

Converting Colors

HunterLab(57.4922, -9.7790,
5.6991)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(57.4922, -9.7790, 5.6991)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(57.6049, -9.6961,
5.6279)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8FA096
RGB	143, 160, 150
RGB Percent	56%, 63%, 59%
CMY	0.4392, 0.3725, 0.4118
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.06, 0.37
HSL	145°, 8%, 59%
HSV	145°, 11%, 63%
XYZ	29.4035, 33.1832, 33.7094
YIQ	153.7770, -6.9220, -6.7140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

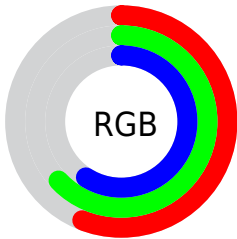
Format	Color
RYB	143, 155, 160
Decimal	9412758
CIELab	64.31, -8.00, 3.17
CIELCh	64, 8.604, 158.408
Yxy	33.1847, 0.3053, 0.3446
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287602838 (0xFF8FA096)
YUV	153.7770, -1.8621, -9.4514
Hunter-Lab	57.6049, -9.6961, 5.6279

Details

The HunterLab color $57.6049, -9.6961, 5.6279$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $54.2395, 4.0421, 0.5480$, and the grayscale version is $56.7656, -3.0289, 3.0842$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80.5176, -11.8253, 7.3416$, and $37.6368, -7.8376, 4.4587$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56.1835, -15.3955, 7.9270$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $59.1875, -3.5613, 3.3619$.

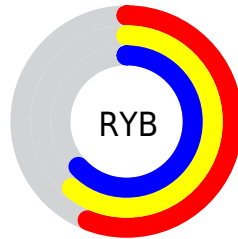
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (63%)

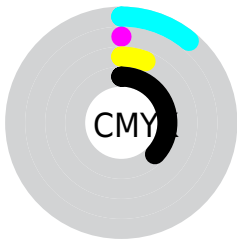
Blue (59%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (61%)

Blue (63%)

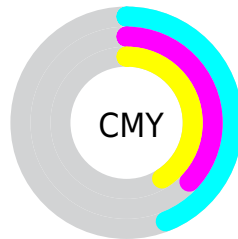


Cyan (11%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 57.6049, -9.6961, 5.6279 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 57.6049, -9.6961, 5.6279 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57.6049, -9.6961,
5.6279

■ 57.6049, -9.6961,
5.6279

177.8991,
-19.2620, 13.3585

■ 47.1889, -8.6945,
4.8937

■ 80.4137, -11.7285,
7.1762

■ 37.4885, -7.6953,
4.1846

■ 92.7334, -12.7614,
7.9879

■ 28.5625, -6.6931,
3.5010

■ 105.6249,
-13.8076, 8.8243

■ 20.4849, -5.6770,
2.8413

119.0640,
-14.8681, 9.6848

■ 13.3566, -4.6264,
2.2012

133.0291,
-15.9435, 10.5690

■ 6.9077, -5.4154,
2.2759

147.5012,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-17.0341, 11.4763

0.0000, NaN, NaN

162.4630,
-18.1402, 12.4063

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 57.6049, -9.6961,
5.6279

■ 57.6049, -9.6961,
5.6279

■ 56.1835, -15.3955,
7.9270

■ 59.1875, -3.5613,
3.3619

■ 54.9235, -20.6006,
10.2357

■ 60.9222, 2.9559,
1.1441

■ 53.8285, -25.2619,
12.5309

■ 62.8041, 9.7990,
-1.0109

■ 52.8988, -29.3371,
14.7864

■ 64.8263, 16.9161,
-3.0926

■ 52.1322, -32.7964,
16.9745

■ 66.9817, 24.2599,
-5.0937

■ 51.5236, -35.6266,
19.0674

■ 69.2630, 31.7887,
-7.0098

■ 51.0647, -37.8348,
21.0383

■ 71.6625, 39.4646,
-8.8394

■ 50.7428, -39.4526,
22.8620

■ 72.0109, 41.1594,
-13.7363

■ 50.5319, -40.5626,
24.4024

■ 72.3773, 42.9334,
-18.8596

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.6061, -7.5345, 8.3075



57.6049, -9.6961, 5.6279



57.6061, -10.1099, 2.1128

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.6061, -9.6973, 5.6287



57.6061, -2.0074, -4.1521



57.6061, 2.7454, 7.2782

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.6049, -9.6961, 5.6279



54.2395, 4.0421, 0.5480

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.6061, 4.3108, 4.1401



57.6049, -9.6961, 5.6279



57.6061, 1.5207, -2.5652

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.6061, -9.6973, 5.6287



57.6061, -5.7340, -3.6896



57.6061, 3.8569, 0.5259



57.6061, -0.3706, 9.2161

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.6049, -9.6961, 5.6279



57.6061, -9.3474, -0.2608



57.6061, 3.8569, 0.5259



57.6061, 3.4740, 6.3371

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.6061, -9.6973, 5.6287



79.2148, -6.8592, 5.2675



58.2393, -7.8109, 9.2941



37.0178, -3.5179, 2.5777



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.6061, -9.6973, 5.6287



77.0974, -15.1418, 8.3941



57.8461, -8.3580, 2.2025



27.2838, -4.1858, 2.5066



44.6078, -35.7413, 21.3993



6.0331, -4.3566, 1.8637

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.2395, 4.0421, 0.5480



71.4596, 7.8752, -0.1107



53.9947, 2.7297, 4.0364



25.9004, 1.4590, 0.4185



25.4205, 46.0518, -3.0962



3.5188, 6.5866, -2.0714

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 57.6049, -9.6961, 5.6279 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

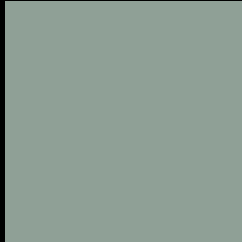
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 57.6049, -9.6961, 5.6279 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

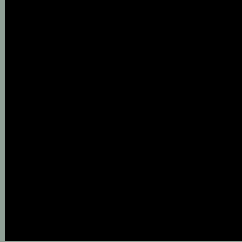
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 57.6049, -9.6961, 5.6279 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 57.6049, -9.6961, 5.6279.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 57.6049, -9.6961,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57.6049, -9.6961, 5.6279

Protanopia

57.4655, -2.7656, 6.8814

Deuteranopia

57.5942, 3.8025, 4.9754



Tritanopia

57.5562, -4.0656, -3.7811

Trichromacy



Original Color

57.6049, -9.6961, 5.6279

Protanomaly

57.5518, -5.4089, 6.5053

Deuteranomaly

57.3782, -1.3615, 5.0787

Tritanomaly

57.5481, -6.0598, -0.3444

Monochromacy



Original Color

57.6049, -9.6961, 5.6279

Achromatopsia

56.8457, -3.0331, 3.0885

Achromatomaly

57.0621, -5.3383, 3.7543

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 57.6049, -9.6961, 5.6279 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 160, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 160, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 160, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 160, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 57.6049, -9.6961, 5.6279 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 160, 150) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 160, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 160, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 160, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 160, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 160,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 57.6049, -9.6961, 5.6279 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 160, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
160, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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