

Converting Colors

HunterLab(58.2386, 8.5947,
-60.2790)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(58.2386, 8.5947,
-60.2790) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(58.2356, 8.6716,
-60.2843)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6D9BFF
RGB	109, 155, 255
RGB Percent	43%, 61%, 100%
CMY	0.5725, 0.3922, 0.0000
CMYK	0.57, 0.39, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	221°, 100%, 71%
HSV	221°, 57%, 100%
XYZ	36.0780, 33.9139, 99.2522
YIQ	152.6460, -59.5160, 21.3480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

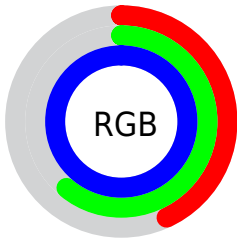
Format	Color
RYB	109, 144, 255
Decimal	7183359
CIELab	64.89, 13.34, -54.45
CIElCh	65, 56.058, 283.770
Yxy	33.9149, 0.2132, 0.2004
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285373439 (0xFF6D9BFF)
YUV	152.6460, 50.4605, -38.2775
Hunter-Lab	58.2356, 8.6716, -60.2843

Details

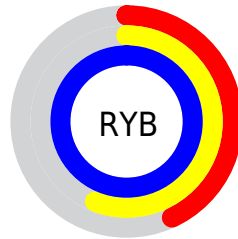
The HunterLab color $58.2356, 8.6716, -60.2843$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $6699FF$. A complement of this color would be $82.4427, 0.3622, 40.4008$, and the grayscale version is $56.1170, -2.9943, 3.0489$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78.2662, -6.4821, -23.5557$, and $37.9340, 8.6343, -59.9777$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52.0827, 14.0173, -75.3612$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $64.8179, 4.4461, -46.5209$.

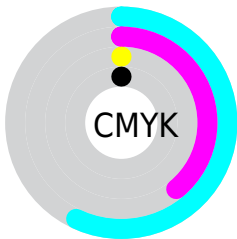
Distribution



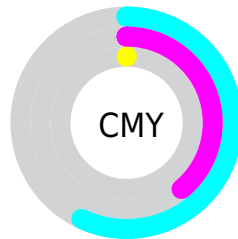
- Red (43%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 58.2356, 8.6716, -60.2843 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 58.2356, 8.6716, -60.2843 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58.2356, 8.6716,
-60.2843

■ 58.2356, 8.6716,
-60.2843

178.8163, 7.2361,
-66.8137

■ 47.7789, 8.5371,
-59.7021

■ 81.1180, 8.7277,
-61.7508

■ 38.0352, 8.3185,
-59.3636

■ 93.4719, 8.6623,
-62.5350

■ 29.0620, 8.0031,
-59.4912

■ 106.3960, 8.5418,
-63.3161

■ 20.9324, 7.5727,
-60.5605

119.8664, 8.3703,
-64.0795

■ 13.7450, 7.0015,
-63.7483

133.8617, 8.1511,
-64.8157

■ 7.3614, 7.5052,
-76.0243

148.3629, 7.8874,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-65.5190

0.0000, NaN, -NF

163.3529, 7.5817,
-66.1858

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 58.2356, 8.6716,
-60.2843

■ 58.2356, 8.6716,
-60.2843

■ 52.0827, 14.0173,
-75.3612

■ 64.8179, 4.4461,
-46.5209

■ 46.4428, 20.6536,
-91.7992

■ 71.7585, 1.1561,
-33.9315

■ 41.4209, 28.6657,
-109.3966

■ 79.0048, -1.3634,
-22.3409

■ 37.1264, 37.9031,
-127.5456

■ 86.5150, -3.2507,
-11.5828

■ 36.0649, 40.5439,
-132.6006

■ 94.2564, -4.6180,
-1.5115

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.2365, -15.8397, -59.3118



58.2356, 8.6716, -60.2843



58.2365, 33.6567, -39.9846

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.2365, 8.6720, -60.2823



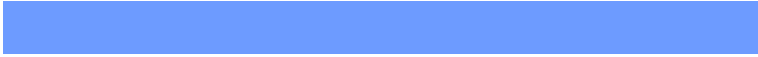
58.2365, 35.4506, 26.6179



58.2365, -42.1655, 14.4697

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.2356, 8.6716, -60.2843



82.4427, 0.3622, 40.4008

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.2365, -32.5452, 27.3231



58.2356, 8.6716, -60.2843



58.2365, 10.8156, 32.0590

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.2365, 8.6720, -60.2823



58.2365, 50.7765, 12.9607



58.2365, -14.0248, 32.2475



58.2365, -42.5433, -8.6853

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.2356, 8.6716, -60.2843



58.2365, 46.0969, -20.6350



58.2365, -14.0248, 32.2475



58.2365, -39.9886, 19.8569

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.2365, 8.6720, -60.2823



86.7074, -3.2912, -11.3211



89.0863, -48.6090, 13.9972



39.4072, -1.3693, -6.2084

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.2365, 8.6720, -60.2823



51.0571, 15.0801, -78.1381



48.3467, 39.5796, -85.5382



42.7919, -2.0127, -1.7242



26.5157, 28.0560, -93.7072



9.3307, 6.0532, -24.7296

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.7924, 56.8914, 5.9500



53.4733, 67.9078, 8.9351



94.4228, -31.7940, 48.5402



42.5222, 2.1757, 2.0074



33.8197, 58.8898, 14.3145



10.6416, 18.7015, 3.1754

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.2356, 8.6716, -60.2843 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

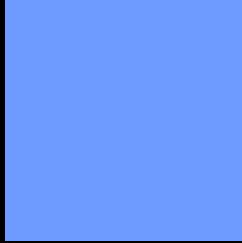
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.2356, 8.6716, -60.2843 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

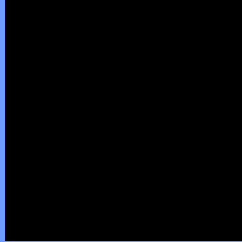
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

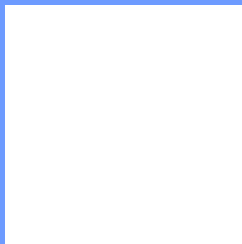
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 58.2356, 8.6716, -60.2843 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.2356, 8.6716, -60.2843.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.2356, 8.6716, -60.2843.

-60.2843.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58.2356, 8.6716, -60.2843

Protanopia

58.0690, 10.9364, -59.7641

Deuteranopia

58.1473, 5.3046, -59.6856



Tritanopia

58.2371, -21.1976, -10.6529

Trichromacy



Original Color

58.2356, 8.6716, -60.2843

Protanomaly

58.1759, 9.8298, -59.5418

Deuteranomaly

58.0512, 6.4759, -59.8827

Tritanomaly

58.1271, -11.4318, -26.5751

Monochromacy



Original Color

58.2356, 8.6716, -60.2843

Achromatopsia

56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665

Achromatomaly

56.6986, -1.1036, -16.0237

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 58.2356, 8.6716, -60.2843 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 155, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 155, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 155, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 155, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 58.2356, 8.6716, -60.2843 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 155, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 155, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(109, 155, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 155, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 155, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 155,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 58.2356, 8.6716, -60.2843 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 155, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109,  
155, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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