

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(58.1556, -25.1943,  
4.6647)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(58.1556, -25.1943,  
4.6647) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(58.1424,  
-25.2167, 4.6538)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5EAB99
RGB	94, 171, 153
RGB Percent	37%, 67%, 60%
CMY	0.6314, 0.3294, 0.4000
CMYK	0.45, 0.00, 0.11, 0.33
HSL	166°, 31%, 52%
HSV	166°, 45%, 67%
XYZ	24.9288, 33.8054, 35.3482
YIQ	145.9250, -40.1140, -21.9220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

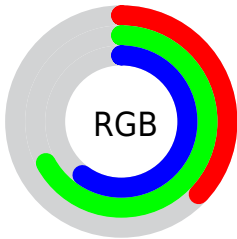
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	94, 138, 171
Decimal	6204313
CIELab	64.81, -28.26, 1.87
CIElCh	65, 28.317, 176.218
Yxy	33.8067, 0.2650, 0.3593
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284394393 (0xFF5EAB99)
YUV	145.9250, 3.4880, -45.5382
Hunter-Lab	58.1424, -25.2167, 4.6538

# Details

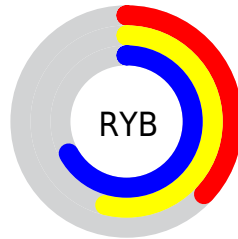
The HunterLab color **58.1424, -25.2167, 4.6538** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **42.2304, 26.3696, 4.9604**, and the grayscale version is **53.5824, -2.8590, 2.9112**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81.1374, -29.5146, 6.3433**, and **37.8527, -20.6134, 3.2743** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57.3330, -28.5963, 5.4219**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.1164, -21.2706, 4.0633**.

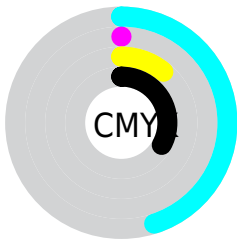
# Distribution



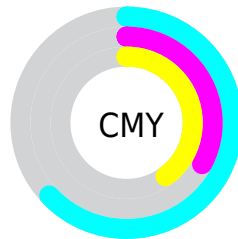
- Red (37%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 58.1424, -25.2167, 4.6538 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 58.1424, -25.2167, 4.6538 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 58.1424, -25.2167,  
4.6538

■ 58.1424, -25.2167,  
4.6538

178.6811,  
-43.1236, 11.9072

■ 47.6919, -23.0032,  
3.9878

■ 81.0142, -29.4346,  
6.0781

■ 37.9545, -20.6879,  
3.3525

■ 93.3630, -31.4681,  
6.8327

■ 28.9883, -18.2337,  
2.7497

■ 106.2824,  
-33.4656, 7.6147

■ 20.8663, -15.5808,  
2.1805

■ 119.7482,  
-35.4343, 8.4232

■ 13.6876, -12.6239,  
1.6449

133.7390,  
-37.3803, 9.2574

■ 7.2964, -12.7687,  
1.4584

148.2359,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-39.3080, 10.1166

0.0000, NaN, NaN

163.2218,  
-41.2215, 11.0001

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 58.1424, -25.2167,  
4.6538

■ 58.1424, -25.2167,  
4.6538

■ 57.3330, -28.5963,  
5.4219

■ 59.1164, -21.2706,  
4.0633

■ 56.6798, -31.3975,  
6.3521

■ 60.2537, -16.7802,  
3.6567

■ 56.1760, -33.6279,  
7.4273

■ 61.5555, -11.7809,  
3.4391

■ 55.8102, -35.3148,  
8.6252

■ 63.0198, -6.3152,  
3.4108

■ 55.5658, -36.5117,  
9.9180

■ 64.6433, -0.4300,  
3.5687

■ 55.4674, -37.0120,  
10.5689

■ 66.4212, 5.8259,  
3.9067

■ 68.3479, 12.4043,  
4.4167

■ 70.4170, 19.2590,  
5.0891

■ 72.6219, 26.3474,  
5.9132

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.1436, -21.7815, 14.5068



58.1424, -25.2167, 4.6538



58.1436, -23.1534, -7.8810

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.1436, -25.2173, 4.6545



58.1436, 7.9096, -21.3385



58.1436, 10.8861, 19.1548

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.1424, -25.2167, 4.6538



42.2304, 26.3696, 4.9604

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.1436, 20.0908, 12.3951



58.1424, -25.2167, 4.6538



58.1436, 18.2729, -11.0533

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.1436, -25.2173, 4.6545



58.1436, -4.6841, -24.6163



58.1436, 22.9011, 1.6348



58.1436, -1.5099, 21.6834



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.1424, -25.2167, 4.6538



58.1436, -18.8336, -15.9018



58.1436, 22.9011, 1.6348



58.1436, 14.4954, 17.3824

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.1436, -25.2173, 4.6545



82.5211, -15.2160, 4.5903



57.8469, -28.9440, 24.2838



38.7859, -7.8802, 2.1847



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645



40.3295, -2.1519, 2.1912



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.1436, -25.2173, 4.6545



76.7324, -38.2380, 7.2473



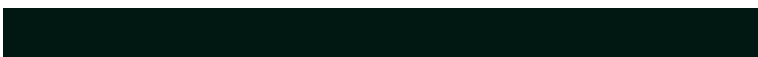
52.6275, -13.5602, -11.2159



30.0659, -4.1992, 1.6389



48.1672, -32.0819, 9.0507



8.0817, -5.0604, 0.8225



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.2304, 26.3696, 4.9604



51.6062, 44.1288, 8.2848



46.1879, 14.8179, 15.1257



28.3635, 1.2081, 1.6109



25.7860, 44.6339, 12.9834

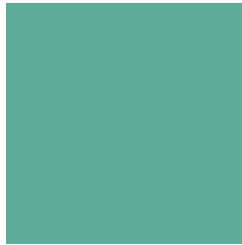


4.3969, 7.7972, 0.7682



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.1424, -25.2167, 4.6538 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

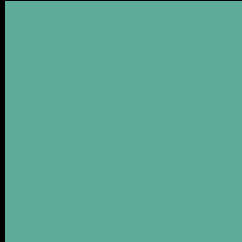
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.1424, -25.2167, 4.6538 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

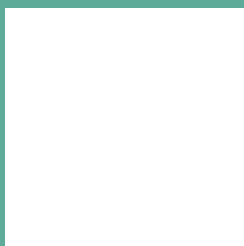
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 58.1424, -25.2167, 4.6538 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.1424, -25.2167, 4.6538.



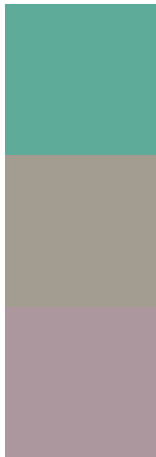
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.1424, -25.2167, 4.6538.

-25.2167, 4.6538.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58.1424, -25.2167, 4.6538

### Protanopia

57.8815, -2.9178, 8.1753

### Deuteranopia

57.6415, 4.2518, 2.7823



## Tritanopia

58.1012, -17.0790, -8.5608

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

58.1424, -25.2167, 4.6538

## Protanomaly

57.3988, -12.1082, 6.2168

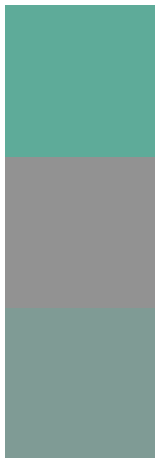
## Deuteranomaly

57.1784, -7.7961, 2.4825

## Tritanomaly

57.9312, -20.0226, -3.5759

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.1424, -25.2167, 4.6538

## Achromatopsia

53.6135, -2.8607, 2.9129

## Achromatomaly

54.8859, -11.8231, 2.8982

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 58.1424, -25.2167, 4.6538 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 171, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 171, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 171, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 171, 153) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 58.1424, -25.2167, 4.6538 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 171, 153) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 171, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 171, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 171, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 171, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 171,  
153) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 58.1424, -25.2167, 4.6538 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 171, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 171,  
153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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