

Converting Colors

HunterLab(58.3706, 3.7484,
1.9093)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(58.3706, 3.7484, 1.9093)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(58.3212, 3.8937,
1.7271)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AB99A1
RGB	171, 153, 161
RGB Percent	67%, 60%, 63%
CMY	0.3294, 0.4000, 0.3686
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.06, 0.33
HSL	333°, 10%, 64%
HSV	333°, 11%, 67%
XYZ	34.6189, 34.0136, 38.4589
YIQ	159.2940, 8.1600, 6.3040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

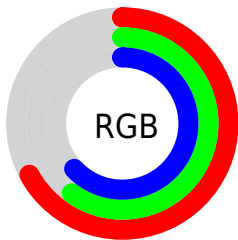
Format	Color
RYB	171, 153, 161
Decimal	11245985
CIELab	64.97, 8.05, -1.77
CIELCh	65, 8.243, 347.632
Yxy	34.0151, 0.3233, 0.3176
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289436065 (0xFFAB99A1)
YUV	159.2940, 0.8411, 10.2662
Hunter-Lab	58.3212, 3.8937, 1.7271

Details

The HunterLab color $58.3212, 3.8937, 1.7271$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $62.0834, -9.9932, 4.9874$, and the grayscale version is $58.9971, -3.1479, 3.2054$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $81.0878, 3.5409, 2.5260$, and $38.1451, 4.2510, 0.6500$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $53.3760, 10.9713, 0.3233$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $63.5358, -3.0453, 3.3752$.

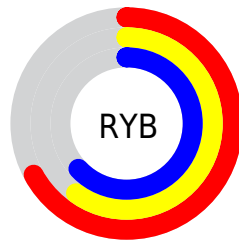
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (60%)

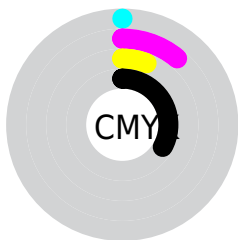
Blue (63%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (63%)

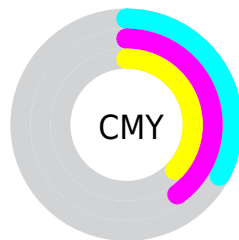


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 58.3212, 3.8937, 1.7271 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 58.3212, 3.8937, 1.7271 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58.3212, 3.8937,
1.7271

■ 58.3212, 3.8937,
1.7271

178.9412, 0.5024,
7.6522

■ 47.8594, 4.0252,
1.2484

■ 81.2140, 3.4517,
2.8094

■ 38.1097, 4.0908,
0.8140

■ 93.5725, 3.1547,
3.4057

■ 29.1302, 4.0790,
0.4294

106.5011, 2.8118,
4.0364

■ 20.9935, 3.9755,
0.1010

119.9757, 2.4261,
4.6997

■ 13.7981, 3.7590,
-0.1619

133.9751, 2.0001,
5.3942

■ 7.4210, 4.3315,
-0.5822

148.4803, 1.5363,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

6.1185

0.0000, NaN, NaN

163.4741, 1.0365,
6.8715

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 58.3212, 3.8937,
1.7271

■ 58.3212, 3.8937,
1.7271

■ 53.3760, 10.9713,
0.3233

■ 63.5358, -3.0453,
3.3752

■ 48.7422, 18.1586,
-0.7754

■ 68.9789, -9.8354,
5.2154

■ 44.4772, 25.3707,
-1.4870

■ 74.6222, -16.4871,
7.2118

■ 40.6482, 32.4443,
-1.7149

■ 80.4417, -23.0154,
9.3362

■ 37.3308, 39.1031,
-1.3566

■ 86.4179, -29.4377,
11.5674

■ 34.6023, 44.9447,
-0.3280

■ 92.3258, -35.4929,
13.6687

■ 32.5264, 49.4859,
1.3953

■ 92.6026, -33.8874,
9.7002

■ 31.1293, 52.3067,
3.7334

■ 92.8942, -32.2017,
5.5328

■ 30.2979, 53.6075,
6.2333

■ 93.2007, -30.4361,
1.1668

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.3225, 2.1556, -1.5007



58.3212, 3.8937, 1.7271



58.3225, 3.7178, 5.1589

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.3225, 3.8921, 1.7281



58.3225, -5.2235, 9.1795



58.3225, -7.7647, -1.9708

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.3212, 3.8937, 1.7271



62.0834, -9.9932, 4.9874

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.3225, -9.6471, 1.1182



58.3212, 3.8937, 1.7271



58.3225, -8.2050, 7.4924

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.3225, 3.8921, 1.7281



58.3225, -1.6059, 9.3205



58.3225, -9.8063, 4.5851



58.3225, -4.6091, -3.7226

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.3212, 3.8937, 1.7271



58.3225, 2.5415, 7.1017



58.3225, -9.8063, 4.5851



58.3225, -8.5639, -1.0460

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.3225, 3.8921, 1.7281



83.2321, -1.7466, 3.9328



57.8795, 3.0331, -3.7494



39.0407, -0.4782, 1.7722



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645



40.3295, -2.1519, 2.1912

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.3225, 3.8921, 1.7281



76.2219, 7.7539, 1.7689



58.3418, 2.1860, 5.3596



28.4118, 1.4674, 0.9235



26.3254, 46.6157, 5.1304



4.5157, 8.2282, -0.9183

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.3225, 3.8921, 1.7281



76.2219, 7.7539, 1.7689



62.0487, -8.2373, 1.2743



28.4118, 1.4674, 0.9235



26.3254, 46.6157, 5.1304



4.5157, 8.2282, -0.9183

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.3212, 3.8937, 1.7271 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.3212, 3.8937, 1.7271 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

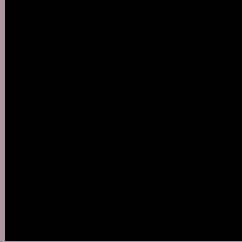
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 58.3212, 3.8937, 1.7271 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.3212, 3.8937, 1.7271.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.3212, 3.8937,

1.7271.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58.3212, 3.8937, 1.7271

Protanopia

58.4202, -1.5097, 0.8056

Deuteranopia

58.3212, 3.8937, 1.7271



Tritanopia

58.1332, 4.8870, 0.0862

Trichromacy



Original Color

58.3212, 3.8937, 1.7271

Protanomaly

58.4569, 0.0374, 1.3520

Deuteranomaly

58.3212, 3.8937, 1.7271

Tritanomaly

58.1023, 4.7215, 0.5264

Monochromacy



Original Color

58.3212, 3.8937, 1.7271

Achromatopsia

58.8816, -3.1418, 3.1991

Achromatomaly

58.6844, -0.7814, 2.5464

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 58.3212, 3.8937, 1.7271 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 153, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 153, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 153, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 153, 161) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 58.3212, 3.8937, 1.7271 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 153, 161) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 153, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 153, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 153, 161); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 153, 161); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 153, 161) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 58.3212, 3.8937, 1.7271 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 153, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
153, 161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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