

Converting Colors

HunterLab(58.1174, -4.6560,
5.5575)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(58.1174, -4.6560, 5.5575)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(58.1280, -4.6721,
5.4368)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9C9E98
RGB	156, 158, 152
RGB Percent	61%, 62%, 60%
CMY	0.3882, 0.3804, 0.4039
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.04, 0.38
HSL	80°, 3%, 61%
HSV	80°, 4%, 62%
XYZ	31.6047, 33.7886, 34.5619
YIQ	156.7180, 0.7340, -2.2900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

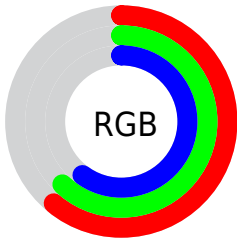
Format	Color
RYB	152, 158, 154
Decimal	10264216
CIELab	64.80, -1.86, 2.87
CIELCh	65, 3.420, 122.878
Yxy	33.7901, 0.3162, 0.3380
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288454296 (0xFF9C9E98)
YUV	156.7180, -2.3260, -0.6297
Hunter-Lab	58.1280, -4.6721, 5.4368

Details

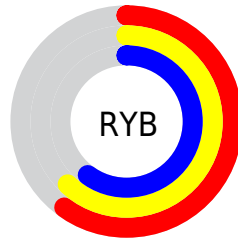
The HunterLab color $58.1280, -4.6721, 5.4368$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $56.3880, -1.4089, 0.7070$, and the grayscale version is $57.9610, -3.0927, 3.1491$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $81.0841, -6.4811, 7.1527$, and $38.0240, -3.4850, 4.1715$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $57.2641, -8.5745, 10.9416$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $59.0595, -0.5029, -0.7097$.

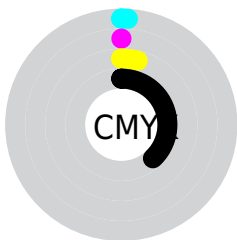
Distribution



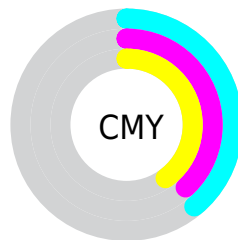
- Red (61%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 58.1280, -4.6721, 5.4368 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 58.1280, -4.6721, 5.4368 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58.1280, -4.6721,
5.4368

■ 58.1280, -4.6721,
5.4368

178.6603,
-11.8297, 13.0669

■ 47.6785, -4.0139,
4.7172

■ 80.9982, -6.0802,
6.9588

■ 37.9421, -3.3849,
4.0240

■ 93.3463, -6.8254,
7.7585

■ 28.9769, -2.7876,
3.3580

106.2649, -7.5973,
8.5834

■ 20.8561, -2.2228,
2.7181

119.7300, -8.3950,
9.4330

■ 13.6788, -1.6907,
2.1014

133.7201, -9.2177,
10.3067

■ 7.2863, -1.4994,
2.0305

148.2163,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-10.0649, 11.2039

0.0000, NaN, NaN

163.2016,
-10.9357, 12.1241

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 58.1280, -4.6721,
5.4368

■ 58.1280, -4.6721,
5.4368

■ 57.2641, -8.5745,
10.9416

■ 59.0595, -0.5029,
-0.7097

■ 56.4643, -12.1940,
15.7870

■ 60.0542, 3.9236,
-7.4808

■ 55.7299, -15.5218,
19.9649

■ 61.1124, 8.5911,
-14.8519

■ 55.0605, -18.5509,
23.4735

■ 62.2329, 13.4842,
-22.7963

■ 54.4551, -21.2774,
26.3196

■ 63.4144, 18.5870,
-31.2854

■ 53.9120, -23.7017,
28.5197

■ 64.6554, 23.8837,
-40.2893

■ 53.4291, -25.8290,
30.1020

■ 65.5745, 27.4627,
-44.6534

■ 53.0033, -27.6709,
31.1089

■ 66.1097, 29.0663,
-43.6029

■ 52.6302, -29.2468,
31.6015

■ 66.6594, 30.7016,
-42.5358

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.1293, -3.2505, 5.8573



58.1280, -4.6721, 5.4368



58.1293, -5.6680, 4.4101

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.1293, -4.6735, 5.4377



58.1293, -4.4233, 0.6502



58.1293, -0.1745, 3.3027

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.1280, -4.6721, 5.4368



56.3880, -1.4089, 0.7070

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.1293, -0.4963, 1.8900



58.1280, -4.6721, 5.4368



58.1293, -2.9588, 0.3356

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.1293, -4.6735, 5.4377



58.1293, -5.5247, 1.6438



58.1293, -1.5192, 0.7949



58.1293, -0.6446, 4.6445

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.1280, -4.6721, 5.4368



58.1293, -5.9596, 3.5058



58.1293, -1.5192, 0.7949



58.1293, -0.1937, 2.8204

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.1293, -4.6735, 5.4377



78.6719, -4.7713, 5.1110



57.1388, -2.1349, 4.3466



37.3581, -2.2498, 2.4039



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.1293, -4.6735, 5.4377



78.1759, -7.0013, 8.3402



57.8745, -5.5686, 5.1316



27.7399, -2.5722, 3.0850



46.9318, -26.8766, 28.4487



6.4496, -2.9090, 3.9233

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.3880, -1.4089, 0.7070



75.0314, -1.1052, -0.2046



56.6516, -0.5015, 1.0436



26.5252, -0.2945, -0.2161



16.1151, 39.8659, -84.6889



2.6133, 5.8281, -8.7972

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.1280, -4.6721, 5.4368 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.1280, -4.6721, 5.4368 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

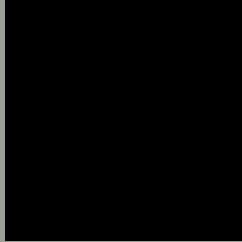
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

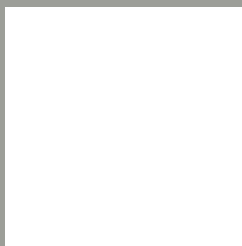
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 58.1280, -4.6721, 5.4368 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.1280, -4.6721, 5.4368.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.1280, -4.6721, 5.4368.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58.1280, -4.6721, 5.4368

Protanopia

57.9555, -2.3329, 5.7187

Deuteranopia

58.0991, 4.1181, 5.1178



Tritanopia

58.2007, -0.4665, -1.8843

Trichromacy



Original Color

58.1280, -4.6721, 5.4368

Protanomaly

58.0683, -3.4340, 5.8271

Deuteranomaly

57.9884, 0.8449, 4.9336

Tritanomaly

58.2157, -2.2781, 1.0191

Monochromacy



Original Color

58.1280, -4.6721, 5.4368

Achromatopsia

58.0658, -3.0982, 3.1548

Achromatomaly

58.0074, -3.4182, 3.9880

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 58.1280, -4.6721, 5.4368 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 158, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 158, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 158, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 158, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 58.1280, -4.6721, 5.4368 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 158, 152) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 158, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 158, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 158, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 158, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 158,  
152) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 58.1280, -4.6721, 5.4368 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 158, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
158, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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