

Converting Colors

HunterLab(58.7345, 2.7258,
-15.5998)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(58.7345, 2.7258,
-15.5998) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(58.6451, 2.9512,
-16.0090)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	989CC3
RGB	152, 156, 195
RGB Percent	60%, 61%, 76%
CMY	0.4039, 0.3882, 0.2353
CMYK	0.22, 0.20, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	234°, 26%, 68%
HSV	234°, 22%, 76%
XYZ	34.6877, 34.3925, 56.4399
YIQ	159.2500, -14.9030, 11.2810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

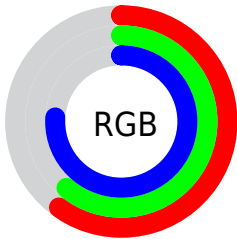
Format	Color
R_{YB}	152, 156, 195
Decimal	10001603
CIE _{Lab}	65.27, 7.00, -20.53
CIE _{LCh}	65, 21.692, 288.821
Yxy	34.3939, 0.2764, 0.2740
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288191683 (0xFF989CC3)
YUV	159.2500, 17.6248, -6.3582
Hunter-Lab	58.6451, 2.9512, -16.0090

Details

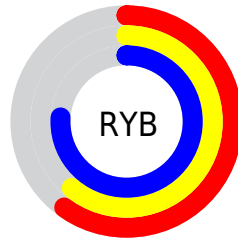
The HunterLab color $58.6451, 2.9512, -16.0090$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $71.5059, -8.2975, 19.2846$, and the grayscale version is $58.9195, -3.1438, 3.2012$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $81.4781, 2.7697, -16.7611$, and $38.3869, 3.1071, -15.2130$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52.1101, 6.7032, -26.5168$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $65.4268, -0.3728, -6.4784$.

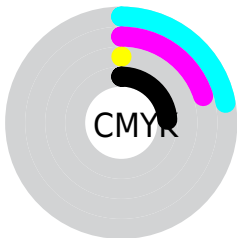
Distribution



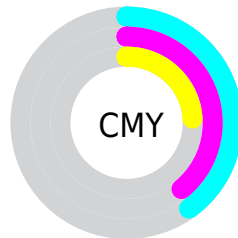
- Red (60%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 58.6451, 2.9512, -16.0090 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 58.6451, 2.9512, -16.0090 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58.6451, 2.9512,
-16.0090

■ 58.6451, 2.9512,
-16.0090

179.4115, -0.8442,
-16.1123

■ 48.1626, 3.1396,
-15.7124

■ 81.5755, 2.4063,
-16.4074

■ 38.3908, 3.2653,
-15.3511

■ 93.9515, 2.0612,
-16.5176

■ 29.3872, 3.3180,
-14.9269

106.8968, 1.6722,
-16.5724

■ 21.2240, 3.2850,
-14.4556

120.3874, 1.2422,
-16.5747

■ 13.9987, 3.1465,
-13.9917

134.4022, 0.7736,
-16.5275

■ 7.6411, 3.5826,
-14.4276

148.9222, 0.2685,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-16.4332

0.0000, NaN, NaN

163.9304, -0.2714,
-16.2941

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 58.6451, 2.9512,
-16.0090

■ 58.6451, 2.9512,
-16.0090

■ 52.1101, 6.7032,
-26.5168

■ 65.4268, -0.3728,
-6.4784

■ 45.8656, 11.0117,
-38.2870

■ 72.4169, -3.3628,
2.2927

■ 39.9793, 16.0308,
-51.6528

■ 79.5903, -6.0929,
10.4750

■ 34.5460, 21.9260,
-66.9402

■ 86.9269, -8.6187,
18.1977

■ 29.7009, 28.7987,
-84.2604

■ 94.4107, -10.9821,
25.5593

■ 25.6307, 36.4862,
-103.0013

■ 98.3464, -14.4716,
29.2209

■ 22.5611, 44.2073,
-121.0070

■ 20.9225, 49.2902,
-132.5546

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.6463, -6.6731, -16.8087



58.6451, 2.9512, -16.0090



58.6463, 11.4374, -9.6044

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.6463, 2.9503, -16.0078



58.6463, 9.5402, 14.9438



58.6463, -20.1856, 6.4999

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.6451, 2.9512, -16.0090



71.5059, -8.2975, 19.2846

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.6463, -16.4055, 13.6291



58.6451, 2.9512, -16.0090



58.6463, 0.4944, 17.9543

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.6463, 2.9503, -16.0078



58.6463, 15.4080, 8.5859



58.6463, -8.9768, 17.5153



58.6463, -19.6219, -2.7679

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.6451, 2.9512, -16.0090



58.6463, 15.1166, -3.5220



58.6463, -8.9768, 17.5153



58.6463, -19.3911, 9.1960

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.6463, 2.9503, -16.0078



92.1499, -2.5253, -2.7577



70.3240, -16.8775, 1.6267



42.8529, -1.0659, -1.6301

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.6463, 2.9503, -16.0078



74.6343, 6.0548, -27.3633



59.0379, 10.0175, -15.2965



31.4569, -0.5635, -1.8960



17.0325, 39.0703, -105.6308



4.2144, 5.7592, -17.7000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.3820, 11.7969, 6.5285



77.5162, 20.1400, 9.5639



71.2315, -15.6538, 18.8918



31.7691, 1.2111, 2.3215



27.5229, 47.2586, 16.8174



5.7669, 9.9932, 2.8178

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.6451, 2.9512, -16.0090 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

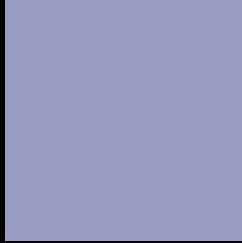
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.6451, 2.9512, -16.0090 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

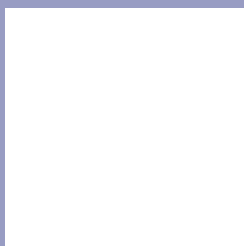
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 58.6451, 2.9512, -16.0090 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.6451, 2.9512, -16.0090.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.6451, 2.9512, -16.0090.

-16.0090.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58.6451, 2.9512, -16.0090

Protanopia

58.7274, 1.8311, -16.5053

Deuteranopia

58.6101, 4.2985, -16.0382



Tritanopia

58.6981, -4.4176, -3.8417

Trichromacy



Original Color

58.6451, 2.9512, -16.0090

Protanomaly

58.8077, 2.1037, -16.3790

Deuteranomaly

58.5259, 4.0164, -16.1701

Tritanomaly

58.7555, -2.1633, -7.9468

Monochromacy



Original Color

58.6451, 2.9512, -16.0090

Achromatopsia

58.8816, -3.1418, 3.1991

Achromatomaly

58.7369, -1.3377, -3.2273

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 58.6451, 2.9512, -16.0090 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 156, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 156, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 156, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 156, 195) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 58.6451, 2.9512, -16.0090 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 156, 195) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 156, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 156, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 156, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 156, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 156,  
195) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 58.6451, 2.9512, -16.0090 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 156, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
156, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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