

Converting Colors

HunterLab(58.1810, 10.7768,
-57.5923)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(58.1810, 10.7768,
-57.5923) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(58.1410, 10.9501,
-57.8975)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7899FC
RGB	120, 153, 252
RGB Percent	47%, 60%, 99%
CMY	0.5294, 0.4000, 0.0118
CMYK	0.52, 0.39, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	225°, 96%, 73%
HSV	225°, 52%, 99%
XYZ	36.7076, 33.8038, 96.6855
YIQ	154.4190, -51.4470, 23.7930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

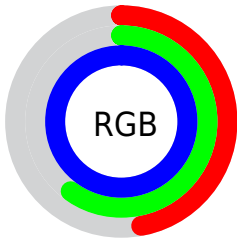
Format	Color
RYB	120, 146, 252
Decimal	7903740
CIELab	64.81, 15.81, -52.91
CIELCh	65, 55.224, 286.641
Yxy	33.8049, 0.2196, 0.2022
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286093820 (0xFF7899FC)
YUV	154.4190, 48.1074, -30.1855
Hunter-Lab	58.1410, 10.9501, -57.8975

Details

The HunterLab color **58.1410, 10.9501, -57.8975** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. A complement of this color would be **85.2745, -5.0721, 40.1009**, and the grayscale version is **56.8429, -3.0330, 3.0884**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.3769, -2.8961, -23.3234**, and **37.8322, 10.6488, -57.4149** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.5064, 16.6356, -73.9844**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.2187, 6.3428, -43.4256**.

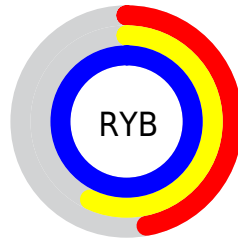
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (60%)

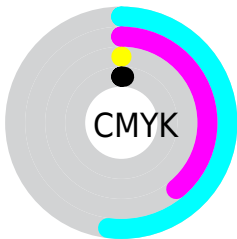
Blue (99%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (99%)

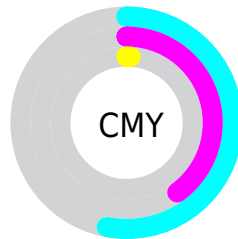


Cyan (52%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (1%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 58.1410, 10.9501, -57.8975 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 58.1410, 10.9501, -57.8975 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58.1410, 10.9501,
-57.8975

■ 58.1410, 10.9501,
-57.8975

178.6788, 10.4144,
-64.2874

■ 47.6904, 10.6936,
-57.2910

■ 81.0125, 11.2335,
-59.3704

■ 37.9532, 10.3461,
-56.9022

■ 93.3612, 11.2746,
-60.1445

■ 28.9870, 9.8941,
-56.9369

■ 106.2805, 11.2565,
-60.9101

■ 20.8652, 9.3183,
-57.8368

119.7462, 11.1837,
-61.6539

■ 13.6866, 8.5927,
-60.6965

133.7369, 11.0600,
-62.3677

■ 7.2953, 9.0810,
-72.3124

148.2338, 10.8888,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-63.0464

0.0000, NaN, -NF

163.2195, 10.6727,
-63.6869

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 58.1410, 10.9501,
-57.8975

■ 58.1410, 10.9501,
-57.8975

■ 51.5064, 16.6356,
-73.9844

■ 65.2187, 6.3428,
-43.4256

■ 45.4127, 23.5963,
-91.8430

■ 72.6605, 2.6137,
-30.3303

■ 39.9918, 31.9469,
-111.3354

■ 80.4104, -0.4075,
-18.3649

■ 35.4015, 41.5392,
-131.6999

■ 88.4251, -2.8589,
-7.3143

■ 32.5311, 49.2341,
-146.9434

■ 96.6712, -4.8492,
2.9994

99.9041, -5.8613,
6.8017

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.1420, -13.5540, -59.1610



58.1410, 10.9501, -57.8975



58.1420, 35.0920, -36.5749

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.1420, 10.9505, -57.8960



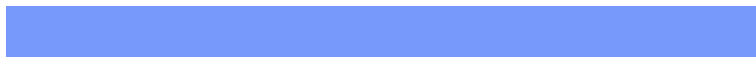
58.1420, 32.7420, 27.1625



58.1420, -42.0757, 12.5618

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.1410, 10.9501, -57.8975



85.2745, -5.0721, 40.1009

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.1420, -33.4378, 26.2258



58.1410, 10.9501, -57.8975



58.1420, 8.1374, 31.9962

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.1420, 10.9505, -57.8960



58.1420, 49.0241, 14.5507



58.1420, -15.9412, 31.7441



58.1420, -41.5768, -11.1228

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.1410, 10.9501, -57.8975



58.1420, 46.5426, -17.4588



58.1420, -15.9412, 31.7441



58.1420, -40.2141, 18.2261

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.1420, 10.9505, -57.8960



86.6443, -2.0546, -11.3855



88.7296, -43.9402, 9.1225



39.3106, -0.7159, -6.3314

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.1420, 10.9505, -57.8960



51.7778, 17.2850, -76.1260



52.1877, 36.6809, -71.8297



41.6508, -1.5951, -1.9579



23.8910, 34.2207, -103.7345



8.3020, 7.4622, -26.4855

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.3573, 49.9699, 8.4618



55.7344, 61.3583, 11.2259



92.7566, -32.5908, 45.2262



41.5889, 1.9972, 2.2892



33.1468, 57.3882, 16.5868



10.1676, 17.7600, 3.8753

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.1410, 10.9501, -57.8975 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

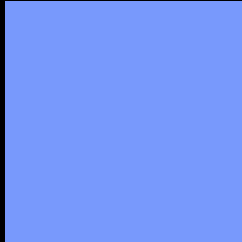
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.1410, 10.9501, -57.8975 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

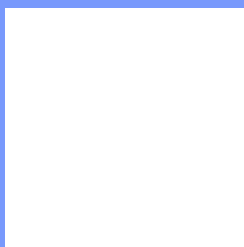
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 58.1410, 10.9501, -57.8975 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.1410, 10.9501, -57.8975.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.1410, 10.9501, -57.8975.

-57.8975.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58.1410, 10.9501, -57.8975

Protanopia

58.0192, 10.5554, -58.1767

Deuteranopia

58.2269, 5.2424, -56.9621



Tritanopia

58.1621, -18.4078, -9.0469

Trichromacy



Original Color

58.1410, 10.9501, -57.8975

Protanomaly

58.0798, 10.7519, -58.0376

Deuteranomaly

58.3037, 6.9837, -56.7621

Tritanomaly

58.0540, -8.7827, -24.6695

Monochromacy



Original Color

58.1410, 10.9501, -57.8975

Achromatopsia

56.8457, -3.0331, 3.0885

Achromatomaly

57.0786, 0.2011, -15.4275

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 58.1410, 10.9501, -57.8975 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 153, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 153, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 153, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 153, 252) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 58.1410, 10.9501, -57.8975 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 153, 252) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 153, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 153, 252)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 153, 252); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 153, 252);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 153,  
252) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 58.1410, 10.9501, -57.8975 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 153, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
153, 252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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