

Converting Colors

HunterLab(57.8300, -17.7199,
-29.1503)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(57.8300, -17.7199,
-29.1503) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(57.7260,
-17.5031, -29.3922)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2BA8D5
RGB	43, 168, 213
RGB Percent	17%, 66%, 84%
CMY	0.8313, 0.3412, 0.1647
CMYK	0.80, 0.21, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	196°, 67%, 50%
HSV	196°, 80%, 84%
XYZ	27.0091, 33.3229, 67.9591
YIQ	135.7550, -88.9450, -12.5050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

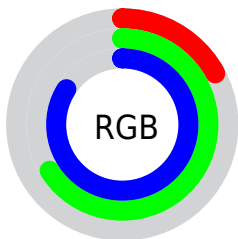
Format	Color
R_{YB}	43, 115, 213
Decimal	2861269
CIE _{Lab}	64.42, -17.92, -32.26
CIE _{LCh}	64, 36.906, 240.945
Yxy	33.3241, 0.2105, 0.2597
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281051349 (0xFF2BA8D5)
YUV	135.7550, 38.0818, -81.3461
Hunter-Lab	57.7260, -17.5031, -29.3922

Details

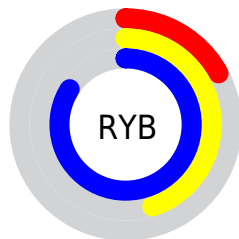
The HunterLab color **57.7260, -17.5031, -29.3922** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. The color can be described as middle washed azure. A complement of this color would be **46.1547, 40.5430, 26.2123**, and the grayscale version is **49.4028, -2.6360, 2.6841**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.8175, -24.1952, -21.5169**, and **38.6774, -10.3800, -25.9360** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.6241, -16.0910, -33.1066**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.0318, -18.1960, -25.5008**.

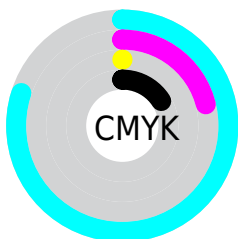
Distribution



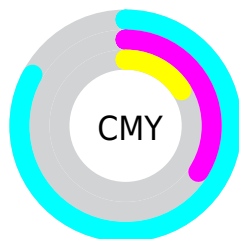
- Red (17%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 57.7260, -17.5031, -29.3922 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 57.7260, -17.5031, -29.3922 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57.7260, -17.5031,
-29.3922

■ 57.7260, -17.5031,
-29.3922

178.0751,
-31.0903, -32.4823

■ 47.3020, -15.9192,
-28.8066

■ 80.5488, -20.5846,
-30.4348

■ 37.5933, -14.2902,
-28.2034

■ 92.8751, -22.0994,
-30.8811

■ 28.6582, -12.5948,
-27.6254

■ 105.7729,
-23.6043, -31.2746

■ 20.5706, -10.7989,
-27.1754

■ 119.2179,
-25.1031, -31.6157

■ 13.4309, -8.8419,
-27.1249

■ 133.1889,
-26.5989, -31.9055

■ 6.9971, -11.5354,
-30.5271

147.6665,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-28.0942, -32.1455

0.0000, NaN, -NF

162.6338,
-29.5908, -32.3372

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 57.7260, -17.5031,
-29.3922

■ 57.7260, -17.5031,
-29.3922

■ 55.6241, -16.0910,
-33.1066

■ 60.0318, -18.1960,
-25.5008

■ 53.6915, -14.0844,
-36.6776

■ 62.5433, -18.1536,
-21.4558

■ 53.6545, -14.0435,
-36.7476

■ 65.2597, -17.3901,
-17.2846

■ 68.1751, -15.9400,
-13.0169

■ 71.2813, -13.8503,
-8.6807

■ 74.5683, -11.1736,
-4.3002

■ 78.0260, -7.9646,
0.1046

■ 81.6436, -4.2764,
4.5179

■ 85.4110, -0.1592,
8.9279

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.7270, -27.5365, -14.3489



57.7260, -17.5031, -29.3922



57.7270, -2.5663, -35.2306

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.7270, -17.5028, -29.3911



57.7270, 31.6409, 3.6310



57.7270, -18.3039, 23.2808

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.7260, -17.5031, -29.3922



46.1547, 40.5430, 26.2123

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.7270, -3.5984, 25.6793



57.7260, -17.5031, -29.3922



57.7270, 26.2693, 16.4450

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.7270, -17.5028, -29.3911



57.7270, 26.8849, -13.2574



57.7270, 12.9072, 23.5715



57.7270, -27.9617, 15.8060

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.7260, -17.5031, -29.3922



57.7270, 8.5298, -32.1285



57.7270, 12.9072, 23.5715



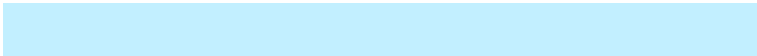
57.7270, -13.8452, 24.5971

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.7270, -17.5028, -29.3911



89.5982, -15.2399, -7.6618



69.8333, -54.5960, 34.6876



40.7855, -7.5833, -4.4383

0.0000, NaN, NaN



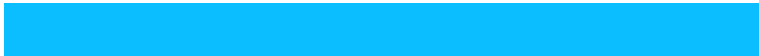
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.7270, -17.5028, -29.3911



66.4814, -17.9825, -43.7231



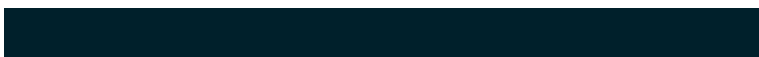
34.4904, 23.9801, -86.5425



36.7773, -3.6855, 0.1283



42.1425, -11.2777, -28.3290



10.9693, -3.6458, -5.8406

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.2462, 70.3236, -22.9114



50.2073, 92.2697, -25.1080



65.7721, -0.1761, 38.4638



35.4598, 2.4099, -0.1239



31.8398, 59.2270, -15.8622



7.9044, 14.8471, -5.0524

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 57.7260, -17.5031, -29.3922 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

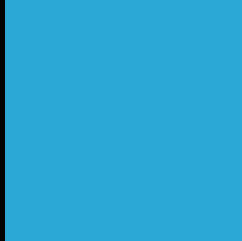
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 57.7260, -17.5031, -29.3922 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

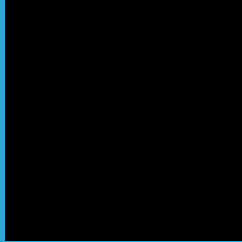
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 57.7260, -17.5031, -29.3922 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 57.7260, -17.5031, -29.3922.



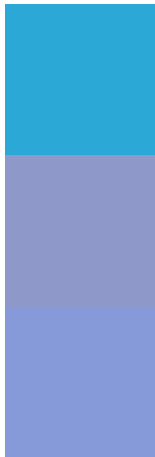
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 57.7260,

-17.5031, -29.3922.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57.7260, -17.5031, -29.3922

Protanopia

57.2691, 3.2814, -22.5025

Deuteranopia

57.2788, 4.5251, -31.8726



Tritanopia

57.4893, -27.2821, -12.9624

Trichromacy



Original Color

57.7260, -17.5031, -29.3922

Protanomaly

56.5457, -6.4268, -26.4958

Deuteranomaly

56.6804, -5.1564, -32.4139

Tritanomaly

57.6381, -24.2479, -18.6295

Monochromacy



Original Color

57.7260, -17.5031, -29.3922

Achromatopsia

49.6187, -2.6475, 2.6959

Achromatomaly

51.6575, -11.7190, -8.6854

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 57.7260, -17.5031, -29.3922 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 168, 213)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 168, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 168, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 168, 213) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 57.7260, -17.5031, -29.3922 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 168, 213) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 168, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(43, 168, 213)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 168, 213); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 168, 213);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 168,  
213) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 57.7260, -17.5031, -29.3922 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 168, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 168,  
213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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