

Converting Colors

HunterLab(58.1649, 4.2048,
-1.7471)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(58.1649, 4.2048, -1.7471)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(58.2533, 4.1014,
-1.7379)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A899A8
RGB	168, 153, 168
RGB Percent	66%, 60%, 66%
CMY	0.3412, 0.4000, 0.3412
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.00, 0.34
HSL	300°, 8%, 63%
HSV	300°, 9%, 66%
XYZ	34.6076, 33.9345, 41.7718
YIQ	159.1950, 4.1250, 7.8450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

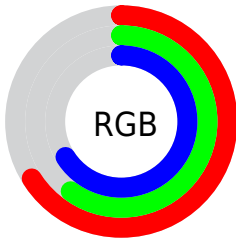
Format	Color
RYB	168, 153, 168
Decimal	11049384
CIELab	64.91, 8.28, -5.82
CIELCh	65, 10.125, 324.900
Yxy	33.9359, 0.3137, 0.3076
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289239464 (0xFFA899A8)
YUV	159.1950, 4.3409, 7.7220
Hunter-Lab	58.2533, 4.1014, -1.7379

Details

The HunterLab color $58.2533, 4.1014, -1.7379$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $60.8921, -10.1451, 7.9980$, and the grayscale version is $58.9440, -3.1451, 3.2025$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $81.0193, 3.7658, -1.0988$, and $38.0483, 4.2850, -2.2273$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $53.6824, 12.6244, -7.6163$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $63.1096, -4.2216, 4.0098$.

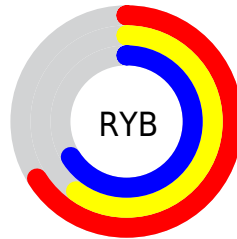
Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (60%)

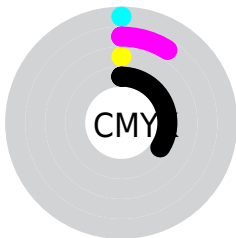
Blue (66%)



Red (66%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (66%)

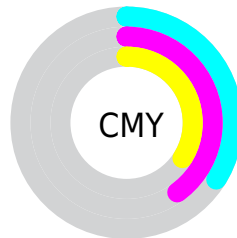


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 58.2533, 4.1014, -1.7379 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 58.2533, 4.1014, -1.7379 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58.2533, 4.1014,
-1.7379

■ 58.2533, 4.1014,
-1.7379

178.8425, 0.7992,
2.7554

■ 47.7958, 4.2207,
-2.0196

■ 81.1382, 3.6822,
-1.0197

■ 38.0508, 4.2732,
-2.2448

■ 93.4930, 3.3958,
-0.5933

■ 29.0763, 4.2471,
-2.4055

106.4181, 3.0630,
-0.1256

■ 20.9452, 4.1282,
-2.4920

119.8894, 2.6871,
0.3808

■ 13.7562, 3.8946,
-2.4911

133.8855, 2.2706,
0.9239

■ 7.3740, 4.5014,
-2.8747

148.3875, 1.8158,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

1.5017

0.0000, NaN, NaN

163.3783, 1.3248,
2.1127

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 58.2533, 4.1014,
-1.7379

■ 58.2533, 4.1014,
-1.7379

■ 53.6824, 12.6244,
-7.6163

■ 63.1096, -4.2216,
4.0098

■ 49.4390, 21.2976,
-13.5911

■ 68.2093, -12.3250,
9.6125

■ 45.5785, 30.0027,
-19.5806

■ 73.5223, -20.2169,
15.0752

■ 42.1621, 38.5303,
-25.4415

■ 79.0228, -27.9146,
20.4093

■ 39.2540, 46.5567,
-30.9522

■ 84.6896, -35.4402,
25.6292

■ 36.9138, 53.6489,
-35.8175

■ 90.5052, -42.8163,
30.7502

■ 35.1825, 59.3313,
-39.7131

■ 90.9242, -43.3359,
31.1112

■ 34.0654, 63.2239,
-42.3803

■ 90.9242, -43.3359,
31.1112

■ 33.4533, 65.4401,
-43.8985

■ 90.9242, -43.3359,
31.1112

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.2546, 0.5574, -4.7563



58.2533, 4.1014, -1.7379



58.2546, 5.7130, 2.4383

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.2546, 4.0999, -1.7368



58.2546, -2.3442, 10.7518



58.2546, -10.7156, -0.3832

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.2533, 4.1014, -1.7379



60.8921, -10.1451, 7.9980

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.2546, -11.4400, 3.8942



58.2533, 4.1014, -1.7379



58.2546, -6.6917, 10.1202

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.2546, 4.0999, -1.7368



58.2546, 1.9214, 9.4806



58.2546, -9.9882, 7.6857



58.2546, -7.9790, -3.9343

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.2533, 4.1014, -1.7379



58.2546, 5.4429, 5.2375



58.2546, -9.9882, 7.6857



58.2546, -11.1990, 1.0258

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.2546, 4.0999, -1.7368



82.2710, -1.0944, 2.2289



56.9786, -0.5969, -3.4497



38.1678, -0.0994, 0.7564



92.0917, -4.9138, 5.0035



39.3538, -2.0998, 2.1382

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.2546, 4.0999, -1.7368



77.0367, 8.1130, -4.1270



58.0286, 2.8879, 1.4732



27.6887, 2.0992, -0.9279



29.0198, 57.0540, -38.2756



4.5265, 8.8994, -5.9703

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.8003, 1.6583, 4.7298



76.2656, 3.9906, 6.8450



61.0944, -9.0154, 5.1003



27.4633, 0.8885, 2.2810



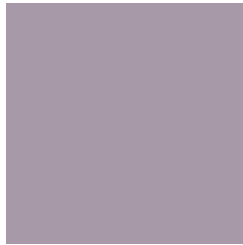
25.0730, 42.9384, 16.2016



3.9109, 6.6976, 2.5271

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.2533, 4.1014, -1.7379 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

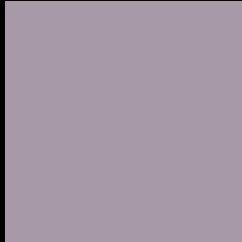
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.2533, 4.1014, -1.7379 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

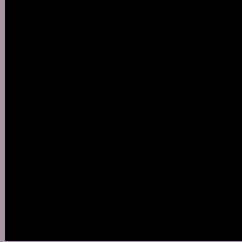
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 58.2533, 4.1014, -1.7379 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.2533, 4.1014, -1.7379.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.2533, 4.1014, -1.7379.

-1.7379.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58.2533, 4.1014, -1.7379

Protanopia

58.4674, -0.9059, -2.5538

Deuteranopia

58.2533, 4.1014, -1.7379



Tritanopia

58.1583, 3.5926, -0.3902

Trichromacy



Original Color

58.2533, 4.1014, -1.7379

Protanomaly

58.4966, 0.6110, -1.9891

Deuteranomaly

58.2533, 4.1014, -1.7379

Tritanomaly

58.1898, 3.7611, -0.8364

Monochromacy



Original Color

58.2533, 4.1014, -1.7379

Achromatopsia

58.8816, -3.1418, 3.1991

Achromatomaly

58.6549, -0.7624, 1.5770

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 58.2533, 4.1014, -1.7379 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 153, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 153, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 153, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 153, 168) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 58.2533, 4.1014, -1.7379 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 153, 168) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 153, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(168, 153, 168)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 153, 168); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 153, 168);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 153,  
168) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 58.2533, 4.1014, -1.7379 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 153, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168,  
153, 168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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