

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(58.6010, 30.2759,  
13.2560)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(58.6010, 30.2759,  
13.2560) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(58.6514, 29.9669,  
13.1192)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E08588
RGB	224, 133, 136
RGB Percent	88%, 52%, 53%
CMY	0.1216, 0.4784, 0.4667
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.39, 0.12
HSL	358°, 59%, 70%
HSV	358°, 41%, 88%
XYZ	43.5719, 34.3999, 27.6359
YIQ	160.5510, 53.2730, 20.2250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

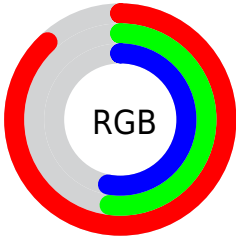
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">224, 133, 136</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14714248</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">65.28, 35.19, 13.51</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">65, 37.692, 21.000</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">34.4016, 0.4126, 0.3257</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292904328</a> (0xFFE08588)
YUV	<a href="#">160.5510, -12.1036, 55.6448</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">58.6514, 29.9669, 13.1192</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **58.6514, 29.9669, 13.1192** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **79.6988, -28.8746, -2.2875**, and the grayscale version is **59.5493, -3.1774, 3.2354**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77.7655, 20.4440, 11.5706**, and **38.4883, 27.3624, 10.6329** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.2475, 39.0253, 15.6554**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.7166, 20.9923, 10.7491**.

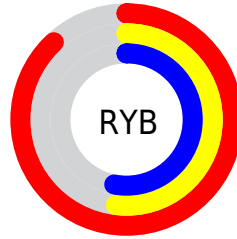
# Distribution



Red (88%)

Green (52%)

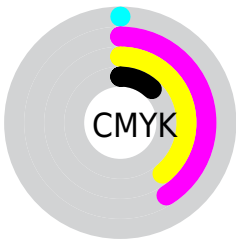
Blue (53%)



Red (88%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (53%)

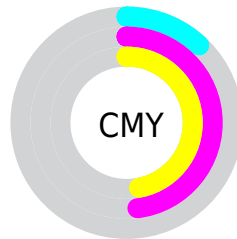


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (39%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (12%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (47%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 58.6514, 29.9669, 13.1192 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 58.6514, 29.9669, 13.1192 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 58.6514, 29.9669,  
13.1192

■ 58.6514, 29.9669,  
13.1192

179.4210, 36.0508,  
24.9446

■ 48.1687, 28.8450,  
11.7897

■ 81.5829, 31.8833,  
15.7419

■ 38.3965, 27.6067,  
10.4334

■ 93.9592, 32.7022,  
17.0450

■ 29.3925, 26.2391,  
9.0357

■ 106.9048, 33.4372,  
18.3483

■ 21.2287, 24.7389,  
7.5712

120.3958, 34.0947,  
19.6546

■ 14.0028, 23.1299,  
6.0018

134.4109, 34.6804,  
20.9660

■ 7.6455, 22.9096,  
5.3519

148.9312, 35.1989,

0.0000, INF, NaN

22.2839

0.0000, NaN, NaN

163.9397, 35.6544,  
23.6098

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 58.6514, 29.9669,  
13.1192

■ 58.6514, 29.9669,  
13.1192

■ 53.2475, 39.0253,  
15.6554

■ 64.7166, 20.9923,  
10.7491

■ 48.6263, 47.8201,  
18.2652

■ 71.3294, 12.2891,  
8.5745

■ 44.9179, 55.7719,  
20.7831

■ 78.4014, 3.9187,  
6.5959

■ 42.2249, 62.1469,  
22.9721

■ 85.8611, -4.1172,  
4.7973

■ 40.5785, 66.2966,  
24.5883

■ 93.6517, -11.8461,  
3.1568

■ 39.8289, 68.2488,  
25.4220

■ 97.2560, -15.0173,  
1.9902

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.6529, 32.0794, -1.7906



58.6514, 29.9669, 13.1192



58.6529, 18.4787, 22.3191

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.6529, 29.9638, 13.1203



58.6529, -26.0639, 19.3489



58.6529, -8.0728, -35.7098

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.6514, 29.9669, 13.1192



79.6988, -28.8746, -2.2875

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.6529, -22.0072, -25.8599



58.6514, 29.9669, 13.1192



58.6529, -31.6033, 7.7737

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.6529, 29.9638, 13.1203



58.6529, -14.2046, 25.1530



58.6529, -30.2060, -8.8457



58.6529, 8.8267, -33.0920



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.6514, 29.9669, 13.1192



58.6529, 7.6941, 25.3568



58.6529, -30.2060, -8.8457



58.6529, -13.2270, -33.6644

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.6529, 29.9638, 13.1203



89.5796, 5.9339, 7.9617



61.2580, 43.3061, -29.7502



40.9365, 3.3285, 3.8191

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.6529, 29.9638, 13.1203



62.4214, 43.8758, 17.7526



69.5586, 7.5977, 24.0784



37.0241, 1.3808, 2.9780



30.3924, 52.0896, 19.3151



8.0179, 13.7745, 4.8431



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.6529, 29.9638, 13.1203



62.4214, 43.8758, 17.7526



66.0568, -8.1553, -22.7356



37.0241, 1.3808, 2.9780



30.3924, 52.0896, 19.3151



8.0179, 13.7745, 4.8431



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.6514, 29.9669, 13.1192 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

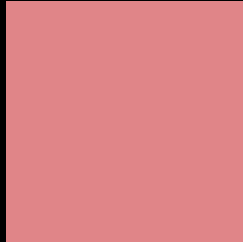
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.6514, 29.9669, 13.1192 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

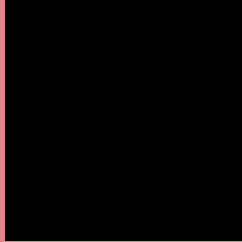
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 58.6514, 29.9669, 13.1192 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.6514, 29.9669, 13.1192.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.6514, 29.9669,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58.6514, 29.9669, 13.1192

### Protanopia

58.7505, -2.6672, 7.4602

### Deuteranopia

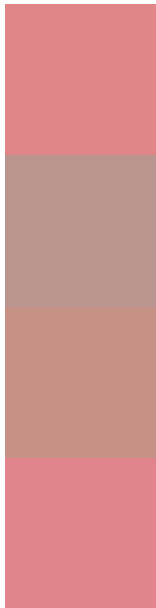
58.8781, 4.2610, 14.0094



## Tritanopia

58.7053, 31.6156, 10.8813

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

58.6514, 29.9669, 13.1192

## Protanomaly

58.2646, 8.4225, 9.1999

## Deuteranomaly

58.6695, 13.3533, 13.5929

## Tritanomaly

58.6545, 31.3675, 11.6120

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.6514, 29.9669, 13.1192

## Achromatopsia

59.6993, -3.1854, 3.2436

## Achromatomaly

58.8137, 7.8575, 6.4320

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 58.6514, 29.9669, 13.1192 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 133, 136)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 133, 136)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 133, 136) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 133, 136) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 58.6514, 29.9669, 13.1192 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 133, 136) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 133, 136) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 133, 136)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 133, 136); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 133, 136);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 133,  
136) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 58.6514, 29.9669, 13.1192 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 133, 136) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
133, 136) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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