

Converting Colors

HunterLab(58.0445, 5.2240,
-16.1557)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(58.0445, 5.2240,
-16.1557) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(58.0908, 5.3939,
-16.2028)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9C99C2
RGB	156, 153, 194
RGB Percent	61%, 60%, 76%
CMY	0.3882, 0.4000, 0.2392
CMYK	0.20, 0.21, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	244°, 25%, 68%
HSV	244°, 21%, 76%
XYZ	34.8391, 33.7454, 55.7162
YIQ	158.5710, -11.3730, 13.3870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

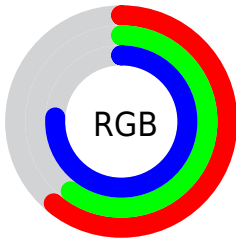
Format	Color
RYB	156, 153, 194
Decimal	10262978
CIELab	64.76, 9.73, -20.73
CIELCh	65, 22.896, 295.142
Yxy	33.7468, 0.2803, 0.2715
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288453058 (0xFF9C99C2)
YUV	158.5710, 17.4665, -2.2548
Hunter-Lab	58.0908, 5.3939, -16.2028

Details

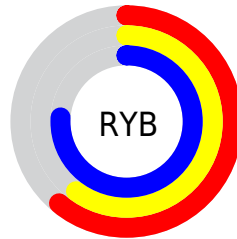
The HunterLab color $58.0908, 5.3939, -16.2028$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $72.0837, -10.9287, 19.4370$, and the grayscale version is $58.6418, -3.1290, 3.1861$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80.8947, 5.3685, -16.9510$, and $37.8672, 5.3541, -15.4200$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $51.2259, 10.3367, -27.3281$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $65.2309, 0.8280, -6.1816$.

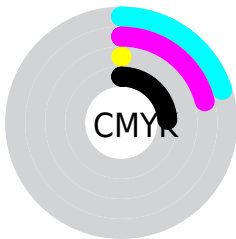
Distribution



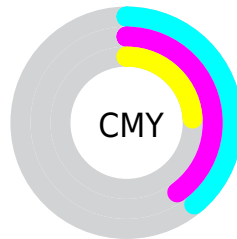
- Red (61%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 58.0908, 5.3939, -16.2028 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 58.0908, 5.3939, -16.2028 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58.0908, 5.3939,
-16.2028

■ 58.0908, 5.3939,
-16.2028

178.6061, 2.6346,
-16.3845

■ 47.6436, 5.4388,
-15.8967

■ 80.9566, 5.1135,
-16.6201

■ 37.9098, 5.4116,
-15.5262

■ 93.3026, 4.8915,
-16.7395

■ 28.9474, 5.3001,
-15.0941

106.2193, 4.6204,
-16.8032

■ 20.8296, 5.0885,
-14.6178

119.6825, 4.3039,
-16.8143

■ 13.6557, 4.7533,
-14.1578

133.6709, 3.9447,
-16.7755

■ 7.2600, 5.4509,
-14.9887

148.1654, 3.5453,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-16.6895

0.0000, NaN, NaN

163.1490, 3.1080,
-16.5584

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 58.0908, 5.3939,
-16.2028

■ 58.0908, 5.3939,
-16.2028

■ 51.2259, 10.3367,
-27.3281

■ 65.2309, 0.8280,
-6.1816

■ 44.6895, 15.7743,
-39.9009

■ 72.6016, -3.4495,
2.9951

■ 38.5646, 21.8362,
-54.3234

■ 80.1739, -7.5091,
11.5267

■ 32.9704, 28.6233,
-70.9658

■ 87.9246, -11.4034,
19.5618

■ 28.0808, 36.0714,
-89.8302

■ 95.8357, -15.1720,
27.2117

■ 24.1347, 43.6419,
-109.7494

■ 98.3235, -14.5994,
29.5536

■ 21.4017, 49.9603,
-127.3342

■ 19.9749, 53.7069,
-138.2479

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.0920, -4.7404, -18.4565



58.0908, 5.3939, -16.2028



58.0920, 13.7322, -8.4361

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.0920, 5.3929, -16.2016



58.0920, 8.4353, 16.3865



58.0920, -21.2382, 4.7070

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.0908, 5.3939, -16.2028



72.0837, -10.9287, 19.4370

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.0920, -18.2151, 12.7730



58.0908, 5.3939, -16.2028



58.0920, -1.4467, 18.7403

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.0920, 5.3929, -16.2016



58.0920, 15.5712, 10.4858



58.0920, -11.1366, 17.5400



58.0920, -19.6803, -5.2598

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.0908, 5.3939, -16.2028



58.0920, 16.9149, -1.7844



58.0920, -11.1366, 17.5400



58.0920, -20.7304, 7.7086

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.0920, 5.3929, -16.2016



92.7627, -1.8277, -1.9748



69.3154, -14.2656, -1.1953



43.1001, -0.6754, -1.3103

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.0920, 5.3929, -16.2016



74.2028, 10.0255, -27.9868



59.9468, 11.4807, -13.3403



31.2768, 0.0255, -2.1191



16.2396, 43.5797, -111.7438



3.5538, 9.1994, -21.8384

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.6561, 16.7192, -9.1150



80.0544, 28.2403, -15.8487



70.3676, -17.1448, 17.6661



31.9912, 2.4035, -0.8402



31.1568, 60.3111, -33.7738



6.5062, 12.6403, -7.4107

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.0908, 5.3939, -16.2028 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

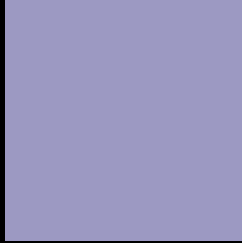
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.0908, 5.3939, -16.2028 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

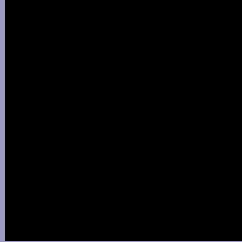
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 58.0908, 5.3939, -16.2028 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.0908, 5.3939, -16.2028.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.0908, 5.3939, -16.2028.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58.0908, 5.3939, -16.2028

Protanopia

57.9925, 2.2960, -17.6182

Deuteranopia

58.2033, 4.3169, -16.0517



Tritanopia

58.0445, -2.3662, -3.1209

Trichromacy



Original Color

58.0908, 5.3939, -16.2028

Protanomaly

57.9097, 3.4085, -17.1170

Deuteranomaly

58.2879, 4.6001, -15.9191

Tritanomaly

58.1411, 0.0643, -7.6631

Monochromacy



Original Color

58.0908, 5.3939, -16.2028

Achromatopsia

58.8816, -3.1418, 3.1991

Achromatomaly

58.6188, -0.2556, -3.3605

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 58.0908, 5.3939, -16.2028 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 153, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 153, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 153, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 153, 194) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 58.0908, 5.3939, -16.2028 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 153, 194) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 153, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 153, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 153, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 153, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 153,  
194) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 58.0908, 5.3939, -16.2028 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 153, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
153, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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