

Converting Colors

HunterLab(58.5840, -29.1163,
35.5894)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(58.5840, -29.1163,
35.5894) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(58.5921,
-29.0775, 35.5951)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	83AC00
RGB	131, 172, 0
RGB Percent	51%, 67%, 0%
CMY	0.4863, 0.3255, 0.9999
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 1.00, 0.33
HSL	74°, 100%, 34%
HSV	74°, 100%, 67%
XYZ	24.1126, 34.3303, 5.3556
YIQ	140.1330, 30.7760, -62.1840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

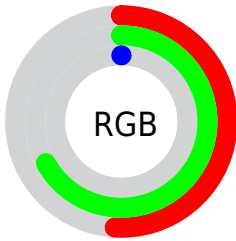
Format	Color
RYB	0, 172, 41
Decimal	8629248
CIELab	65.23, -33.58, 66.76
CIELCh	65, 74.732, 116.703
Yxy	34.3319, 0.3779, 0.5381
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286819328 (0xFF83AC00)
YUV	140.1330, -69.0856, -8.0096
Hunter-Lab	58.5921, -29.0775, 35.5951

Details

The HunterLab color **58.5921, -29.0775, 35.5951** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669900**. A complement of this color would be **18.5768, 47.8422, -112.2902**, and the grayscale version is **51.5234, -2.7492, 2.7994**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81.6701, -34.1071, 44.7638**, and **38.3269, -22.8348, 23.2171** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.5931, -29.0804, 35.5957**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.9126, -27.7614, 35.2729**.

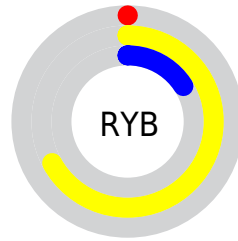
Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (67%)

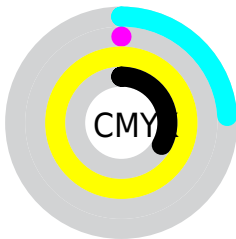
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (16%)

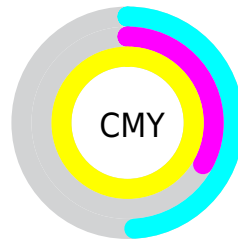


Cyan (24%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (49%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 58.5921, -29.0775, 35.5951 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 58.5921, -29.0775, 35.5951 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58.5921, -29.0775,
35.5951

■ 58.5921, -29.0775,
35.5951

179.3347,
-49.2500, 71.8822

■ 48.1131, -26.5334,
30.7272

■ 81.5165, -33.8929,
44.6725

■ 38.3449, -23.8571,
25.6293

■ 93.8896, -36.1987,
48.9335

■ 29.3453, -21.0043,
20.5417

■ 106.8322,
-38.4546, 53.0412

■ 21.1864, -17.9020,
14.8305

■ 120.3202,
-40.6697, 57.0156

■ 13.9659, -14.4425,
9.7761

■ 134.3325,
-42.8514, 60.8735

■ 7.6056, -13.3099,
5.3239

■ 148.8501,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-45.0056, 64.6294

0.0000, NaN, NaN

163.8559,
-47.1372, 68.2954

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 58.5921, -29.0775,
35.5951

■ 58.5921, -29.0775,
35.5951

■ 58.5931, -29.0804,
35.5957

■ 58.9126, -27.7614,
35.2729

■ 59.2713, -26.2392,
34.5176

■ 59.6806, -24.4499,
33.1639

■ 60.1451, -22.3720,
31.1483

■ 60.6683, -19.9916,
28.4254

■ 61.2526, -17.3005,
24.9638

■ 61.9000, -14.2956,
20.7438

■ 62.6119, -10.9777,
15.7561

■ 63.3891, -7.3511,
10.0000

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.5934, 0.5764, 37.1567



58.5921, -29.0775, 35.5951



58.5934, -47.4085, 27.6452

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.5934, -29.0791, 35.5954



58.5934, -34.1408, -73.3572



58.5934, 74.9273, -0.4010

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.5921, -29.0775, 35.5951



18.5768, 47.8422, -112.2902

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.5934, 60.1350, -40.7438



58.5921, -29.0775, 35.5951



58.5934, -6.7456, -95.1927

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.5934, -29.0791, 35.5954



58.5934, -49.8428, -31.0692



58.5934, 28.3076, -80.7946



58.5934, 65.2717, 24.3974

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.5921, -29.0775, 35.5951



58.5934, -53.1023, 15.4774



58.5934, 28.3076, -80.7946



58.5934, 72.5814, -12.5174

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.5934, -29.0791, 35.5954



83.3212, -19.4869, 28.2772



32.0916, 42.7247, 20.5217



38.6731, -9.8720, 14.3083



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645



40.3295, -2.1519, 2.1912

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.5934, -29.0791, 35.5954



78.8500, -39.4312, 47.8967



54.8495, -44.3246, 33.0215



30.3851, -3.3972, 4.5884



50.5698, -24.9843, 30.7235



8.5699, -3.6412, 5.2170

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.5768, 47.8422, -112.2902



24.8477, 64.2985, -152.5156



27.2497, 57.5932, -67.1262



28.0107, 0.3755, -1.6835



16.0912, 41.3311, -96.3792



3.1140, 7.3129, -13.3370

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.5921, -29.0775, 35.5951 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.5921, -29.0775, 35.5951 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

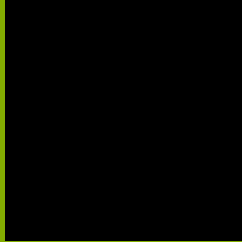
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 58.5921, -29.0775, 35.5951 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.5921, -29.0775, 35.5951.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.5921, -29.0775, 35.5951.

-29.0775, 35.5951.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58.5921, -29.0775, 35.5951

Protanopia

58.2398, -8.1731, 35.7440

Deuteranopia

58.3602, 4.0648, 34.6442



Tritanopia

58.5404, -4.9704, -4.0562

Trichromacy



Original Color

58.5921, -29.0775, 35.5951

Protanomaly

58.1132, -16.3228, 35.5233

Deuteranomaly

57.8817, -9.3666, 34.8245

Tritanomaly

57.7403, -17.3469, 20.1278

Monochromacy



Original Color

58.5921, -29.0775, 35.5951

Achromatopsia

51.2104, -2.7325, 2.7824

Achromatomaly

53.3817, -15.3463, 22.1277

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 58.5921, -29.0775, 35.5951 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 172, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 172, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 172, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 172, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 58.5921, -29.0775, 35.5951 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 172, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 172, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(131, 172, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 172, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 172, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 172,  
0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 58.5921, -29.0775, 35.5951 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 172, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131,  
172, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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