

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(58.4221, -4.9804,  
4.4412)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(58.4221, -4.9804, 4.4412)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(58.4221, -4.9804,  
4.4412)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9B9F9B
RGB	155, 159, 155
RGB Percent	61%, 62%, 61%
CMY	0.3922, 0.3765, 0.3922
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.03, 0.38
HSL	120°, 2%, 62%
HSV	120°, 3%, 62%
XYZ	31.8321, 34.1314, 35.9206
YIQ	157.3480, -1.1000, -2.0920

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

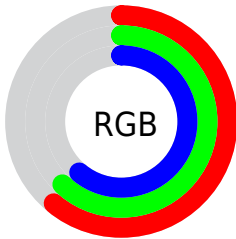
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	155, 159, 159
Decimal	10198939
CIELab	65.07, -2.20, 1.58
CIELCh	65, 2.707, 144.386
Yxy	34.1329, 0.3124, 0.3350
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288389019 (0xFF9B9F9B)
YUV	157.3480, -1.1576, -2.0592
Hunter-Lab	58.4221, -4.9804, 4.4412

# Details

The HunterLab color **58.4221, -4.9804, 4.4412** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **57.7215, -1.1928, 1.8529**, and the grayscale version is **58.2136, -3.1061, 3.1629**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81.3953, -6.8052, 6.0967**, and **38.2984, -3.7747, 3.2581** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.7118, -11.9635, 9.1590**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.3167, 2.5023, -0.6131**.

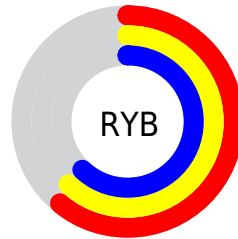
# Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (62%)

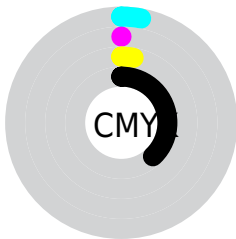
Blue (61%)



Red (61%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (62%)

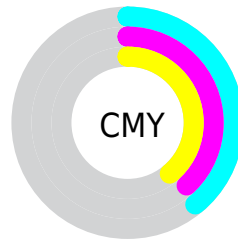


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (39%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 58.4221, -4.9804, 4.4412 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 58.4221, -4.9804, 4.4412 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 58.4221, -4.9804,  
4.4412

■ 58.4221, -4.9804,  
4.4412

179.0877,  
-12.2781, 11.5924

■ 47.9538, -4.3024,  
3.7899

■ 81.3267, -6.4246,  
5.8390

■ 38.1973, -3.6523,  
3.1704

■ 93.6906, -7.1865,  
6.5815

■ 29.2102, -3.0320,  
2.5849

106.6244, -7.9743,  
7.3518

■ 21.0653, -2.4418,  
2.0350

120.1040, -8.7873,  
8.1491

■ 13.8606, -1.8809,  
1.5215

134.1082, -9.6248,  
8.9726

■ 7.4903, -1.6805,  
1.2802

148.6180,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-10.4861, 9.8214

0.0000, NaN, NaN

163.6163,  
-11.3707, 10.6949

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 58.4221, -4.9804,  
4.4412

■ 58.4221, -4.9804,  
4.4412

■ 56.7118, -11.9635,  
9.1590

■ 60.3167, 2.5023,  
-0.6131

■ 55.1892, -18.3632,  
13.4835

■ 62.3833, 10.4111,  
-5.9539

■ 53.8609, -24.1035,  
17.3631

■ 64.6142, 18.6720,  
-11.5312

■ 52.7299, -29.1153,  
20.7509

■ 66.9997, 27.2203,  
-17.3011

■ 51.7963, -33.3441,  
23.6098

■ 69.5303, 35.9990,  
-23.2251

■ 51.0567, -36.7563,  
25.9170

■ 72.1966, 44.9599,  
-29.2706

■ 50.5035, -39.3461,  
27.6682

■ 72.9915, 47.5791,  
-31.0386

■ 50.1244, -41.1400,  
28.8814

■ 49.9013, -42.2034,  
29.6005

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.4234, -4.0687, 5.1413



58.4221, -4.9804, 4.4412



58.4234, -5.3958, 3.3941

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.4234, -4.9817, 4.4421



58.4234, -3.3457, 0.9566



58.4234, -1.0071, 4.0779

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.4221, -4.9804, 4.4412



57.7215, -1.1928, 1.8529

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.4234, -0.8098, 2.9653



58.4221, -4.9804, 4.4412



58.4234, -2.1661, 1.1485

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.4234, -4.9817, 4.4421



58.4234, -4.4561, 1.3701



58.4234, -1.2356, 1.8894



58.4234, -1.7727, 4.9340



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.4221, -4.9804, 4.4412



58.4234, -5.3355, 2.6330



58.4234, -1.2356, 1.8894



58.4234, -0.8719, 3.7221

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.4234, -4.9817, 4.4421



78.5473, -5.2061, 4.9579



58.7669, -3.7792, 4.8589



37.3023, -2.4443, 2.3354



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.4234, -4.9817, 4.4421



78.0530, -7.1889, 6.2973



58.4814, -4.6623, 3.6138



27.6611, -2.7717, 2.3840



44.2549, -37.9485, 26.6051



5.9176, -5.0743, 3.5575



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.7215, -1.1928, 1.8529



76.9130, -1.0349, 2.0918



57.6618, -1.5183, 2.7041



27.1719, -0.1308, 0.5793



27.9263, 54.9037, -36.8305



3.7342, 7.3416, -4.9250



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.4221, -4.9804, 4.4412 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

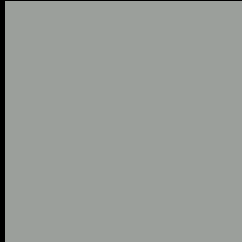
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.4221, -4.9804, 4.4412 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

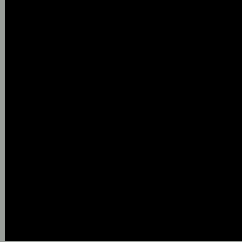
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

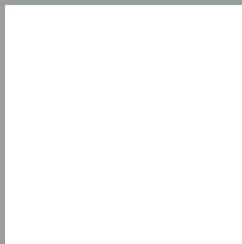
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 58.4221, -4.9804, 4.4412 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.4221, -4.9804, 4.4412.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.4221, -4.9804, 4.4412.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58.4221, -4.9804, 4.4412

### Protanopia

58.3302, -2.3542, 4.8267

### Deuteranopia

58.3669, 3.7511, 4.0812



## Tritanopia

58.4351, -1.0815, -2.0968

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

58.4221, -4.9804, 4.4412

## Protanomaly

58.4446, -3.4522, 4.9388

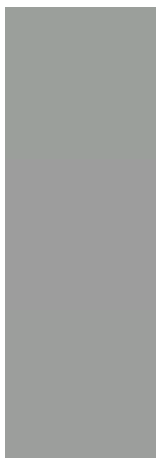
## Deuteranomaly

58.2666, 0.5014, 3.9075

## Tritanomaly

58.4825, -2.7267, 0.3819

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.4221, -4.9804, 4.4412

## Achromatopsia

58.0658, -3.0982, 3.1548

## Achromatomaly

58.2425, -4.0421, 3.7999

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 58.4221, -4.9804, 4.4412 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 159, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 159, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 159, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 159, 155) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 58.4221, -4.9804, 4.4412 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 159, 155) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 159, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 159, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 159, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 159, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 159,  
155) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 58.4221, -4.9804, 4.4412 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 159, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
159, 155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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