

Converting Colors

HunterLab(57.9911, -2.4000,
-61.0349)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(57.9911, -2.4000,
-61.0349) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(58.0634, -2.5074,
-60.8718)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	31A2FF
RGB	49, 162, 255
RGB Percent	19%, 64%, 100%
CMY	0.8078, 0.3647, 0.0000
CMYK	0.81, 0.36, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	207°, 100%, 60%
HSV	207°, 81%, 100%
XYZ	32.2369, 33.7136, 99.4160
YIQ	138.8150, -97.2010, 4.9670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

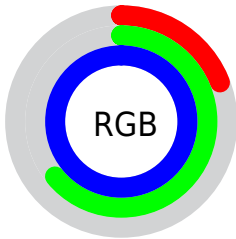
Format	Color
R _Y B	49, 122, 255
Decimal	3252991
CIE Lab	64.74, 0.70, -54.83
CIE LCh	65, 54.833, 270.730
Yxy	33.7146, 0.1949, 0.2039
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281443071 (0xFF31A2FF)
YUV	138.8150, 57.2792, -78.7678
Hunter-Lab	58.0634, -2.5074, -60.8718

Details

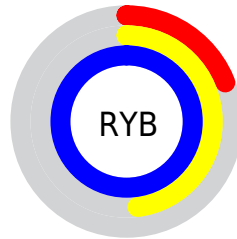
The HunterLab color **58.0634, -2.5074, -60.8718** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **0099FF**. The color can be described as light washed azure. A complement of this color would be **63.9009, 31.9504, 37.2367**, and the grayscale version is **50.5475, -2.6971, 2.7463**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77.9534, -19.1562, -24.2578**, and **39.3015, 3.3348, -56.3224** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.2008, 1.9714, -70.0583**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.2747, -5.9171, -51.8036**.

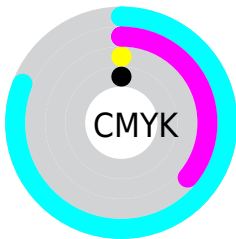
Distribution



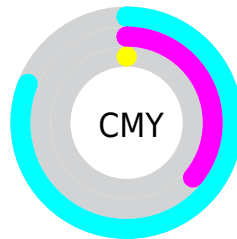
- Red (19%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (19%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 58.0634, -2.5074, -60.8718 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 58.0634, -2.5074, -60.8718 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58.0634, -2.5074,
-60.8718

■ 58.0634, -2.5074,
-60.8718

178.5658, -8.6736,
-67.4344

■ 47.6177, -1.9866,
-60.2997

■ 80.9256, -3.6584,
-62.3337

■ 37.8857, -1.5075,
-59.9807

■ 93.2702, -4.2857,
-63.1200

■ 28.9254, -1.0730,
-60.1443

■ 106.1854, -4.9448,
-63.9049

■ 20.8099, -0.6883,
-61.2824

■ 119.6473, -5.6344,
-64.6733

■ 13.6386, -0.3604,
-64.6148

133.6343, -6.3532,
-65.4155

■ 7.2404, 0.0338,
-77.7578

148.1276, -7.1000,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-66.1253

0.0000, NaN, -NF

163.1099, -7.8737,
-66.7991

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 58.0634, -2.5074,
-60.8718

■ 58.0634, -2.5074,
-60.8718

■ 54.2008, 1.9714,
-70.0583

■ 62.2747, -5.9171,
-51.8036

■ 50.9294, 6.9380,
-78.6346

■ 66.8131, -8.2879,
-42.9302

■ 71.6542, -9.6931,
-34.2995

■ 76.7718, -10.2265,
-25.9372

■ 82.1401, -9.9860,
-17.8498

■ 87.7358, -9.0654,
-10.0303

■ 93.5378, -7.5496,
-2.4629

■ 99.5274, -5.5137,
4.8725

■ 100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.0643, -24.1596, -50.2798



58.0634, -2.5074, -60.8718



58.0643, 22.6611, -49.2645

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.0643, -2.5067, -60.8698



58.0643, 42.5923, 21.5456



58.0643, -38.3946, 20.9150

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.0634, -2.5074, -60.8718



63.9009, 31.9504, 37.2367

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.0643, -25.0319, 29.7998



58.0634, -2.5074, -60.8718



58.0643, 21.4649, 30.0449

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.0643, -2.5067, -60.8698



58.0643, 51.1823, 3.7223



58.0643, -3.6935, 32.2982



58.0643, -42.7128, 2.5933

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.0634, -2.5074, -60.8718



58.0643, 37.5253, -32.4504



58.0643, -3.6935, 32.2982



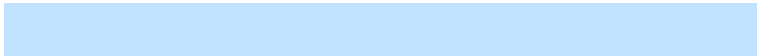
58.0643, -34.9328, 24.7893

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.0643, -2.5067, -60.8698



85.9087, -9.4310, -12.5223



86.0917, -63.8104, 34.3863



38.8228, -4.5155, -7.0823

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.0643, -2.5067, -60.8698



51.9726, 5.2717, -75.8102



33.2178, 54.1666, -147.4473



43.6227, -3.3856, -0.7019



37.2234, 4.2630, -55.7286



12.5199, -0.2616, -15.0840

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.0558, 81.4785, -6.8093



48.3932, 86.1112, -0.6685



93.0623, -20.2375, 55.1377



42.6073, 2.6327, 0.7947



34.8234, 62.5592, -0.1563



10.9671, 19.8862, -1.4766

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.0634, -2.5074, -60.8718 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

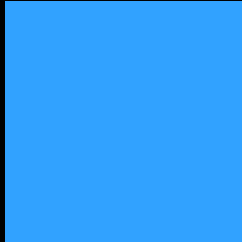
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.0634, -2.5074, -60.8718 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

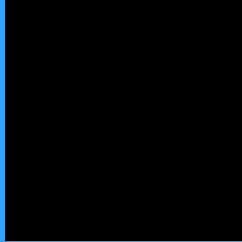
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

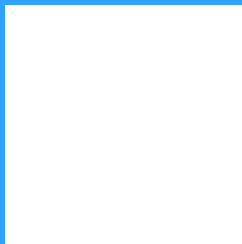
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 58.0634, -2.5074, -60.8718 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.0634, -2.5074, -60.8718.

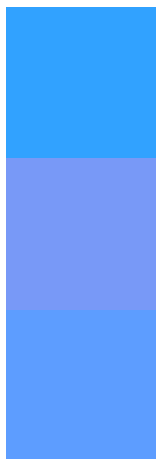


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.0634, -2.5074, -60.8718.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58.0634, -2.5074, -60.8718

Protanopia

57.8714, 9.5346, -54.3258

Deuteranopia

58.0182, 4.9844, -60.8438



Tritanopia

57.8207, -27.6924, -12.4908

Trichromacy



Original Color

58.0634, -2.5074, -60.8718

Protanomaly

57.4967, 4.1891, -57.7607

Deuteranomaly

57.9604, 1.7658, -61.0322

Tritanomaly

57.6261, -19.7043, -28.2435

Monochromacy



Original Color

58.0634, -2.5074, -60.8718

Achromatopsia

50.8117, -2.7112, 2.7607

Achromatomaly

52.2186, -6.8882, -17.5798

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 58.0634, -2.5074, -60.8718 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(49, 162, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(49, 162, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(49, 162, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(49, 162, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 58.0634, -2.5074, -60.8718 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(49, 162, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(49, 162, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(49, 162, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(49, 162, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 162, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 162,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 58.0634, -2.5074, -60.8718 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(49, 162, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(49, 162,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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