

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(57.9219, 17.3814,  
4.7015)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(57.9219, 17.3814,  
4.7015) contains.

<b>HunterLab(57.9219, 17.3814, 4.7015)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(57.9219, 17.3814,  
4.7015)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C58E9A
RGB	197, 142, 154
RGB Percent	77%, 56%, 60%
CMY	0.2274, 0.4431, 0.3961
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.22, 0.23
HSL	347°, 32%, 66%
HSV	347°, 28%, 77%
XYZ	38.5318, 33.5495, 35.0167
YIQ	159.8130, 28.9280, 15.3920

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

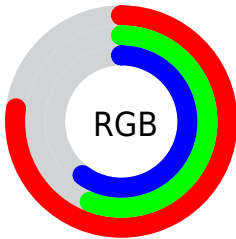
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	197, 142, 154
Decimal	12947098
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	64.60, 22.62, 1.95
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	65, 22.706, 4.919
Yxy	33.5510, 0.3598, 0.3133
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291137178 (0xFFC58E9A)
YUV	159.8130, -2.8658, 32.6130
Hunter-Lab	57.9219, 17.3814, 4.7015

# Details

The HunterLab color  $57.9219, 17.3814, 4.7015$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CC9999$ . A complement of this color would be  $70.1334, -21.2330, 4.0396$ , and the grayscale version is  $59.2179, -3.1597, 3.2174$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $80.6875, 18.0739, 6.1863$ , and  $37.6991, 16.1508, 3.3317$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $52.6468, 25.3634, 5.5495$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $63.6294, 9.5403, 4.2134$ .

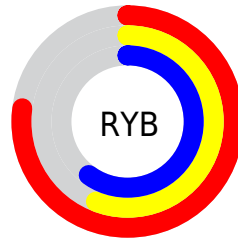
# Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (56%)

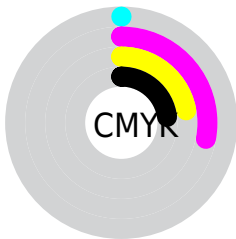
Blue (60%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (60%)

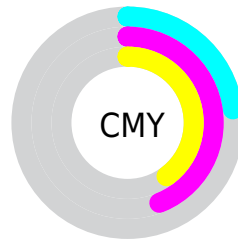


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (44%)












Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 57.9219, 17.3814, 4.7015 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 57.9219, 17.3814, 4.7015 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 57.9219, 17.3814, 4.7015	 57.9219, 17.3814, 4.7015
178.3607, 19.2685, 11.9799	 47.4857, 16.7980, 4.0322
 80.7681, 18.2699, 6.1325	 37.7634, 16.1110, 3.3930
 93.1050, 18.5972, 6.8902	 28.8136, 15.3028, 2.7860
 106.0129, 18.8550, 7.6750	 20.7098, 14.3551, 2.2120
119.4678, 19.0489, 8.4862	 13.5517, 13.2488, 1.6707
133.4481, 19.1835, 9.3230	 7.1397, 13.8110, 1.5190
147.9348, 19.2627,	0.0000, NaN, NaN

10.1846

0.0000, NaN, NaN

162.9109, 19.2900,  
11.0705

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 57.9219, 17.3814,  
4.7015

■ 57.9219, 17.3814,  
4.7015

■ 52.6468, 25.3634,  
5.5495

■ 63.6294, 9.5403,  
4.2134

■ 47.8826, 33.3520,  
6.8063

■ 69.6978, 1.9049,  
4.0266

■ 43.7272, 41.0748,  
8.5053

■ 76.0741, -5.5158,  
4.0920

■ 40.2836, 48.0965,  
10.6304

■ 82.7154, -12.7344,  
4.3667

■ 37.6440, 53.8416,  
13.0841

■ 89.5873, -19.7733,  
4.8156

■ 35.8593, 57.7429,  
15.6706

■ 94.9052, -24.1100,  
3.3780

■ 34.8686, 59.6266,  
18.1028

■ 95.1895, -22.4980,  
-0.6662

■ 34.7053, 59.9359,  
18.5347

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.9232, 15.4097, -5.1668



57.9219, 17.3814, 4.7015



57.9232, 13.5661, 12.6936

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.9232, 17.3792, 4.7026



57.9232, -13.7150, 16.2578



57.9232, -11.0368, -16.0245

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.9219, 17.3814, 4.7015



70.1334, -21.2330, 4.0396

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.9232, -18.0604, -8.3501



57.9219, 17.3814, 4.7015



57.9232, -19.5314, 10.3965

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.9232, 17.3792, 4.7026



57.9232, -4.7366, 18.6023



57.9232, -21.0669, 1.5592



57.9232, -1.4324, -18.2413



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.9219, 17.3814, 4.7015



57.9232, 8.4007, 16.2355



57.9232, -21.0669, 1.5592



57.9232, -13.7564, -13.9403

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.9232, 17.3792, 4.7026



93.1036, 2.7572, 5.3903



57.9568, 20.4138, -17.9688



42.4876, 1.9896, 2.5011

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.9232, 17.3792, 4.7026



73.4930, 29.2162, 6.8632



61.5030, 8.2014, 13.3691



32.6714, 1.4320, 1.9176



28.1649, 48.6768, 14.7610



6.2190, 10.9246, 1.8915



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.9232, 17.3792, 4.7026



73.4930, 29.2162, 6.8632



65.8603, -12.1809, -7.1844



32.6714, 1.4320, 1.9176



28.1649, 48.6768, 14.7610



6.2190, 10.9246, 1.8915



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 57.9219, 17.3814, 4.7015 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

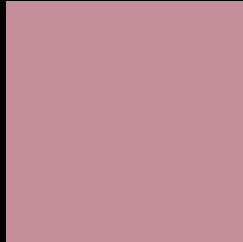
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 57.9219, 17.3814, 4.7015 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 57.9219, 17.3814, 4.7015 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 57.9219, 17.3814, 4.7015.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 57.9219, 17.3814,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

57.9219, 17.3814, 4.7015

### Protanopia

58.0126, -1.4897, 0.7860

### Deuteranopia

58.0708, 3.9664, 5.5229



## Tritanopia

57.8932, 17.2345, 5.1111

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

57.9219, 17.3814, 4.7015

## Protanomaly

57.7989, 4.8975, 2.0540

## Deuteranomaly

57.8142, 8.8353, 4.8732

## Tritanomaly

57.8932, 17.2345, 5.1111

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

57.9219, 17.3814, 4.7015

## Achromatopsia

59.2902, -3.1636, 3.2213

## Achromatomaly

58.4254, 4.0645, 3.2462

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 57.9219, 17.3814, 4.7015 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 142, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 142, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 142, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 142, 154) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 57.9219, 17.3814, 4.7015 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 142, 154) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 142, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 142, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 142, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 142, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 142,  
154) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 57.9219, 17.3814, 4.7015 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 142, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
142, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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