

Converting Colors

HunterLab(58.6699, -40.1942,
-15.1094)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(58.6699, -40.1942,
-15.1094) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(61.0423,
-30.0861, -11.3503)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00B6C0
RGB	0, 182, 192
RGB Percent	0%, 71%, 75%
CMY	0.9998, 0.2863, 0.2471
CMYK	1.00, 0.05, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	183°, 100%, 38%
HSV	183°, 100%, 75%
XYZ	26.2423, 37.2616, 55.6782
YIQ	128.7220, -111.6820, -35.4740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

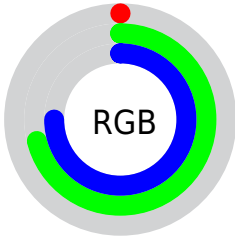
Format	Color
RYB	0, 93, 192
Decimal	46784
CIELab	67.47, -34.22, -16.01
CIELCh	67, 37.778, 205.080
Yxy	37.2630, 0.2202, 0.3126
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278236864 (0xFF00B6C0)
YUV	128.7220, 31.1961, -112.8892
Hunter-Lab	61.0423, -30.0861, -11.3503

Details

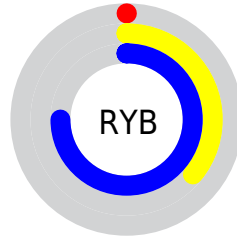
The HunterLab color **61.0423, -30.0861, -11.3503** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **33.8003, 56.2273, 21.8099**, and the grayscale version is **46.6625, -2.4898, 2.5353**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.0792, -34.8645, -11.4250**, and **41.5962, -19.6702, -9.5292** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.0425, -30.0860, -11.3507**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.4937, -30.0474, -10.7166**.

Distribution



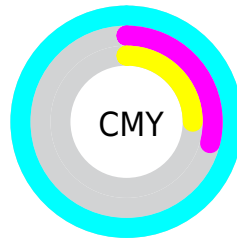
- Red (0%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 61.0423, -30.0861, -11.3503 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 61.0423, -30.0861, -11.3503 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

61.0423, -30.0861,
-11.3503

61.0423, -30.0861,
-11.3503

182.8791,
-50.4422, -10.0418

50.4095, -27.5255,
-11.2231

84.2479, -34.9367,
-11.4137

40.4767, -24.8388,
-11.0277

96.7513, -37.2629,
-11.3601

31.2986, -21.9831,
-10.7593

109.8185,
-39.5397, -11.2544

22.9433, -18.8917,
-10.4167

123.4262,
-41.7761, -11.0996

15.5014, -15.4520,
-10.0112

137.5537,
-43.9793, -10.8986

9.0962, -15.9183,
-9.6212

152.1825,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-46.1550, -10.6539

0.0000, NaN, NaN

167.2960,
-48.3080, -10.3677

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.0423, -30.0861,
-11.3503

■ 61.0423, -30.0861,
-11.3503

■ 61.0425, -30.0860,
-11.3507

■ 61.4937, -30.0474,
-10.7166

■ 62.0551, -29.5761,
-9.9274

■ 62.7644, -28.5337,
-8.9336

■ 63.6364, -26.8723,
-7.7216

■ 64.6813, -24.5687,
-6.2869

■ 65.9050, -21.6206,
-4.6324

■ 67.3105, -18.0430,
-2.7670

■ 68.8977, -13.8640,
-0.7038

■ 70.6647, -9.1221,
1.5411

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.0434, -32.4809, 5.9247



61.0423, -30.0861, -11.3503



61.0434, -20.8344, -27.9920

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.0434, -30.0861, -11.3494



61.0434, 25.8572, -17.2441



61.0434, -0.4374, 26.8600

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.0423, -30.0861, -11.3503



33.8003, 56.2273, 21.8099

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.0434, 16.5583, 23.6843



61.0423, -30.0861, -11.3503



61.0434, 32.7601, 0.6010

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.0434, -30.0861, -11.3494



61.0434, 11.1922, -31.9956



61.0434, 29.1848, 15.0677



61.0434, -16.4821, 25.2768

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.0423, -30.0861, -11.3503



61.0434, -11.4345, -34.9124



61.0434, 29.1848, 15.0677



61.0434, 5.3678, 26.3463

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.0434, -30.0861, -11.3494



90.5043, -24.5485, -3.8571



61.4176, -52.5417, 36.6582



41.5356, -12.3573, -2.2938



98.8636, -5.2751, 5.3714



45.2661, -2.4153, 2.4594

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.0434, -30.0861, -11.3494



82.0955, -40.4096, -15.3794



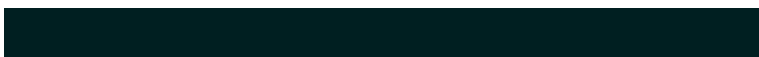
32.4490, 14.0483, -70.8801



33.6684, -4.1947, 0.8003



50.1089, -24.7235, -9.2608



10.5493, -5.3016, -1.7411

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.1903, 74.2398, -43.8766



51.3937, 99.8969, -58.9104



46.2994, 22.5056, 28.9220



31.9971, 2.4350, -0.9238



31.3321, 60.9219, -36.0688



6.5344, 12.7387, -7.7798

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.0423, -30.0861, -11.3503 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

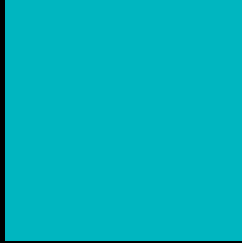
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 61.0423, -30.0861, -11.3503 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

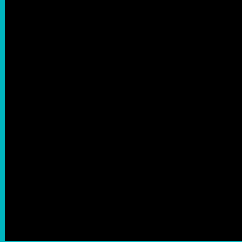
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

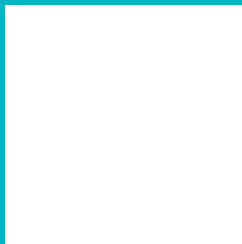
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 61.0423, -30.0861, -11.3503 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.0423, -30.0861, -11.3503.



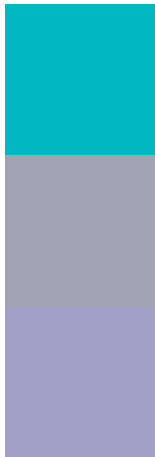
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 61.0423, -30.0861, -11.3503.

-30.0861, -11.3503.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61.0423, -30.0861, -11.3503

Protanopia

60.5577, -0.5847, -4.4499

Deuteranopia

60.7077, 4.1681, -14.1090



Tritanopia

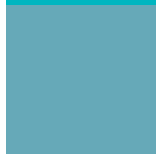
60.9770, -28.3271, -13.7018

Trichromacy



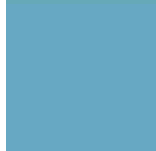
Original Color

61.0423, -30.0861, -11.3503



Protanomaly

58.8739, -17.1684, -9.6906



Deuteranomaly

59.0161, -14.2143, -15.7528



Tritanomaly

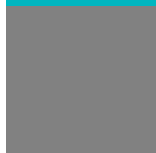
60.8880, -28.7484, -13.2592

Monochromacy



Original Color

61.0423, -30.0861, -11.3503



Achromatopsia

46.8536, -2.5000, 2.5456



Achromatomaly

50.2401, -17.7955, -4.4106

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 61.0423, -30.0861, -11.3503 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 182, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 182, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 182, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 182, 192) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 61.0423, -30.0861, -11.3503 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 182, 192) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 182, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 182, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 182, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 182, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 182,  
192) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 61.0423, -30.0861, -11.3503 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 182, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 182,  
192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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