

Converting Colors

HunterLab(57.9376, -66.4177,
6.2007)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(57.9376, -66.4177,
6.2007) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(63.4401,
-42.5454, 12.5487)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00C193
RGB	0, 193, 147
RGB Percent	0%, 76%, 58%
CMY	0.9999, 0.2431, 0.4235
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.24, 0.24
HSL	166°, 100%, 38%
HSV	166°, 100%, 76%
XYZ	24.3364, 40.2465, 34.0894
YIQ	130.0490, -100.2620, -55.2220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

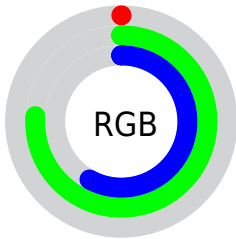
Format	Color
RYB	0, 110, 193
Decimal	49555
CIELab	69.65, -51.66, 11.86
CIELCh	70, 53.003, 167.071
Yxy	40.2480, 0.2466, 0.4079
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278239635 (0xFF00C193)
YUV	130.0490, 8.3568, -114.0530
Hunter-Lab	63.4401, -42.5454, 12.5487

Details

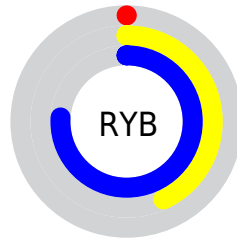
The HunterLab color **63.4401, -42.5454, 12.5487** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC99**. The color can be described as dark washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **33.9644, 58.7427, 17.4407**, and the grayscale version is **47.2661, -2.5220, 2.5681**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.7415, -49.1654, 14.8185**, and **43.6136, -30.4858, 11.2968** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63.4411, -42.5471, 12.5511**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63.6686, -41.3854, 11.0037**.

Distribution



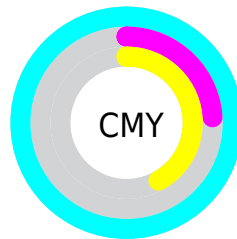
- Red (0%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (24%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 63.4401, -42.5454, 12.5487 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 63.4401, -42.5454, 12.5487 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63.4401, -42.5454,
12.5487


 63.4401, -42.5454,
12.5487


186.3244,
-70.3459, 23.7266


 52.6612, -38.9057,
11.3222


 86.9144, -49.3491,
14.9919


 42.5720, -35.0504,
10.0824


 99.5424, -52.5694,
16.2158


 33.2248, -30.9151,
8.8194


 112.7289,
-55.6958, 17.4452

 24.6839, -26.4025,
7.5162

 126.4511,
-58.7430, 18.6819

 17.0344, -21.3631,
6.1436

 140.6890,
-61.7229, 19.9274

 10.3953, -18.1918,
5.3739

155.4244,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-64.6450, 21.1828

0.0000, NaN, NaN

170.6411,
-67.5171, 22.4490

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.4401, -42.5454,
12.5487

■ 63.4401, -42.5454,
12.5487

■ 63.4411, -42.5471,
12.5511

■ 63.6686, -41.3854,
11.0037

■ 64.0097, -39.7604,
9.5295

■ 64.5018, -37.5316,
8.1783

■ 65.1611, -34.6516,
6.9796

■ 65.9993, -31.0998,
5.9576

■ 67.0238, -26.8778,
5.1310

■ 68.2389, -22.0056,
4.5132

■ 69.6460, -16.5183,
4.1121

■ 71.2438, -10.4616,
3.9308

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.4413, -33.8904, 26.7457



63.4401, -42.5454, 12.5487



63.4413, -41.9022, -10.9054

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.4413, -42.5458, 12.5493



63.4413, 10.8030, -54.8254



63.4413, 31.3756, 28.0014

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.4401, -42.5454, 12.5487



33.9644, 58.7427, 17.4407

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.4413, 47.2905, 15.0836



63.4401, -42.5454, 12.5487



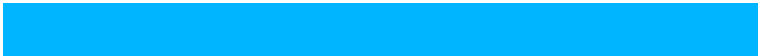
63.4413, 34.2506, -34.5253

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.4413, -42.5458, 12.5493



63.4413, -13.4315, -56.3213



63.4413, 48.4150, -7.2276



63.4413, 7.3210, 33.1531

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.4401, -42.5454, 12.5487



63.4413, -36.3033, -29.2987



63.4413, 48.4150, -7.2276



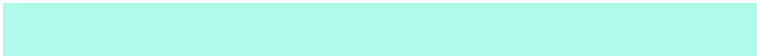
63.4413, 38.0014, 24.7008

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.4413, -42.5458, 12.5493



91.2375, -29.7826, 6.0731



62.2705, -50.7763, 37.4813



41.9270, -15.1179, 2.9622



98.8636, -5.2751, 5.3714



45.2661, -2.4153, 2.4594

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.4413, -42.5458, 12.5493



84.8771, -57.0843, 17.1396



49.0177, -13.9893, -31.0674



33.7432, -4.7623, 1.8571



51.7509, -34.6222, 10.0553



10.8043, -6.9100, 1.4123

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.9644, 58.7427, 17.4407



45.4172, 78.4867, 23.8568



36.7066, 47.9071, 23.4561



31.8063, 1.4109, 1.7915



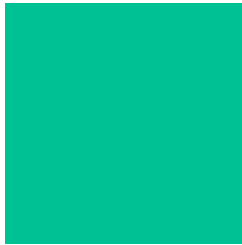
27.7175, 47.9788, 13.9434



5.8577, 10.3272, 1.4935

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.4401, -42.5454, 12.5487 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 63.4401, -42.5454, 12.5487 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

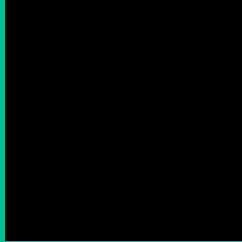
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 63.4401, -42.5454, 12.5487 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.4401, -42.5454, 12.5487.



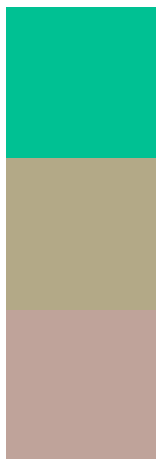
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 63.4401, -42.5454, 12.5487.

-42.5454, 12.5487.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63.4401, -42.5454, 12.5487

Protanopia

63.0150, -5.0386, 17.1746

Deuteranopia

62.9316, 4.5056, 10.0542



Tritanopia

63.5035, -26.7320, -12.9293

Trichromacy



Original Color

63.4401, -42.5454, 12.5487



Protanomaly

61.0592, -26.4018, 13.4439



Deuteranomaly

60.5343, -21.1647, 8.2541



Tritanomaly

63.3741, -33.8005, -2.4398

Monochromacy



Original Color

63.4401, -42.5454, 12.5487



Achromatopsia

47.2470, -2.5210, 2.5670



Achromatomaly

51.3800, -22.5087, 4.3876

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 63.4401, -42.5454, 12.5487 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 193, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 193, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 193, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 193, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 63.4401, -42.5454, 12.5487 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 193, 147) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 193, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 193, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 193, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 193, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 193,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 63.4401, -42.5454, 12.5487 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 193, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 193,  
147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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