

Converting Colors

HunterLab(58.7726, -5.1549,
3.9831)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(58.7726, -5.1549, 3.9831)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(58.7746, -5.1416,
3.9486)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9BA09D
RGB	155, 160, 157
RGB Percent	61%, 63%, 62%
CMY	0.3922, 0.3725, 0.3843
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.02, 0.37
HSL	144°, 3%, 62%
HSV	144°, 3%, 63%
XYZ	32.1742, 34.5445, 36.8703
YIQ	158.1630, -2.0170, -1.9930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

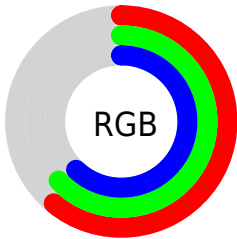
Format	Color
RYB	155, 159, 160
Decimal	10199197
CIELab	65.39, -2.37, 0.93
CIElCh	65, 2.542, 158.518
Yxy	34.5460, 0.3106, 0.3335
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288389277 (0xFF9BA09D)
YUV	158.1630, -0.5734, -2.7740
Hunter-Lab	58.7746, -5.1416, 3.9486

Details

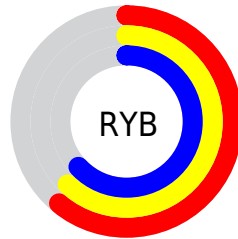
The HunterLab color **58.7746, -5.1416, 3.9486** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **57.7805, -1.0497, 2.3910**, and the grayscale version is **58.5439, -3.1238, 3.1808**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81.7983, -6.8065, 5.1367**, and **38.6276, -3.9246, 2.8039** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57.2286, -11.2041, 6.3001**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.4785, 1.3154, 1.6363**.

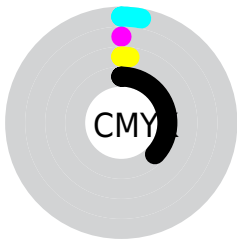
Distribution



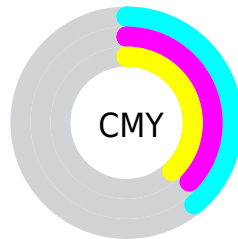
- Red (61%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 58.7746, -5.1416, 3.9486 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 58.7746, -5.1416, 3.9486 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58.7746, -5.1416,
3.9486

■ 58.7746, -5.1416,
3.9486

179.5995,
-12.5105, 10.8685

■ 48.2839, -4.4537,
3.3302

■ 81.7202, -6.6041,
5.2866

■ 38.5033, -3.7928,
2.7460

■ 94.1031, -7.3744,
6.0015

■ 29.4902, -3.1610,
2.1990

107.0550, -8.1703,
6.7455

■ 21.3164, -2.5581,
1.6919

120.5521, -8.9911,
7.5175

■ 14.0791, -1.9830,
1.2274

134.5730, -9.8361,
8.3167

■ 7.7273, -1.7468,
0.9200

149.0990,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-10.7047, 9.1421

0.0000, NaN, NaN

164.1129,
-11.5963, 9.9930

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 58.7746, -5.1416,
3.9486

■ 58.7746, -5.1416,
3.9486

■ 57.2286, -11.2041,
6.3001

■ 60.4785, 1.3154,
1.6363

■ 55.8417, -16.8109,
8.6686

■ 62.3305, 8.1146,
-0.6240

■ 54.6189, -21.9082,
11.0326

■ 64.3250, 15.2014,
-2.8191

■ 53.5622, -26.4465,
13.3666

■ 66.4548, 22.5269,
-4.9403

■ 52.6712, -30.3858,
15.6433

■ 68.7128, 30.0477,
-6.9816

■ 51.9431, -33.6995,
17.8346

■ 71.0914, 37.7256,
-8.9400

■ 51.3721, -36.3791,
19.9126

■ 71.9702, 40.9614,
-13.1648

■ 50.9487, -38.4371,
21.8509

■ 72.3421, 42.7631,
-18.3681

■ 50.6591, -39.9124,
23.6253

■ 72.7326, 44.6464,
-23.8043

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.7759, -4.4832, 4.7900



58.7746, -5.1416, 3.9486



58.7759, -5.2679, 2.8931

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.7759, -5.1429, 3.9495



58.7759, -2.8178, 1.1231



58.7759, -1.4335, 4.4691

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.7746, -5.1416, 3.9486



57.7805, -1.0497, 2.3910

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.7759, -0.9800, 3.5040



58.7746, -5.1416, 3.9486



58.7759, -1.7831, 1.5629

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.7759, -5.1429, 3.9495



58.7759, -3.9310, 1.2479



58.7759, -1.1084, 2.4391



58.7759, -2.3433, 5.0861

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.7746, -5.1416, 3.9486



58.7759, -5.0320, 2.2062



58.7759, -1.1084, 2.4391



58.7759, -1.2223, 4.1754

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.7759, -5.1429, 3.9495



79.6638, -5.1379, 4.6600



58.9809, -4.5390, 5.0908



37.3137, -2.3820, 2.1735



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.7759, -5.1429, 3.9495



78.9901, -7.7304, 5.6210



58.8468, -4.7520, 2.9370



27.6229, -2.8663, 2.0284



44.5884, -35.8622, 21.6847



6.0298, -4.3770, 1.9119

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.7805, -1.0497, 2.3910



77.2429, -0.5448, 2.8854



57.7091, -1.4388, 3.4097



26.9301, -0.0170, 0.9437



25.4736, 46.2436, -3.8439



3.5245, 6.6068, -2.1488

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.7746, -5.1416, 3.9486 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

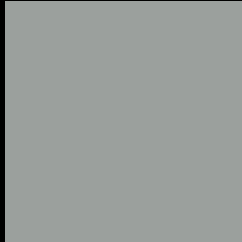
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.7746, -5.1416, 3.9486 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

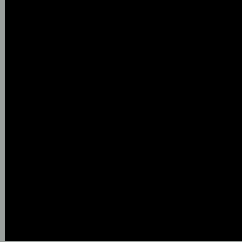
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

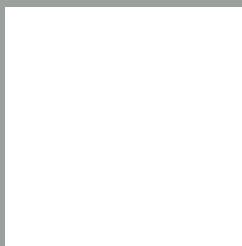
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 58.7746, -5.1416, 3.9486 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.7746, -5.1416, 3.9486.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.7746, -5.1416, 3.9486.

3.9486.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58.7746, -5.1416, 3.9486

Protanopia

58.7668, -2.2183, 4.4405

Deuteranopia

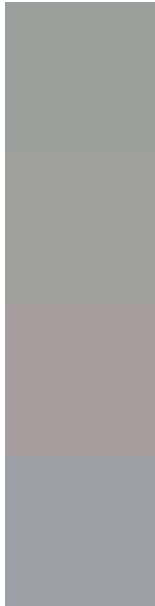
58.8035, 3.8923, 3.6872



Tritanopia

58.7572, -1.3973, -2.1936

Trichromacy



Original Color

58.7746, -5.1416, 3.9486

Protanomaly

58.7941, -3.6212, 4.4475

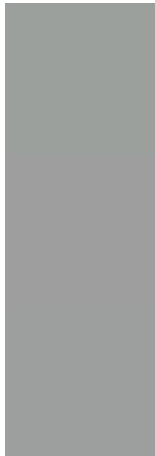
Deuteranomaly

58.7035, 0.6417, 3.5132

Tritanomaly

58.8054, -3.0439, 0.2917

Monochromacy



Original Color

58.7746, -5.1416, 3.9486

Achromatopsia

58.4734, -3.1200, 3.1770

Achromatomaly

58.6796, -3.9044, 3.4055

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 58.7746, -5.1416, 3.9486 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 160, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 160, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 160, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 160, 157) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 58.7746, -5.1416, 3.9486 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 160, 157) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 160, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 160, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 160, 157); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 160, 157);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 160,  
157) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 58.7746, -5.1416, 3.9486 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 160, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
160, 157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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