

Converting Colors

HunterLab(57.8603, -7.5296,
-21.1947)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(57.8603, -7.5296,
-21.1947) contains.

HunterLab(57.6925, -7.4400, -21.3689)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(57.6925, -7.4400,
-21.3689)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	72A1C9
RGB	114, 161, 201
RGB Percent	45%, 63%, 79%
CMY	0.5529, 0.3686, 0.2118
CMYK	0.43, 0.20, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	208°, 45%, 62%
HSV	208°, 43%, 79%
XYZ	30.2270, 33.2842, 60.0898
YIQ	151.5070, -40.8520, 2.4760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

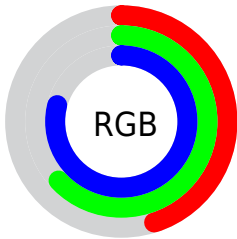
Format	Color
RYB	114, 145, 201
Decimal	7512521
CIELab	64.39, -5.22, -25.45
CIElCh	64, 25.975, 258.403
Yxy	33.2855, 0.2446, 0.2693
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285702601 (0xFF72A1C9)
YUV	151.5070, 24.4000, -32.8936
Hunter-Lab	57.6925, -7.4400, -21.3689

Details

The HunterLab color $57.6925, -7.4400, -21.3689$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $6699CC$. A complement of this color would be $60.6173, 7.8243, 21.9169$, and the grayscale version is $55.7525, -2.9748, 3.0291$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80.4778, -10.0448, -20.2857$, and $37.7082, -5.8434, -20.2691$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $53.8246, -6.8457, -27.8235$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $61.7536, -7.4458, -15.1326$.

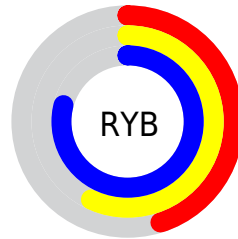
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (63%)

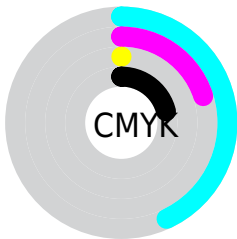
Blue (79%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (79%)

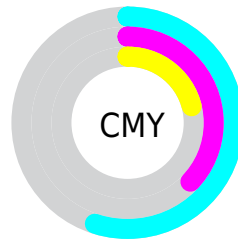


Cyan (43%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 57.6925, -7.4400, -21.3689 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 57.6925, -7.4400, -21.3689 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57.6925, -7.4400,
-21.3689

■ 57.6925, -7.4400,
-21.3689

178.0265,
-15.9053, -22.8335

■ 47.2708, -6.5947,
-20.9264

■ 80.5115, -9.1859,
-22.0745

■ 37.5644, -5.7653,
-20.4323

■ 92.8359, -10.0873,
-22.3400

■ 28.6318, -4.9492,
-19.9020

■ 105.7320,
-11.0083, -22.5493

■ 20.5469, -4.1410,
-19.3806

119.1754,
-11.9488, -22.7048

■ 13.4103, -3.3301,
-18.9977

133.1447,
-12.9089, -22.8086

■ 6.9725, -3.6358,
-20.8788

147.6208,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-13.8885, -22.8633

0.0000, NaN, NaN

162.5866,
-14.8873, -22.8709

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 57.6925, -7.4400,
-21.3689

■ 57.6925, -7.4400,
-21.3689

■ 53.8246, -6.8457,
-27.8235

■ 61.7536, -7.4458,
-15.1326

■ 50.1661, -5.5885,
-34.4949

■ 65.9866, -6.9330,
-9.1118

■ 46.7384, -3.5993,
-41.3619

■ 70.3765, -5.9663,
-3.2928

■ 43.5606, -0.8251,
-48.3853

■ 74.9090, -4.6031,
2.3408

■ 40.6468, 2.7496,
-55.5098

■ 79.5716, -2.8929,
7.8067

■ 38.8158, 5.5013,
-60.3921

■ 84.3534, -0.8783,
13.1226

■ 89.2449, 1.4042,
18.3054

■ 92.1171, -3.3325,
21.1370

■ 95.0177, -8.1293,
23.9261

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.6936, -16.9800, -14.8160



57.6925, -7.4400, -21.3689



57.6936, 4.0334, -20.4709

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.6936, -7.4403, -21.3678



57.6936, 19.3260, 9.3676



57.6936, -18.6373, 15.3842

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.6925, -7.4400, -21.3689



60.6173, 7.8243, 21.9169

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.6936, -9.8675, 19.6856



57.6925, -7.4400, -21.3689



57.6936, 12.2716, 16.7076

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.6936, -7.4403, -21.3678



57.6936, 20.1036, -1.2297



57.6936, 1.4107, 20.1174



57.6936, -23.0997, 7.1934

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.6925, -7.4400, -21.3689



57.6936, 11.2388, -15.7972



57.6936, 1.4107, 20.1174



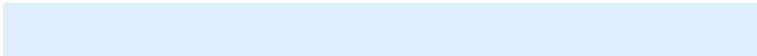
57.6936, -16.1283, 17.2581

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.6936, -7.4403, -21.3678



92.1435, -7.7914, -4.2337



69.0336, -33.9573, 16.0036



42.0270, -3.7582, -2.7367

0.0000, NaN, NaN



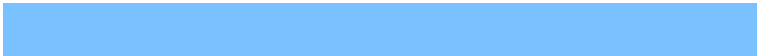
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.6936, -7.4403, -21.3678



70.7009, -9.0222, -35.9308



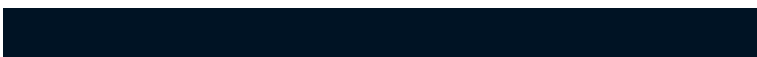
45.6455, 13.9853, -43.4059



33.4975, -2.5440, -0.4973



31.0779, 3.8095, -47.0682



7.7527, -0.8666, -7.8194

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.9870, 34.4803, -5.8186



62.5892, 55.8530, -8.8232



73.0800, -13.0612, 31.8864



32.7585, 1.9000, 0.6766



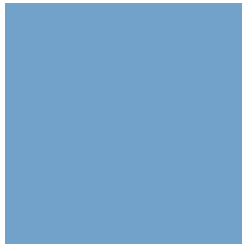
29.1805, 52.3964, 0.0656



6.4629, 11.8107, -1.5811

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 57.6925, -7.4400, -21.3689 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

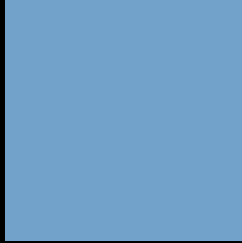
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 57.6925, -7.4400, -21.3689 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

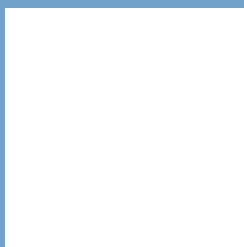
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 57.6925, -7.4400, -21.3689 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 57.6925, -7.4400, -21.3689.



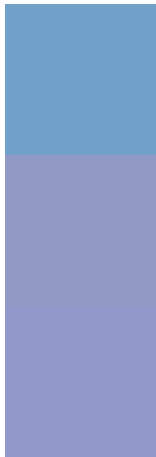
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 57.6925, -7.4400, -21.3689.

-21.3689.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57.6925, -7.4400, -21.3689

Protanopia

57.5469, 2.2623, -18.3067

Deuteranopia

57.5448, 4.2902, -22.6795



Tritanopia

57.7172, -15.4145, -7.9720

Trichromacy



Original Color

57.6925, -7.4400, -21.3689

Protanomaly

57.6710, -1.6275, -19.4177

Deuteranomaly

57.5409, -0.2472, -22.1236

Tritanomaly

57.8023, -12.9305, -12.2588

Monochromacy



Original Color

57.6925, -7.4400, -21.3689

Achromatopsia

56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445

Achromatomaly

56.3456, -5.2824, -5.3901

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 57.6925, -7.4400, -21.3689 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 161, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 161, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 161, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 161, 201) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 57.6925, -7.4400, -21.3689 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 161, 201) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 161, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(114, 161, 201)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 161, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 161, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 161,  
201) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 57.6925, -7.4400, -21.3689 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 161, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114,  
161, 201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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