

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(58.3127, 63.5086,  
-40.5795)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(58.3127, 63.5086,  
-40.5795) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(58.3127, 63.5086,  
-40.5795)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EB6BE8
RGB	235, 107, 232
RGB Percent	92%, 42%, 91%
CMY	0.0784, 0.5804, 0.0902
CMYK	0.00, 0.54, 0.01, 0.08
HSL	301°, 76%, 67%
HSV	301°, 54%, 92%
XYZ	54.0841, 34.0037, 80.0567
YIQ	159.5220, 36.1630, 66.0110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

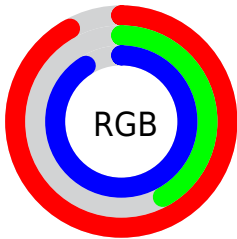
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	235, 107, 232
Decimal	15428584
CIE Lab	64.97, 65.34, -40.92
CIE LCh	65, 77.093, 327.945
Yxy	34.0053, 0.3217, 0.2022
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293618664 (0xFFEB6BE8)
YUV	159.5220, 35.7317, 66.1942
Hunter-Lab	58.3127, 63.5086, -40.5795

# Details

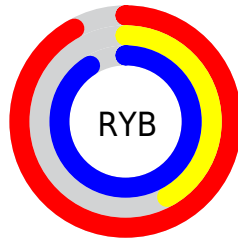
The HunterLab color **58.3127, 63.5086, -40.5795** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF66FF**. A complement of this color would be **79.7932, -53.3162, 37.2721**, and the grayscale version is **58.9445, -3.1451, 3.2026**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.1828, 44.7883, -29.1192**, and **38.0508, 59.1230, -39.5195** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.5175, 74.4618, -47.6850**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.9446, 51.3629, -32.6135**.

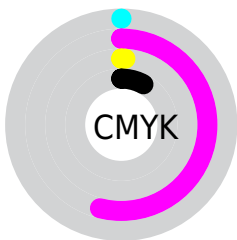
# Distribution



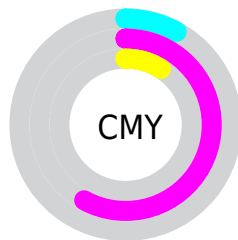
- Red (92%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 58.3127, 63.5086, -40.5795 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 58.3127, 63.5086, -40.5795 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



58.3127, 63.5086,  
-40.5795

58.3127, 63.5086,  
-40.5795

178.9289, 78.5615,  
-45.3469

47.8515, 61.3712,  
-39.9037

81.2046, 67.4981,  
-41.9133

38.1024, 59.1667,  
-39.2813

93.5626, 69.3472,  
-42.5373

29.1235, 56.9446,  
-38.8040

106.4908, 71.1003,  
-43.1204

20.9875, 54.8352,  
-38.6767

119.9650, 72.7610,  
-43.6587

13.7929, 53.1958,  
-39.4161

133.9640, 74.3333,  
-44.1507

7.4152, 56.1300,  
-44.6187

148.4687, 75.8215,

0.0000, INF, -NF

-44.5958

0.0000, NaN, NaN

163.4622, 77.2296,  
-44.9943

■ 58.3127, 63.5086,  
-40.5795

■ 58.3127, 63.5086,  
-40.5795

■ 54.5175, 74.4618,  
-47.6850

■ 62.9446, 51.3629,  
-32.6135

■ 51.6319, 83.4949,  
-53.4514

■ 68.3116, 38.6492,  
-24.2065

■ 49.6867, 89.9416,  
-57.4466

■ 74.3153, 25.7978,  
-15.6511

■ 48.6335, 93.4880,  
-59.4800

■ 80.8647, 13.0709,  
-7.1294

■ 48.3188, 94.5119,  
-59.9743

■ 87.8809, 0.6040,  
1.2606

■ 95.2981, -11.5492,  
9.4760

■ 97.5860, -15.0393,  
11.7202

■ 97.6024, -14.9477,  
11.4849

■ 97.6189, -14.8558,  
11.2489

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.3140, 30.9004, -83.1735



58.3127, 63.5086, -40.5795



58.3140, 77.9363, 0.8929

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.3140, 63.5062, -40.5774



58.3140, -0.7447, 37.4325



58.3140, -50.4666, -34.2699

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.3127, 63.5086, -40.5795



79.7932, -53.3162, 37.2721

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.3140, -55.2365, 5.3669



58.3127, 63.5086, -40.5795



58.3140, -30.7685, 35.7629

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.3140, 63.5062, -40.5774



58.3140, 35.9217, 35.1532



58.3140, -48.9284, 27.5217



58.3140, -33.9917, -78.2877



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.3127, 63.5086, -40.5795



58.3140, 73.2867, 19.3061



58.3140, -48.9284, 27.5217



58.3140, -53.2993, -19.4969

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.3140, 63.5062, -40.5774



87.5288, 16.5651, -9.3147



44.4690, 28.8631, -76.8874



39.7949, 8.9944, -5.2015

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.3140, 63.5062, -40.5774



59.5136, 82.6000, -52.8997



55.7124, 52.0285, -4.6381



39.1246, 3.1549, -1.3519



36.0505, 70.5210, -44.7927



10.1117, 19.7948, -12.6766



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.3140, 63.5062, -40.5774



59.5136, 82.6000, -52.8997



80.9729, -46.1864, 20.0872



39.1246, 3.1549, -1.3519



36.0505, 70.5210, -44.7927



10.1117, 19.7948, -12.6766



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.3127, 63.5086, -40.5795 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

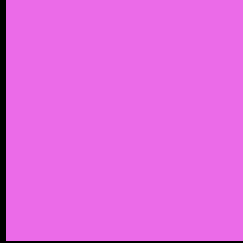
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.3127, 63.5086, -40.5795 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

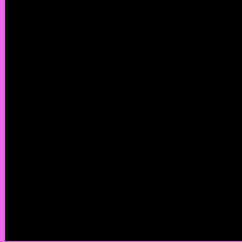
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 58.3127, 63.5086, -40.5795 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.3127, 63.5086, -40.5795.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.3127, 63.5086, -40.5795.

-40.5795.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58.3127, 63.5086, -40.5795

### Protanopia

58.7488, 10.3458, -59.0974

### Deuteranopia

58.4577, 4.6912, -34.7026



## Tritanopia

58.2867, 31.4918, 11.2292

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

58.3127, 63.5086, -40.5795

## Protanomaly

56.9819, 27.3854, -55.9685

## Deuteranomaly

56.8558, 24.8603, -39.5624

## Tritanomaly

57.8188, 42.3648, -4.1717

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.3127, 63.5086, -40.5795

## Achromatopsia

59.2902, -3.1636, 3.2213

## Achromatomaly

57.5845, 19.7512, -12.0012

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 58.3127, 63.5086, -40.5795 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 107, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 107, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 107, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 107, 232) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 58.3127, 63.5086, -40.5795 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 107, 232) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 107, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 107, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 107, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 107, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 107,  
232) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 58.3127, 63.5086, -40.5795 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 107, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
107, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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