

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(58.5315, -5.1749,  
20.7424)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(58.5315, -5.1749,  
20.7424) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(58.5315, -5.1749,  
20.7424)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AB9E6F
RGB	171, 158, 111
RGB Percent	67%, 62%, 44%
CMY	0.3294, 0.3804, 0.5647
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.35, 0.33
HSL	47°, 26%, 55%
HSV	47°, 35%, 67%
XYZ	31.8907, 34.2594, 19.9709
YIQ	156.5290, 22.8350, -11.8610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

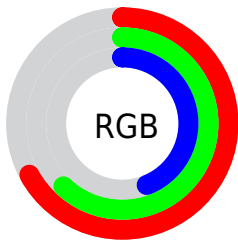
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	128, 171, 111
Decimal	11247215
CIELab	65.17, -2.42, 26.31
CIELCh	65, 26.423, 95.266
Yxy	34.2609, 0.3703, 0.3978
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289437295 (0xFFAB9E6F)
YUV	156.5290, -22.4458, 12.6911
Hunter-Lab	58.5315, -5.1749, 20.7424

# Details

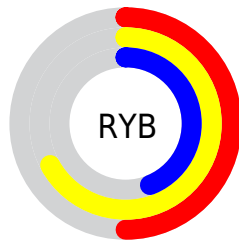
The HunterLab color **58.5315, -5.1749, 20.7424** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **45.5352, 3.0804, -22.0539**, and the grayscale version is **57.9570, -3.0924, 3.1489**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81.5866, -6.9462, 24.9708**, and **38.3742, -3.7723, 16.3142** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57.1620, -5.0536, 24.1745**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.9643, -5.0174, 16.6347**.

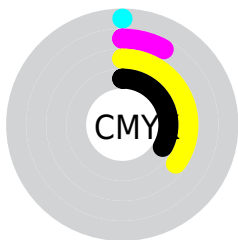
# Distribution



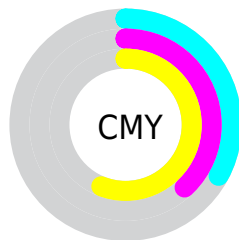
- Red (67%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 58.5315, -5.1749, 20.7424 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 58.5315, -5.1749, 20.7424 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 58.5315, -5.1749,  
20.7424

■ 58.5315, -5.1749,  
20.7424

179.2468,  
-12.5624, 38.0295

■ 48.0563, -4.4849,  
18.5993

■ 81.4489, -6.6427,  
24.8190

■ 38.2923, -3.8213,  
16.3541

■ 93.8187, -7.4152,  
26.7820

■ 29.2972, -3.1863,  
13.9716

■ 106.7582, -8.2132,  
28.7093

■ 21.1432, -2.5798,  
11.3983

■ 120.2432, -9.0359,  
30.6086

■ 13.9284, -2.0005,  
9.7499

134.2526, -9.8828,  
32.4859

■ 7.5648, -1.8008,  
5.2953

148.7674,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-10.7532, 34.3460

0.0000, NaN, NaN

163.7706,  
-11.6466, 36.1928

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 58.5315, -5.1749,  
20.7424

■ 58.5315, -5.1749,  
20.7424

■ 57.1620, -5.0536,  
24.1745

■ 59.9643, -5.0174,  
16.6347

■ 55.8521, -4.6467,  
26.9200

■ 61.4555, -4.5791,  
11.8655

■ 54.6033, -3.9592,  
28.9799

■ 63.0051, -3.8685,  
6.4564

■ 53.4146, -2.9992,  
30.3667

■ 64.6119, -2.8936,  
0.4321

■ 52.2842, -1.7814,  
31.1107

■ 66.2743, -1.6637,  
-6.1804

■ 51.2085, -0.3308,  
31.2693

■ 67.9906, -0.1893,  
-13.3528

■ 50.6927, 0.4253,  
31.2441

■ 69.7590, 1.5189,  
-21.0562

■ 71.5778, 3.4498,  
-29.2616

■ 72.9984, 3.1951,  
-31.8040

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.5328, 6.5884, 19.4827



58.5315, -5.1749, 20.7424



58.5328, -15.5586, 18.1060

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.5328, -5.1768, 20.7431



58.5328, -20.3874, -10.5674



58.5328, 18.7429, -6.4954

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.5315, -5.1749, 20.7424



45.5352, 3.0804, -22.0539

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.5328, 10.4389, -17.1217



58.5315, -5.1749, 20.7424



58.5328, -12.2461, -19.7776

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.5328, -5.1768, 20.7431



58.5328, -23.8882, 1.1877



58.5328, -1.0471, -22.3849



58.5328, 21.0055, 5.1165



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.5315, -5.1749, 20.7424



58.5328, -20.4926, 14.1162



58.5328, -1.0471, -22.3849



58.5328, 16.5352, -10.3678

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.5328, -5.1768, 20.7431



83.0415, -5.8007, 13.1617



46.3492, 19.4724, 4.5076



39.0876, -2.7942, 6.6537



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645



40.3295, -2.1519, 2.1912



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.5328, -5.1768, 20.7431



76.9205, -6.8358, 31.3575



60.9456, -16.5672, 22.6335



30.0522, -2.0254, 4.2513



44.1036, 0.2145, 27.1802



7.8326, -0.7589, 4.8131



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.5352, 3.0804, -22.0539



55.9969, 6.8574, -38.4347



43.4728, 13.9989, -25.5136



28.3338, -0.9847, -1.2921



18.1149, 28.1490, -83.4076



4.1179, 1.8146, -9.0642



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.5315, -5.1749, 20.7424 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

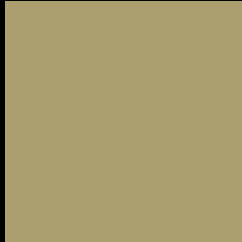
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.5315, -5.1749, 20.7424 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

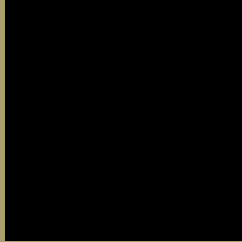
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 58.5315, -5.1749, 20.7424 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.5315, -5.1749, 20.7424.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.5315, -5.1749,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58.5315, -5.1749, 20.7424

### Protanopia

58.5315, -5.1749, 20.7424

### Deuteranopia

58.3047, 4.2934, 20.4140



## Tritanopia

58.4163, 7.1911, 0.9532

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

58.5315, -5.1749, 20.7424

## Protanomaly

58.5315, -5.1749, 20.7424

## Deuteranomaly

58.5031, 0.6609, 20.5255

## Tritanomaly

58.5139, 2.1397, 9.3579

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.5315, -5.1749, 20.7424

## Achromatopsia

58.0658, -3.0982, 3.1548

## Achromatomaly

58.0420, -4.1127, 10.3488

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 58.5315, -5.1749, 20.7424 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 158, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 158, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 158, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 158, 111) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 58.5315, -5.1749, 20.7424 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 158, 111) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 158, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 158, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 158, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 158, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 158,  
111) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 58.5315, -5.1749, 20.7424 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 158, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
158, 111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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