

Converting Colors

HunterLab(58.0663, 88.6884,
-59.2541)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(58.0663, 88.6884,
-59.2541) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(58.1272, 88.4977,
-59.1332)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF4DFF
RGB	255, 77, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 30%, 100%
CMY	0.0000, 0.6980, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 65%
HSV	300°, 70%, 100%
XYZ	61.9438, 33.7877, 97.8645
YIQ	150.5140, 48.9500, 93.0940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

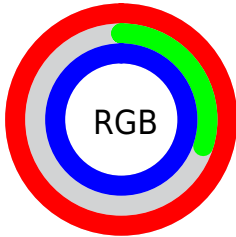
Format	Color
R_{YB}	255, 77, 255
Decimal	16731647
CIE _{Lab}	64.79, 85.25, -53.71
CIE _{LCh}	65, 100.759, 327.787
Yxy	33.7889, 0.3200, 0.1745
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294921727 (0xFFFF4DFF)
YUV	150.5140, 51.5116, 91.6342
Hunter-Lab	58.1272, 88.4977, -59.1332

Details

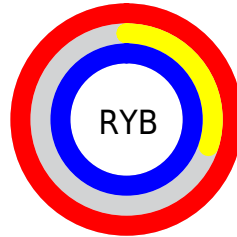
The HunterLab color **58.1272, 88.4977, -59.1332** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF33FF**. The color can be described as light washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **85.8103, -66.6261, 46.8572**, and the grayscale version is **55.2196, -2.9464, 3.0002**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68.7286, 58.0679, -38.2484**, and **39.4291, 77.8639, -54.6782** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.5809, 97.0192, -64.9742**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.7114, 77.3894, -51.5144**.

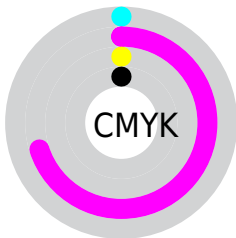
Distribution



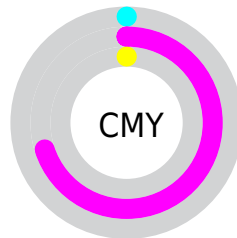
- Red (100%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 58.1272, 88.4977, -59.1332 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 58.1272, 88.4977, -59.1332 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 58.1272, 88.4977,
-59.1332


 58.1272, 88.4977,
-59.1332


178.6589,
108.4215, -65.5977


 47.6776, 85.9505,
-58.5394


 80.9971, 93.4773,
-60.6024

 37.9412, 83.4513,
-58.1780


 93.3451, 95.8650,
-61.3820

 28.9761, 81.1385,
-58.2639


 106.2637, 98.1700,
-62.1559

 20.8554, 79.3305,
-59.2583

 119.7287,
100.3892, -62.9103

 13.6781, 78.8460,
-62.3052

133.7188,
102.5223, -63.6361

 7.2856, 86.8900,
-74.4775

148.2150,

0.0000, INF, -NF

104.5705, -64.3280

0.0000, NaN, -NF

163.2001,
106.5361, -64.9825

■ 58.1272, 88.4977,
-59.1332

■ 58.1272, 88.4977,
-59.1332

■ 55.5809, 97.0192,
-64.9742

■ 61.7114, 77.3894,
-51.5144

■ 54.0547, 102.4125,
-68.6694

■ 66.2726, 64.5099,
-42.6735

■ 53.3770, 104.8826,
-70.3614

■ 71.7142, 50.6367,
-33.1409

■ 53.3667, 104.9207,
-70.3875

■ 77.9253, 36.3730,
-23.3289

■ 84.7985, 22.1152,
-13.5089

92.2379, 8.0874,
-3.8352

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.1282, 42.4253, -124.8063



58.1272, 88.4977, -59.1332



58.1282, 109.5441, -0.0689

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.1282, 88.4944, -59.1310



58.1282, 0.2378, 39.9031



58.1282, -61.1038, -49.0362

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.1272, 88.4977, -59.1332



85.8103, -66.6261, 46.8572

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.1282, -66.2946, 6.2214



58.1272, 88.4977, -59.1332



58.1282, -37.8697, 38.9376

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



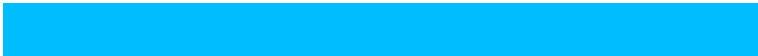
58.1282, 88.4944, -59.1310



58.1282, 49.9254, 38.4975



58.1282, -59.2464, 31.9855



58.1282, -42.0595, -116.4935

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.1272, 88.4977, -59.1332



58.1282, 102.9208, 22.9474



58.1282, -59.2464, 31.9855



58.1282, -64.2198, -27.6119

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.1282, 88.4944, -59.1310



83.9425, 23.8162, -14.6811



37.5594, 47.2171, -125.3742



37.9386, 12.8356, -8.0441

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.1282, 88.4944, -59.1310



54.8198, 99.6804, -66.7977



54.1500, 72.6212, -4.8647



42.7790, 3.5516, -1.6432



38.5764, 75.8426, -50.8800



12.0372, 23.6656, -15.8764

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.1282, 88.4944, -59.1310



54.8198, 99.6804, -66.7977



87.0927, -58.7390, 28.0768



42.7790, 3.5516, -1.6432



38.5764, 75.8426, -50.8800



12.0372, 23.6656, -15.8764

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.1272, 88.4977, -59.1332 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

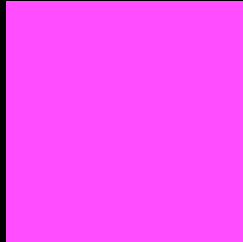
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.1272, 88.4977, -59.1332 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

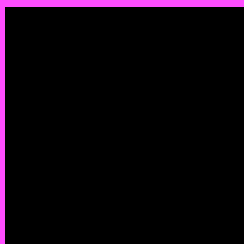
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 58.1272, 88.4977, -59.1332 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.1272, 88.4977, -59.1332.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.1272, 88.4977, -59.1332.

-59.1332.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58.1272, 88.4977, -59.1332

Protanopia

58.2890, 10.3078, -60.1347

Deuteranopia

58.3970, 4.8599, -49.2198



Tritanopia

57.8385, 43.1193, 15.4601

Trichromacy



Original Color

58.1272, 88.4977, -59.1332



Protanomaly

54.9988, 37.5869, -67.4413



Deuteranomaly

54.9118, 34.0113, -60.5799

Tritanomaly

57.0521, 58.4604, -5.4364

Monochromacy



Original Color

58.1272, 88.4977, -59.1332



Achromatopsia

55.6299, -2.9683, 3.0225



Achromatomaly

53.7664, 30.0048, -19.4342

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 58.1272, 88.4977, -59.1332 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 77, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 77, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 77, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 77, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 58.1272, 88.4977, -59.1332 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 77, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 77, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 77, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 77, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 77, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 77,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 58.1272, 88.4977, -59.1332 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 77, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 77,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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