

Converting Colors

HunterLab(57.9899, -1.9488,
35.6990)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(57.9899, -1.9488,
35.6990) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(57.9666, -1.7396,
35.6883)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BD9900
RGB	189, 153, 0
RGB Percent	74%, 60%, 0%
CMY	0.2588, 0.4000, 0.9999
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 1.00, 0.26
HSL	49°, 100%, 37%
HSV	49°, 100%, 74%
XYZ	32.3775, 33.6013, 4.7792
YIQ	146.3220, 70.5690, -39.9510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

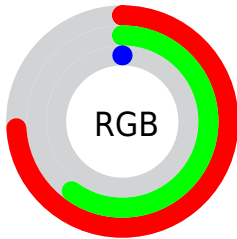
Format	Color
R _Y B	44, 189, 0
Decimal	12425472
CIE Lab	64.65, 1.59, 68.49
CIE LCh	65, 68.511, 88.672
Yxy	33.6029, 0.4576, 0.4749
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290615552 (0xFFBD9900)
YUV	146.3220, -72.1367, 37.4286
Hunter-Lab	57.9666, -1.7396, 35.6883

Details

The HunterLab color **57.9666, -1.7396, 35.6883** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9900**. A complement of this color would be **22.2179, 39.9849, -114.0842**, and the grayscale version is **54.0054, -2.8816, 2.9342**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80.7835, -3.0148, 44.9708**, and **38.1127, -0.1435, 23.4824** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57.9673, -1.7412, 35.6887**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.0304, -3.2341, 35.7027**.

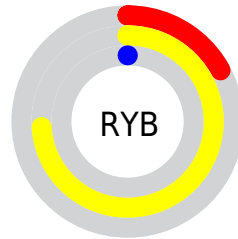
Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (60%)

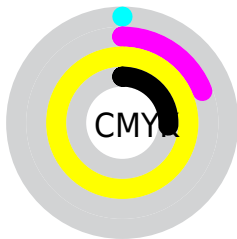
Blue (0%)



Red (17%)

Yellow (74%)

Blue (0%)

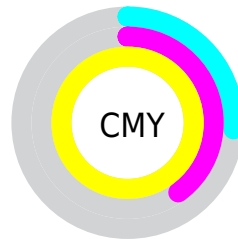


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (26%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 57.9666, -1.7396, 35.6883 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 57.9666, -1.7396, 35.6883 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57.9666, -1.7396,
35.6883

■ 57.9666, -1.7396,
35.6883

178.4258, -7.5652,
72.8823

■ 47.5276, -1.2705,
30.6967

■ 80.8181, -2.8054,
45.0021

■ 37.8023, -0.8432,
25.5313

■ 93.1574, -3.3917,
49.3733

■ 28.8491, -0.4650,
20.1944

■ 106.0677, -4.0117,
53.5858

■ 20.7416, -0.1423,
14.5191

■ 119.5248, -4.6637,
57.6599

■ 13.5793, 0.1156,
9.5055

■ 133.5072, -5.3462,
61.6128

■ 7.1719, 0.5817,
5.0203

■ 147.9960, -6.0581,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

65.4594

0.0000, NaN, NaN

162.9741, -6.7981,
69.2124

0.0000, NaN, NaN

57.9666, -1.7396,
35.6883

57.9666, -1.7396,
35.6883

57.9673, -1.7412,
35.6887

59.0304, -3.2341,
35.7027

60.1415, -4.5161,
35.1877

61.3124, -5.5232,
33.9768

62.5466, -6.2321,
32.0171

63.8461, -6.6284,
29.2793

■ 65.2119, -6.7042,
25.7509

■ 66.6444, -6.4570,
21.4323

■ 68.1433, -5.8879,
16.3334

■ 69.7077, -5.0017,
10.4720

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.9680, 30.3422, 33.3095



57.9666, -1.7396, 35.6883



57.9680, -28.4409, 33.7310

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.9680, -1.7422, 35.6887



57.9680, -45.8018, -30.1537



57.9680, 55.4074, -33.6030

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.9666, -1.7396, 35.6883



22.2179, 39.9849, -114.0842

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.9680, 27.5252, -69.3828



57.9666, -1.7396, 35.6883



57.9680, -30.3380, -66.7735

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.9680, -1.7422, 35.6887



57.9680, -50.5281, 4.4229



57.9680, -4.4377, -83.8598



57.9680, 67.2449, 1.8586

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.9666, -1.7396, 35.6883



57.9680, -40.6192, 29.0879



57.9680, -4.4377, -83.8598



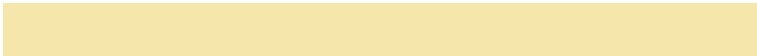
57.9680, 47.3525, -46.5488

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.9680, -1.7422, 35.6887



89.0941, -8.6674, 28.9882



33.1025, 57.1058, 18.1416



40.9366, -4.1044, 14.6222



97.7295, -5.2146, 5.3098



44.2712, -2.3622, 2.4053

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.9680, -1.7422, 35.6887



77.3596, -1.9634, 47.6342



64.2845, -35.4140, 38.9915



32.8682, -2.3231, 4.7415



47.6598, -1.6153, 29.3395



9.8523, -1.0105, 6.0533

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.2179, 39.9849, -114.0842



29.2976, 55.0610, -155.4804



21.2972, 53.7197, -119.9654



30.8409, -0.9577, -1.5295



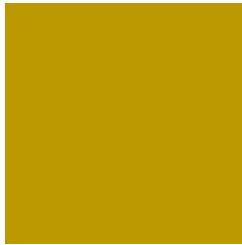
18.4561, 31.9916, -92.1292



4.7260, 3.2622, -12.9492

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 57.9666, -1.7396, 35.6883 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 57.9666, -1.7396, 35.6883 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 57.9666, -1.7396, 35.6883 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 57.9666, -1.7396, 35.6883.

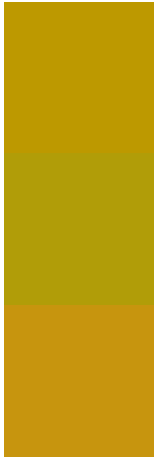


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 57.9666, -1.7396,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57.9666, -1.7396, 35.6883

Protanopia

57.8607, -7.9898, 35.2782

Deuteranopia

58.0247, 4.2187, 35.4039



Tritanopia

57.8932, 17.2345, 5.1111

Trichromacy



Original Color

57.9666, -1.7396, 35.6883

Protanomaly

57.9756, -6.0983, 35.4707

Deuteranomaly

57.8226, 2.1066, 35.4019

Tritanomaly

57.3500, 7.5926, 23.7799

Monochromacy



Original Color

57.9666, -1.7396, 35.6883

Achromatopsia

53.6135, -2.8607, 2.9129

Achromatomaly

54.7417, -5.7242, 22.4150

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 57.9666, -1.7396, 35.6883 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(189, 153, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 153, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 153, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 153, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 57.9666, -1.7396, 35.6883 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 153, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 153, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 153, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 153, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 153, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 153,  
0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 57.9666, -1.7396, 35.6883 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 153, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189,  
153, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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