

Converting Colors

HunterLab(57.6136, 2.1147,
1.8610)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(57.6136, 2.1147, 1.8610)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(57.5036, 2.4642,
1.6567)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | A6989F |
| RGB | 166, 152, 159 |
| RGB Percent | 65%, 60%, 62% |
| CMY | 0.3490, 0.4039, 0.3765 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.08, 0.04, 0.35 |
| HSL | 330°, 7%, 62% |
| HSV | 330°, 8%, 65% |
| XYZ | 33.2121, 33.0666, 37.4329 |
| YIQ | 156.9840, 6.0970, 5.1450 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

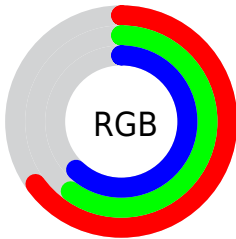
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 166, 152, 159 |
| Decimal | 10918047 |
| CIE Lab | 64.22, 6.42, -1.80 |
| CIE LCh | 64, 6.667, 344.292 |
| Yxy | 33.0681, 0.3202, 0.3188 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4289108127 (0xFFA6989F) |
| YUV | 156.9840, 0.9939, 7.9070 |
| Hunter-Lab | 57.5036, 2.4642, 1.6567 |

Details

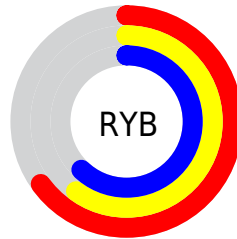
The HunterLab color $57.5036, 2.4642, 1.6567$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $60.3754, -8.5526, 4.8404$, and the grayscale version is $58.0547, -3.0977, 3.1542$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80.2308, 2.0470, 2.4602$, and $37.3731, 2.8957, 0.5725$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52.6997, 9.4163, -0.1576$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62.5597, -4.3546, 3.6851$.

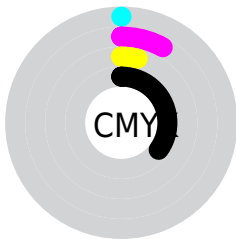
Distribution



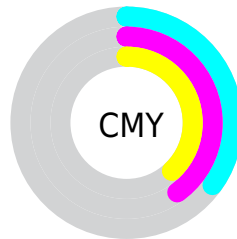
- Red (65%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 57.5036, 2.4642, 1.6567 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 57.5036, 2.4642, 1.6567 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57.5036, 2.4642,
1.6567

■ 57.5036, 2.4642,
1.6567

177.7516, -1.5108,
7.5453

■ 47.0942, 2.6759,
1.1833

■ 80.3006, 1.8739,
2.7294

■ 37.4008, 2.8266,
0.7546

■ 92.6147, 1.5077,
3.3214

■ 28.4824, 2.9058,
0.3763

105.5010, 1.0984,
3.9479

■ 20.4132, 2.9005,
0.0550

118.9350, 0.6487,
4.6072

■ 13.2944, 2.7912,
-0.1996

132.8952, 0.1610,
5.2979

■ 6.8318, 3.7285,
-0.7232

147.3626, -0.3626,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

6.0185

0.0000, NaN, NaN

162.3199, -0.9204,
6.7680

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 57.5036, 2.4642,
1.6567

■ 57.5036, 2.4642,
1.6567

■ 52.6997, 9.4163,
-0.1576

■ 62.5597, -4.3546,
3.6851

■ 48.1861, 16.4779,
-1.7008

■ 67.8303, -11.0319,
5.8799

■ 44.0157, 23.5752,
-2.8934

■ 73.2892, -17.5782,
8.2091

■ 40.2500, 30.5646,
-3.6367

■ 78.9144, -24.0079,
10.6480

■ 36.9591, 37.2003,
-3.8173

■ 84.6878, -30.3374,
13.1783

■ 34.2162, 43.1163,
-3.3252

■ 90.5946, -36.5827,
15.7861

■ 32.0849, 47.8563,
-2.0906

■ 92.0015, -36.7819,
13.6924

■ 30.5987, 50.9902,
-0.1340

■ 92.2421, -35.3825,
10.2422

■ 29.6786, 52.5080,
2.3333

■ 92.4939, -33.9216,
6.6398

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.5049, 0.9228, -0.8466



57.5036, 2.4642, 1.6567



57.5049, 2.5001, 4.4397

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.5049, 2.4627, 1.6577



57.5049, -4.4579, 8.0932



57.5049, -7.0554, -0.7463

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.5036, 2.4642, 1.6567



60.3754, -8.5526, 4.8404

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.5049, -8.4386, 1.7890



57.5036, 2.4642, 1.6567



57.5049, -6.9594, 6.8417

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.5049, 2.4627, 1.6577



57.5049, -1.5355, 8.0620



57.5049, -8.4038, 4.5647



57.5049, -4.5913, -2.2813

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.5036, 2.4642, 1.6567



57.5049, 1.6657, 6.0734



57.5049, -8.4038, 4.5647



57.5049, -7.6600, 0.0226

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.5049, 2.4627, 1.6577



81.0915, -1.6435, 3.6703



57.0808, 1.4610, -2.2747



38.1061, -0.4341, 1.6341



92.0917, -4.9138, 5.0035



39.3538, -2.0998, 2.1382

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.5049, 2.4627, 1.6577



76.3080, 4.9480, 1.7816



57.2992, 1.3538, 4.5916



27.5727, 1.4772, 0.7206



26.0387, 46.4874, 2.1329



4.1869, 7.7040, -1.4321

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.5049, 2.4627, 1.6577



76.3080, 4.9480, 1.7816



60.5820, -7.4046, 1.8932



27.5727, 1.4772, 0.7206



26.0387, 46.4874, 2.1329



4.1869, 7.7040, -1.4321

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 57.5036, 2.4642, 1.6567 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 57.5036, 2.4642, 1.6567 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

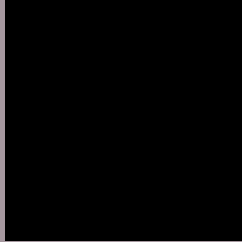
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 57.5036, 2.4642, 1.6567 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 57.5036, 2.4642, 1.6567.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 57.5036, 2.4642,

1.6567.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57.5036, 2.4642, 1.6567

Protanopia

57.6056, -1.4698, 0.7664

Deuteranopia

57.5078, 3.9228, 1.6873



Tritanopia

57.4396, 3.9395, -0.3036

Trichromacy



Original Color

57.5036, 2.4642, 1.6567

Protanomaly

57.5525, -0.2339, 1.1977

Deuteranomaly

57.4119, 3.6007, 1.5661

Tritanomaly

57.4085, 3.7729, 0.1382

Monochromacy



Original Color

57.5036, 2.4642, 1.6567

Achromatopsia

58.0658, -3.0982, 3.1548

Achromatomaly

57.7797, -1.0509, 2.3919

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 57.5036, 2.4642, 1.6567 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 152, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 152, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 152, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 152, 159) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 57.5036, 2.4642, 1.6567 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 152, 159) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 152, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 152, 159)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 152, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 152, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 152,  
159) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 57.5036, 2.4642, 1.6567 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 152, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
152, 159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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