

Converting Colors

HunterLab(57.7509, -35.3562,
5.1483)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(57.7509, -35.3562,
5.1483) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(57.7531,
-35.4597, 5.3444)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0FB096
RGB	15, 176, 150
RGB Percent	6%, 69%, 59%
CMY	0.9411, 0.3098, 0.4118
CMYK	0.91, 0.00, 0.15, 0.31
HSL	170°, 84%, 37%
HSV	170°, 91%, 69%
XYZ	21.2273, 33.3542, 34.1734
YIQ	124.8970, -87.6100, -42.2180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

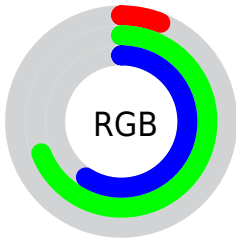
Format	Color
RYB	15, 103, 176
Decimal	1028246
CIELab	64.45, -43.39, 2.79
CIELCh	64, 43.484, 176.327
Yxy	33.3555, 0.2392, 0.3758
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279218326 (0xFF0FB096)
YUV	124.8970, 12.3758, -96.3797
Hunter-Lab	57.7531, -35.4597, 5.3444

Details

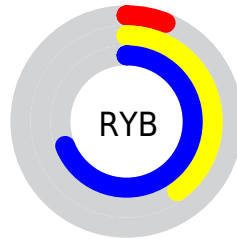
The HunterLab color **57.7531, -35.4597, 5.3444** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC99**. A complement of this color would be **31.1974, 51.1216, 16.1286**, and the grayscale version is **45.2257, -2.4131, 2.4572**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80.4174, -41.3054, 6.7114**, and **38.4966, -24.6568, 5.1095** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57.5990, -36.2221, 6.1994**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.0203, -34.2283, 4.4251**.

Distribution



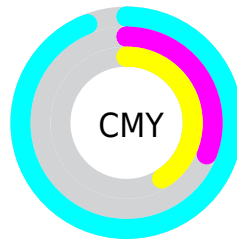
- Red (6%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (6%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 57.7531, -35.4597, 5.3444 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 57.7531, -35.4597, 5.3444 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57.7531, -35.4597,
5.3444

■ 57.7531, -35.4597,
5.3444

178.1147,
-59.9594, 12.9338

■ 47.3275, -32.2672,
4.6302

■ 80.5792, -41.4276,
6.8558

■ 37.6169, -28.8810,
3.9430

■ 92.9069, -44.2563,
7.6507

■ 28.6797, -25.2361,
3.2834

■ 105.8061,
-47.0064, 8.4710

■ 20.5899, -21.2304,
2.6507

■ 119.2526,
-49.6912, 9.3162

■ 13.4476, -17.4156,
2.0418

■ 133.2248,
-52.3211, 10.1856

■ 7.0171, -12.2798,
2.0273

■ 147.7037,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-54.9048, 11.0787

0.0000, NaN, NaN

162.6722,
-57.4489, 11.9949

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 57.7531, -35.4597,
5.3444

■ 57.7531, -35.4597,
5.3444

■ 57.5990, -36.2221,
6.1994

■ 58.0203, -34.2283,
4.4251

■ 58.4167, -32.4805,
3.6457

■ 58.9585, -30.1700,
3.0313

■ 59.6565, -27.2734,
2.6003

■ 60.5182, -23.7868,
2.3657

■ 61.5478, -19.7228,
2.3353

■ 62.7473, -15.1073,
2.5121

■ 64.1161, -9.9768,
2.8947

■ 65.6522, -4.3749,
3.4780

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.7542, -30.6723, 19.4024



57.7531, -35.4597, 5.3444



57.7542, -32.5494, -14.6708

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.7542, -35.4600, 5.3450



57.7542, 14.1900, -37.9436



57.7542, 18.8076, 25.3749

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.7531, -35.4597, 5.3444



31.1974, 51.1216, 16.1286

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.7542, 33.8068, 16.6336



57.7531, -35.4597, 5.3444



57.7542, 30.9061, -19.8740

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.7542, -35.4600, 5.3450



57.7542, -5.4270, -43.9408



57.7542, 38.4979, 0.8522



57.7542, -0.7045, 28.3315

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.7531, -35.4597, 5.3444



57.7542, -26.3990, -28.4058



57.7542, 38.4979, 0.8522



57.7542, 24.6381, 23.1905

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.7542, -35.4600, 5.3450



83.5045, -24.1641, 3.2066



56.1919, -45.7284, 33.3471



38.6338, -12.1785, 1.4675



94.3401, -5.0338, 5.1257



41.3092, -2.2042, 2.2444

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.7542, -35.4600, 5.3450



77.5504, -48.8914, 8.6111



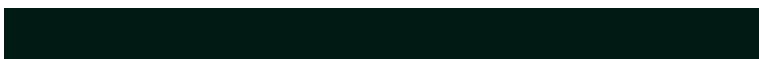
41.5202, -8.0213, -33.2111



30.9960, -4.2419, 1.4445



49.3443, -30.9820, 5.2052



8.7886, -5.2790, 0.4108

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.1974, 51.1216, 16.1286



41.0784, 70.6743, 24.0154



36.7176, 33.4585, 22.4802



29.2009, 1.1661, 1.9002



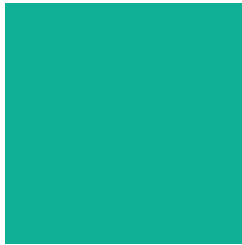
26.1558, 45.0562, 14.8579



4.7129, 8.2624, 1.5608

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 57.7531, -35.4597, 5.3444 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 57.7531, -35.4597, 5.3444 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

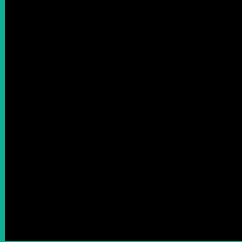
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 57.7531, -35.4597, 5.3444 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 57.7531, -35.4597, 5.3444.



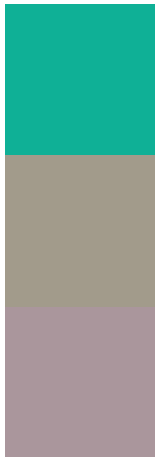
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 57.7531,

-35.4597, 5.3444.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57.7531, -35.4597, 5.3444

Protanopia

57.4353, -3.2927, 10.1189

Deuteranopia

57.2355, 4.2662, 2.7615



Tritanopia

57.7342, -24.7146, -11.9929

Trichromacy



Original Color

57.7531, -35.4597, 5.3444



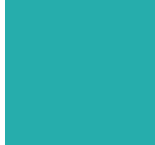
Protanomaly

56.0614, -20.5392, 6.7020



Deuteranomaly

55.4137, -15.8947, 1.1570



Tritanomaly

57.6869, -29.1976, -5.0791

Monochromacy



Original Color

57.7531, -35.4597, 5.3444



Achromatopsia

45.2856, -2.4163, 2.4605



Achromatomaly

48.5788, -18.7899, 2.0779

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 57.7531, -35.4597, 5.3444 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(15, 176, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(15, 176, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(15, 176, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(15, 176, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 57.7531, -35.4597, 5.3444 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(15, 176, 150) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(15, 176, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(15, 176, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(15, 176, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 176, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 176,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 57.7531, -35.4597, 5.3444 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(15, 176, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(15, 176,  
150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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