1318)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(57.4910, -10.2187,
2.1318) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(57.3536,
-10.1964, 2.1872)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	89A09D
RGB	137, 160, 157
RGB Percent	54%, 63%, 62%
CMY	0.4627, 0.3725, 0.3843
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.02, 0.37
HSL	172°, 11%, 58%
HSV	172°, 14%, 63%
XYZ	28.9732, 32.8944, 36.7205
YIQ	152.7810, -12.7450, -5.8090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

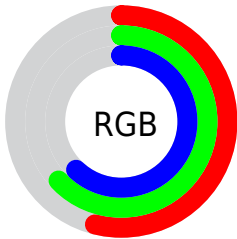
Format	Color
RYB	137, 149, 160
Decimal	9019549
CIELab	64.08, -8.65, -1.15
CIELCh	64, 8.726, 187.580
Yxy	32.8957, 0.2939, 0.3337
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287209629 (0xFF89A09D)
YUV	152.7810, 2.0800, -13.8399
Hunter-Lab	57.3536, -10.1964, 2.1872

Details

The HunterLab color $57.3536, -10.1964, 2.1872$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $52.2104, 4.9674, 4.0818$, and the grayscale version is $56.3478, -3.0066, 3.0615$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80.2687, -12.2250, 3.2390$, and $37.4221, -8.2467, 1.3111$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56.1885, -14.5709, 1.6865$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58.6700, -5.3921, 2.8690$.

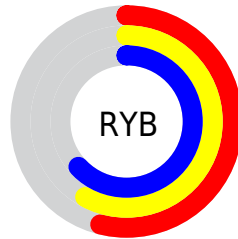
Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (63%)

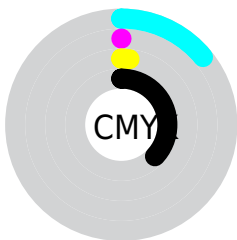
Blue (62%)



Red (54%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (63%)

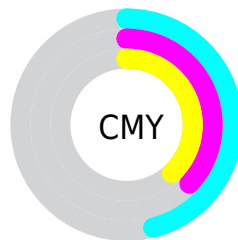


Cyan (14%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (46%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 57.3536, -10.1964, 2.1872 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 57.3536, -10.1964, 2.1872 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57.3536, -10.1964,
2.1872

■ 57.3536, -10.1964,
2.1872

177.5330,
-20.0189, 8.3085

■ 46.9538, -9.1576,
1.6811

■ 80.1328, -12.2957,
3.3195

■ 37.2708, -8.1181,
1.2176

■ 92.4388, -13.3593,
3.9392

■ 28.3637, -7.0715,
0.8017

■ 105.3172,
-14.4349, 4.5923

■ 20.3070, -6.0054,
0.4392

118.7437,
-15.5234, 5.2771

■ 13.2024, -4.8962,
0.1383

132.6968,
-16.6255, 5.9922

■ 6.7177, -5.9696,
-0.3446

147.1572,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-17.7419, 6.7366

0.0000, NaN, NaN

162.1078,
-18.8730, 7.5090

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 57.3536, -10.1964,
2.1872

■ 57.3536, -10.1964,
2.1872

■ 56.1885, -14.5709,
1.6865

■ 58.6700, -5.3921,
2.8690

■ 55.1727, -18.4765,
1.3694

■ 60.1312, -0.1954,
3.7214

■ 54.3070, -21.8855,
1.2386

■ 61.7344, 5.3500,
4.7354

■ 53.5892, -24.7789,
1.2921

■ 63.4747, 11.2013,
5.8999

■ 53.0146, -27.1505,
1.5233

■ 65.3464, 17.3171,
7.2031

■ 52.5760, -29.0088,
1.9210

■ 67.3437, 23.6589,
8.6329

■ 52.2628, -30.3799,
2.4691

■ 69.4603, 30.1913,
10.1776

■ 52.0606, -31.3117,
3.1455

■ 70.3189, 32.8603,
10.2671

■ 51.9716, -31.7370,
3.5512

■ 70.3772, 33.1488,
9.4315

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.3548, -9.7277, 5.7356



57.3536, -10.1964, 2.1872



57.3548, -8.7959, -1.3270

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.3548, -10.1974, 2.1881



57.3548, 1.5075, -2.7253



57.3548, -0.2214, 9.2403

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.3536, -10.1964, 2.1872



52.2104, 4.9674, 4.0818

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.3548, 2.9035, 7.2408



57.3536, -10.1964, 2.1872



57.3548, 3.9198, 0.3793

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.3548, -10.1974, 2.1881



57.3548, -2.0865, -4.2825



57.3548, 4.4374, 4.0404



57.3548, -4.0337, 9.6544

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.3536, -10.1964, 2.1872



57.3548, -6.9667, -3.1264



57.3548, 4.4374, 4.0404



57.3548, 0.9472, 8.7379

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.3548, -10.1974, 2.1881



79.1110, -7.0637, 3.8969



57.0355, -12.4527, 10.3240



36.9856, -3.5347, 1.7902



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.3548, -10.1974, 2.1881



76.7979, -15.5430, 2.7233



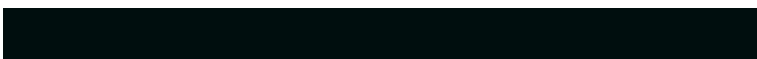
54.9306, -5.7234, -2.1512



27.3762, -3.6713, 1.1873



45.8740, -27.9803, 3.0629



6.1647, -3.5578, -0.0251

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.2104, 4.9674, 4.0818



68.4775, 9.0079, 5.7969



54.4650, 0.4025, 7.8040



25.8061, 0.9517, 1.7628



24.2231, 41.6719, 14.1870



3.2935, 5.7731, 1.0982

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 57.3536, -10.1964, 2.1872 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 57.3536, -10.1964, 2.1872 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

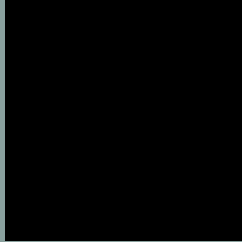
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 57.3536, -10.1964, 2.1872 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 57.3536, -10.1964, 2.1872.



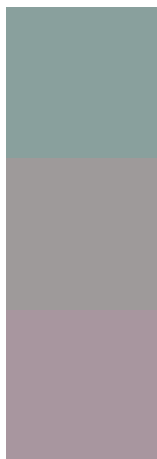
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 57.3536,

-10.1964, 2.1872.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57.3536, -10.1964, 2.1872

Protanopia

57.1956, -1.8197, 3.5205

Deuteranopia

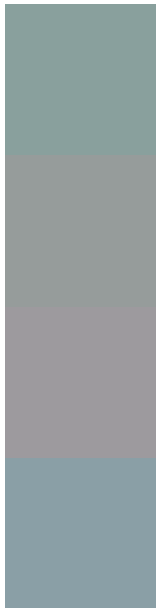
57.1321, 4.0994, 1.2365



Tritanopia

57.3437, -6.2667, -4.6106

Trichromacy



Original Color

57.3536, -10.1964, 2.1872

Protanomaly

57.1205, -5.0163, 2.9214

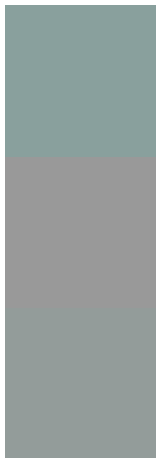
Deuteranomaly

57.2258, -1.4786, 1.7218

Tritanomaly

57.4045, -7.9115, -2.0275

Monochromacy



Original Color

57.3536, -10.1964, 2.1872

Achromatopsia

56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665

Achromatomaly

56.8446, -6.0468, 3.0345

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 57.3536, -10.1964, 2.1872 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 160, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 160, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 160, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 160, 157) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 57.3536, -10.1964, 2.1872 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 160, 157) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 160, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 160, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 160, 157); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 160, 157);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 160,  
157) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 57.3536, -10.1964, 2.1872 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 160, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
160, 157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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