

Converting Colors

HunterLab(58.4492, -30.9901,
-6.1578)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(58.4492, -30.9901,
-6.1578) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(58.4682,
-30.9970, -6.1665)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00B0B0
RGB	0, 176, 176
RGB Percent	0%, 69%, 69%
CMY	0.9999, 0.3098, 0.3098
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	180°, 100%, 35%
HSV	180°, 100%, 69%
XYZ	23.3618, 34.1853, 46.4415
YIQ	123.3760, -104.8960, -37.3120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

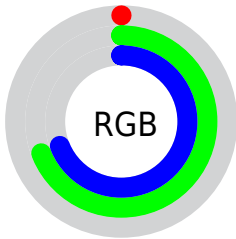
Format	Color
RYB	0, 88, 176
Decimal	45232
CIELab	65.11, -36.41, -10.70
CIELCh	65, 37.947, 196.385
Yxy	34.1866, 0.2247, 0.3287
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278235312 (0xFF00B0B0)
YUV	123.3760, 25.9436, -108.2008
Hunter-Lab	58.4682, -30.9970, -6.1665

Details

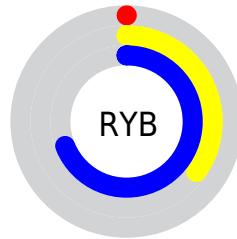
The HunterLab color **58.4682, -30.9970, -6.1665** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **30.3829, 52.0258, 19.6307**, and the grayscale version is **44.5876, -2.3791, 2.4225**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81.3241, -35.9533, -6.1771**, and **39.5236, -20.7470, -4.6143** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.4691, -30.9978, -6.1660**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.5760, -30.5755, -6.0168**.

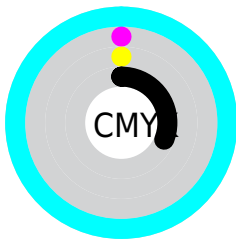
Distribution



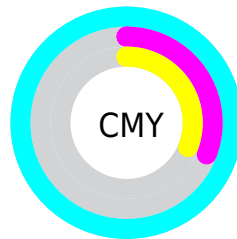
- Red (0%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 58.4682, -30.9970, -6.1665 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 58.4682, -30.9970, -6.1665 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58.4682, -30.9970,
-6.1665

■ 58.4682, -30.9970,
-6.1665

179.1544,
-52.3936, -3.3002

■ 47.9968, -28.2696,
-6.2327

■ 81.3779, -36.1361,
-5.8546

■ 38.2372, -25.3944,
-6.2327

■ 93.7443, -38.5898,
-5.6197

■ 29.2467, -22.3203,
-6.1584

■ 106.6805,
-40.9855, -5.3371

■ 21.0980, -18.9667,
-6.0014

■ 120.1624,
-43.3337, -5.0097

■ 13.8890, -15.2936,
-5.7548

■ 134.1688,
-45.6426, -4.6401

■ 7.5216, -13.1629,
-5.9461

■ 148.6807,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-47.9188, -4.2307

0.0000, NaN, NaN

163.6810,
-50.1677, -3.7835

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 58.4682, -30.9970,
-6.1665

■ 58.4682, -30.9970,
-6.1665

■ 58.4691, -30.9978,
-6.1660

■ 58.5760, -30.5755,
-6.0168

■ 58.7774, -29.7821,
-5.7364

■ 59.1090, -28.4822,
-5.2769

■ 59.5858, -26.6278,
-4.6210

■ 60.2186, -24.1921,
-3.7590

■ 61.0150, -21.1665,
-2.6876

■ 61.9796, -17.5587,
-1.4088

■ 63.1148, -13.3900,
0.0703

■ 64.4203, -8.6922,
1.7389

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.4693, -31.3210, 9.9634



58.4682, -30.9970, -6.1665



58.4693, -23.7777, -23.7201

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.4693, -30.9970, -6.1657



58.4693, 22.1486, -22.2279



58.4693, 4.6764, 25.8628

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.4682, -30.9970, -6.1665



30.3829, 52.0258, 19.6307

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.4693, 20.8683, 21.3446



58.4682, -30.9970, -6.1665



58.4693, 31.6985, -4.5221

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.4693, -30.9970, -6.1657



58.4693, 6.2709, -34.6366



58.4693, 31.2051, 11.2040



58.4693, -11.9587, 25.6534

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.4682, -30.9970, -6.1665



58.4693, -15.5077, -32.5512



58.4693, 31.2051, 11.2040



58.4693, 10.3871, 24.9168

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.4693, -30.9970, -6.1657



83.3916, -23.9307, -1.9981



55.7413, -47.7094, 33.5113



38.5620, -12.1056, -1.2723



94.3401, -5.0338, 5.1257



41.3092, -2.2042, 2.2444

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.4693, -30.9970, -6.1657



78.7406, -41.7448, -8.3037



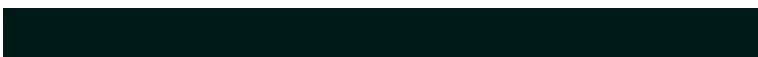
32.5710, 6.4304, -54.5886



31.0348, -4.0263, 0.8918



50.0823, -26.5514, -5.2815



8.8837, -4.7097, -0.9369

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.3829, 52.0258, 19.6307



40.9150, 70.0682, 26.4382



39.6749, 25.7716, 24.8972



29.1638, 0.9663, 2.4299



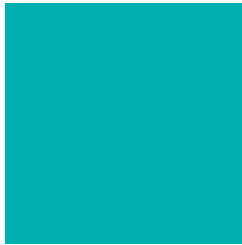
26.0237, 44.5663, 16.8158



4.6161, 7.9053, 2.9828

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.4682, -30.9970, -6.1665 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.4682, -30.9970, -6.1665 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

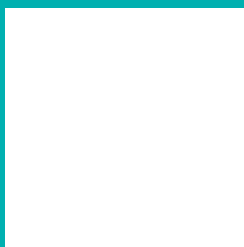
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 58.4682, -30.9970, -6.1665 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.4682, -30.9970, -6.1665.



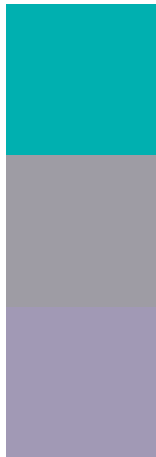
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.4682,

-30.9970, -6.1665.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

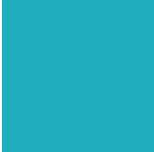
58.4682, -30.9970, -6.1665

Protanopia

58.0744, -1.1533, -0.0921

Deuteranopia

58.0480, 4.2886, -8.8074



Tritanopia

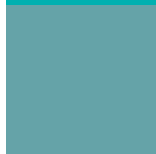
58.4893, -26.6438, -12.6538

Trichromacy



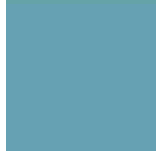
Original Color

58.4682, -30.9970, -6.1665



Protanomaly

56.3811, -17.8340, -4.5276



Deuteranomaly

56.1865, -14.5794, -10.6369



Tritanomaly

58.5400, -28.4405, -10.3542

Monochromacy



Original Color

58.4682, -30.9970, -6.1665



Achromatopsia

44.5050, -2.3747, 2.4180



Achromatomaly

47.8735, -17.7926, -2.5061

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 58.4682, -30.9970, -6.1665 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 176, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 176, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 176, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 176, 176) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 58.4682, -30.9970, -6.1665 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 176, 176) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 176, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 176, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 176, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 176, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 176,  
176) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 58.4682, -30.9970, -6.1665 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 176, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 176,  
176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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