

Converting Colors

HunterLab(58.2324, 8.1348,
-43.2307)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(58.2324, 8.1348,
-43.2307) contains.

HunterLab(58.2728, 8.0598, -43.1521)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(58.2728, 8.0598,
-43.1521)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	849AEA
RGB	132, 154, 234
RGB Percent	52%, 60%, 92%
CMY	0.4823, 0.3961, 0.0823
CMYK	0.44, 0.34, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	227°, 71%, 72%
HSV	227°, 44%, 92%
XYZ	35.9226, 33.9572, 82.5029
YIQ	156.5420, -38.7920, 20.2160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

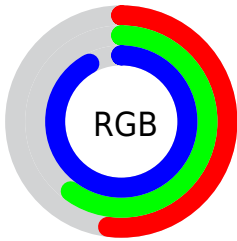
Format	Color
RYB	132, 150, 234
Decimal	8690410
CIELab	64.93, 12.67, -42.80
CIElCh	65, 44.637, 286.495
Yxy	33.9584, 0.2357, 0.2228
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286880490 (0xFF849AEA)
YUV	156.5420, 38.1868, -21.5233
Hunter-Lab	58.2728, 8.0598, -43.1521

Details

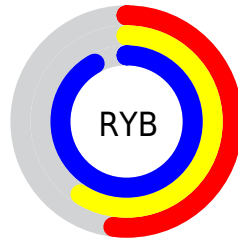
The HunterLab color $58.2728, 8.0598, -43.1521$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $6699FF$. A complement of this color would be $81.3923, -7.2520, 34.1236$, and the grayscale version is $57.7411, -3.0809, 3.1372$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79.4673, -0.7192, -21.6313$, and $38.0149, 7.9760, -42.1274$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $51.6492, 12.8253, -57.3078$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $65.2609, 4.1364, -30.4346$.

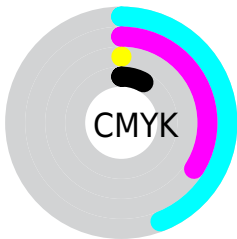
Distribution



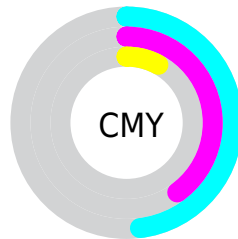
- Red (52%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (8%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 58.2728, 8.0598, -43.1521 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 58.2728, 8.0598, -43.1521 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58.2728, 8.0598,
-43.1521

■ 58.2728, 8.0598,
-43.1521

178.8705, 6.3780,
-48.2346

■ 47.8139, 7.9584,
-42.4721

■ 81.1597, 8.0532,
-44.5303

■ 38.0676, 7.7753,
-41.8655

■ 93.5156, 7.9587,
-45.1860

■ 29.0916, 7.4977,
-41.4392

■ 106.4417, 7.8102,
-45.8045

■ 20.9589, 7.1077,
-41.4285

119.9139, 7.6117,
-46.3810

■ 13.7681, 6.5798,
-42.4238

133.9110, 7.3666,
-46.9129

■ 7.3874, 7.0811,
-48.4527

148.4139, 7.0776,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-47.3992

0.0000, NaN, -NF

163.4055, 6.7474,
-47.8396

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 58.2728, 8.0598,
-43.1521

■ 58.2728, 8.0598,
-43.1521

■ 51.6492, 12.8253,
-57.3078

■ 65.2609, 4.1364,
-30.4346

■ 45.4676, 18.6259,
-73.1640

■ 72.5505, 0.8866,
-18.8939

■ 39.8386, 25.6387,
-90.8522

■ 80.0982, -1.8263,
-8.2962

■ 34.9061, 33.9156,
-110.1173

■ 87.8699, -4.1092,
1.5491

■ 30.8433, 43.1581,
-129.8752

■ 95.8395, -6.0449,
10.7937

■ 28.7436, 49.1349,
-141.9951

■ 99.3582, -8.8631,
14.6180

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.2739, -11.7137, -43.9858



58.2728, 8.0598, -43.1521



58.2739, 27.0495, -27.5584

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.2739, 8.0597, -43.1507



58.2739, 25.3847, 23.7525



58.2739, -35.6151, 10.9894

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.2728, 8.0598, -43.1521



81.3923, -7.2520, 34.1236

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.2739, -28.1646, 22.9549



58.2728, 8.0598, -43.1521



58.2739, 6.0185, 28.4900

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.2739, 8.0597, -43.1507



58.2739, 37.9267, 12.5200



58.2739, -13.5017, 28.2572



58.2739, -35.2215, -8.0381

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.2728, 8.0598, -43.1521



58.2739, 35.9355, -13.1429



58.2739, -13.5017, 28.2572



58.2739, -33.9923, 15.8125

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.2739, 8.0597, -43.1507



88.7493, -2.1570, -8.5547



82.7650, -35.2549, 5.8083



40.1941, -0.7143, -5.1157

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.2739, 8.0597, -43.1507



57.8960, 13.3710, -60.9762



54.7826, 27.2360, -50.0136



38.8272, -1.3120, -1.9385



21.8916, 35.6668, -104.3571



7.1713, 6.8999, -23.8586

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.2739, 36.7212, 7.7096



61.2469, 49.7151, 10.2684



85.7355, -27.6307, 37.2487



38.8680, 1.7792, 2.2972



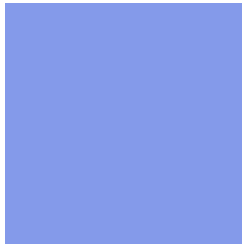
31.5858, 54.5563, 16.8073



8.9293, 15.5768, 3.5602

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.2728, 8.0598, -43.1521 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

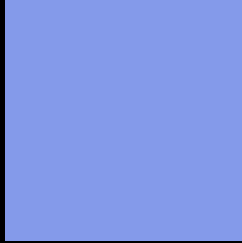
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.2728, 8.0598, -43.1521 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

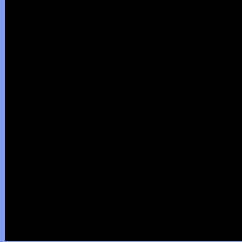
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 58.2728, 8.0598, -43.1521 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.2728, 8.0598, -43.1521.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.2728, 8.0598, -43.1521.

-43.1521.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58.2728, 8.0598, -43.1521

Protanopia

58.1357, 7.6083, -43.4314

Deuteranopia

58.2481, 5.0410, -43.2538



Tritanopia

58.2293, -13.5327, -7.2430

Trichromacy



Original Color

58.2728, 8.0598, -43.1521

Protanomaly

58.2040, 7.8332, -43.2922

Deuteranomaly

58.1540, 6.2037, -43.4198

Tritanomaly

58.0556, -6.3943, -18.9004

Monochromacy



Original Color

58.2728, 8.0598, -43.1521

Achromatopsia

58.0658, -3.0982, 3.1548

Achromatomaly

57.9445, -0.1821, -11.2628

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 58.2728, 8.0598, -43.1521 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 154, 234)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 154, 234)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 154, 234) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 154, 234) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 58.2728, 8.0598, -43.1521 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 154, 234) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 154, 234) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 154, 234)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 154, 234); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 154, 234);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 154,  
234) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 58.2728, 8.0598, -43.1521 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 154, 234) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
154, 234) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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