

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(57.7731, 58.7109,  
6.8637)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(57.7731, 58.7109,  
6.8637) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(57.7604, 58.6761,  
7.0006)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF6896
RGB	255, 104, 150
RGB Percent	100%, 41%, 59%
CMY	0.0000, 0.5921, 0.4118
CMYK	0.00, 0.59, 0.41, 0.00
HSL	342°, 100%, 70%
HSV	342°, 59%, 100%
XYZ	51.6953, 33.3626, 32.5692
YIQ	154.3930, 75.2300, 46.3180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

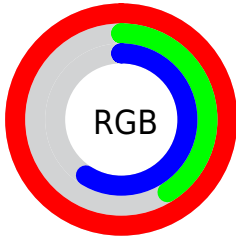
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 104, 150
Decimal	16738454
CIE Lab	64.45, 61.35, 4.96
CIE LCh	64, 61.553, 4.621
Yxy	33.3644, 0.4395, 0.2836
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294928534 (0xFFFF6896)
YUV	154.3930, -2.1657, 88.2323
Hunter-Lab	57.7604, 58.6761, 7.0006

# Details

The HunterLab color **57.7604, 58.6761, 7.0006** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6699**. A complement of this color would be **88.9198, -49.2572, 13.7050**, and the grayscale version is **56.9940, -3.0411, 3.0966**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.4908, 36.8949, -2.6791**, and **37.6451, 54.5635, 5.5604** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.3429, 67.8864, 9.6875**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63.1760, 48.2329, 5.1282**.

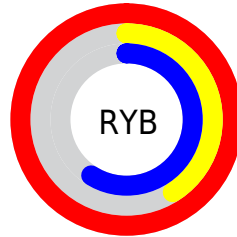
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (41%)

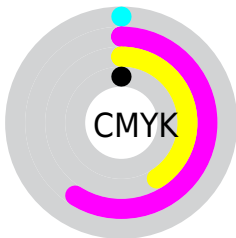
Blue (59%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (59%)

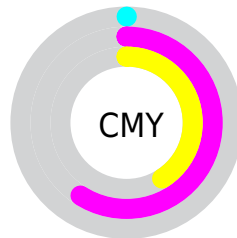


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (41%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (59%)


Yellow (41%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 57.7604, 58.6761, 7.0006 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 57.7604, 58.6761, 7.0006 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 57.7604, 58.6761,  
7.0006


 57.7604, 58.6761,  
7.0006


178.1260, 72.6911,  
15.4191


 47.3347, 56.6402,  
6.1682


 80.5879, 62.4386,  
8.7285


 37.6236, 54.5256,  
5.3522


 92.9160, 64.1711,  
9.6224

 28.6859, 52.3696,  
4.5513


 105.8156, 65.8069,  
10.5372

 20.5954, 50.2809,  
3.7600

 119.2624, 67.3504,  
11.4726

 13.4524, 48.5686,  
2.9676

133.2350, 68.8061,  
12.4287

 7.0227, 52.3146,  
3.3092

147.7143, 70.1787,

0.0000, INF, NaN

13.4053

0.0000, NaN, NaN

162.6831, 71.4723,  
14.4022

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 57.7604, 58.6761,  
7.0006

■ 57.7604, 58.6761,  
7.0006

■ 53.3429, 67.8864,  
9.6875

■ 63.1760, 48.2329,  
5.1282

■ 50.0341, 75.0546,  
13.0902

■ 69.4464, 37.2352,  
4.0375

■ 47.8819, 79.4603,  
16.9516

■ 76.4392, 26.1154,  
3.6382

■ 46.7644, 81.0551,  
20.8396

■ 84.0379, 15.1158,  
3.8202

■ 46.6962, 81.1366,  
21.1206

■ 92.1462, 4.3481,  
4.4797

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.7619, 52.0257, -22.4345



57.7604, 58.6761, 7.0006



57.7619, 46.4348, 24.8340

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.7619, 58.6719, 7.0020



57.7619, -29.8429, 30.8928



57.7619, -23.7924, -62.0878

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.7604, 58.6761, 7.0006



88.9198, -49.2572, 13.7050

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.7619, -40.0604, -32.7656



57.7604, 58.6761, 7.0006



57.7619, -43.0749, 20.6300

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.7619, 58.6719, 7.0020



57.7619, -7.2292, 33.9648



57.7619, -46.4384, -0.9996



57.7619, 1.1792, -71.4440



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.7604, 58.6761, 7.0006



57.7619, 30.3387, 30.7402



57.7619, -46.4384, -0.9996



57.7619, -30.2993, -53.7376

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.7619, 58.6719, 7.0020



84.9954, 13.7970, 3.8766



55.1494, 61.3900, -66.6531



38.2652, 7.8505, 1.7363

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.7619, 58.6719, 7.0020



52.6673, 69.3424, 10.2484



62.1919, 40.2639, 26.5394



42.5184, 2.1555, 2.0609



33.7889, 58.7763, 14.7656



10.6305, 18.6610, 3.3356



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.7619, 58.6719, 7.0020



52.6673, 69.3424, 10.2484



80.7935, -28.0142, -20.1332



42.5184, 2.1555, 2.0609



33.7889, 58.7763, 14.7656



10.6305, 18.6610, 3.3356



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 57.7604, 58.6761, 7.0006 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

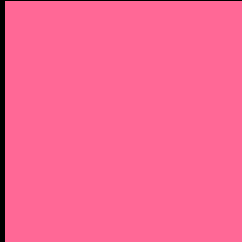
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 57.7604, 58.6761, 7.0006 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 57.7604, 58.6761, 7.0006 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 57.7604, 58.6761, 7.0006.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 57.7604, 58.6761,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

57.7604, 58.6761, 7.0006

### Protanopia

57.8043, 0.4640, -8.6630

### Deuteranopia

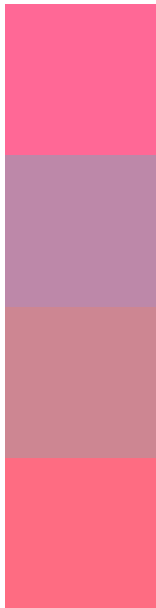
57.8476, 4.1615, 9.0838



## Tritanopia

57.7430, 51.5169, 18.8841

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

57.7604, 58.6761, 7.0006

## Protanomaly

55.9390, 20.0193, -4.9649

## Deuteranomaly

56.6610, 23.3599, 6.8673

## Tritanomaly

57.7994, 54.0826, 14.8988

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

57.7604, 58.6761, 7.0006

## Achromatopsia

56.8457, -3.0331, 3.0885

## Achromatomaly

55.6638, 18.1590, 2.5174

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 57.7604, 58.6761, 7.0006 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 104, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 104, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 104, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 104, 150) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 57.7604, 58.6761, 7.0006 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 104, 150) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 104, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 104, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 104, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 104, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 104,  
150) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 57.7604, 58.6761, 7.0006 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 104, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
104, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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