

Converting Colors

HunterLab(58.9820, -3.1141,
1.9290)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(58.9820, -3.1141, 1.9290)
contains.

HunterLab(58.8846, -2.9521, 1.8150)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(58.8846, -2.9521,
1.8150)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9E9FA2
RGB	158, 159, 162
RGB Percent	62%, 62%, 64%
CMY	0.3804, 0.3765, 0.3647
CMYK	0.02, 0.02, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	225°, 2%, 63%
HSV	225°, 2%, 64%
XYZ	33.0202, 34.6740, 39.1348
YIQ	159.0430, -1.5590, 0.7210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

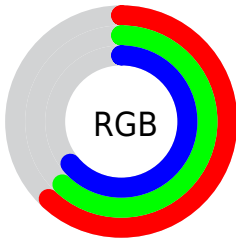
Format	Color
RYB	158, 159, 162
Decimal	10395554
CIELab	65.50, 0.22, -1.69
CIElCh	65, 1.706, 277.563
Yxy	34.6754, 0.3091, 0.3246
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288585634 (0xFF9E9FA2)
YUV	159.0430, 1.4578, -0.9147
Hunter-Lab	58.8846, -2.9521, 1.8150

Details

The HunterLab color **58.8846, -2.9521, 1.8150** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **59.6987, -3.3601, 4.6004**, and the grayscale version is **58.8949, -3.1425, 3.1999**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.0055, -4.1768, 2.9965**, and **38.6998, -2.0415, 1.2103** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.0067, -1.7840, -4.2794**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63.8829, -3.9064, 7.5706**.

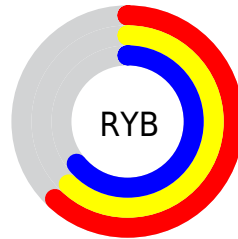
Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (62%)

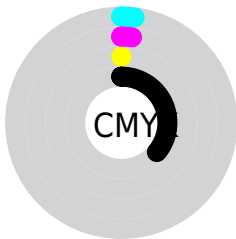
Blue (64%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (64%)

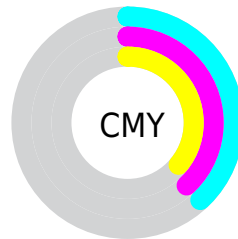


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 58.8846, -2.9521, 1.8150 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 58.8846, -2.9521, 1.8150 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58.8846, -2.9521,
1.8150

■ 58.8846, -2.9521,
1.8150

179.7591, -9.3231,
7.7820

■ 48.3870, -2.4048,
1.3303

■ 81.8429, -4.1574,
2.9081

■ 38.5989, -1.8950,
0.8894

■ 94.2317, -4.8088,
3.5094

■ 29.5776, -1.4273,
0.4978

107.1894, -5.4911,
4.1449

■ 21.3949, -1.0058,
0.1617

120.6918, -6.2028,
4.8128

■ 14.1475, -0.6363,
-0.1102

134.7180, -6.9429,
5.5116

■ 7.7997, -0.2911,
-0.4743

149.2490, -7.7102,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

6.2402

0.0000, NaN, NaN

164.2678, -8.5039,
6.9973

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 58.8846, -2.9521,
1.8150

■ 58.8846, -2.9521,
1.8150

■ 54.0067, -1.7840,
-4.2794

■ 63.8829, -3.9064,
7.5706

■ 49.2601, -0.3510,
-10.7953

■ 68.9861, -4.6803,
13.0485

■ 44.6643, 1.4058,
-17.8299

■ 74.1861, -5.3043,
18.3010

■ 40.2431, 3.5621,
-25.5016

■ 79.4748, -5.8022,
23.3692

■ 36.0274, 6.2114,
-33.9458

■ 84.8457, -6.1926,
28.2862

■ 32.0581, 9.4633,
-43.3001

■ 90.2721, -6.5649,
33.0592

■ 28.3888, 13.4305,
-53.6629

■ 94.1042, -12.7358,
36.2267

■ 25.0893, 18.1922,
-65.0012

■ 97.6671, -18.2702,
39.1110

■ 22.2451, 23.7099,
-76.9857

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.8859, -3.6997, 1.9109



58.8846, -2.9521, 1.8150



58.8859, -2.2551, 2.0970

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.8859, -2.9534, 1.8160



58.8859, -1.9868, 4.0433



58.8859, -4.4847, 3.7314

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.8846, -2.9521, 1.8150



59.6987, -3.3601, 4.6004

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.8859, -4.0300, 4.2925



58.8846, -2.9521, 1.8150



58.8859, -2.5885, 4.4710

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.8859, -2.9534, 1.8160



58.8859, -1.6951, 3.3873



58.8859, -3.3366, 4.5616



58.8859, -4.5813, 3.0228

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.8846, -2.9521, 1.8150



58.8859, -1.9115, 2.4577



58.8859, -3.3366, 4.5616



58.8859, -4.3687, 3.9433

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.8859, -2.9534, 1.8160



80.3081, -4.1823, 3.5974



59.7337, -4.5810, 3.2898



38.0777, -1.9859, 1.7267



90.9709, -4.8540, 4.9426



38.3822, -2.0480, 2.0854

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.8859, -2.9534, 1.8160



78.9501, -3.8954, 1.9775



58.6745, -2.1847, 1.5752



28.0202, -1.3565, 0.5194



18.2853, 24.4448, -75.6243



3.7460, 0.9033, -6.6321

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.8548, -1.7403, 3.1904



78.8995, -1.8723, 4.2767



59.9114, -4.1302, 4.8322



27.9989, -0.4809, 1.5179



24.8629, 43.1016, 12.0108



3.7009, 6.6028, 0.3374

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.8846, -2.9521, 1.8150 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.8846, -2.9521, 1.8150 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

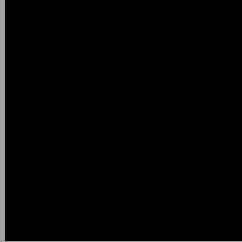
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

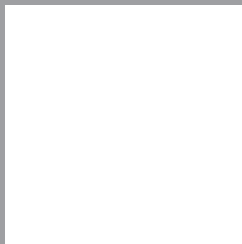
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 58.8846, -2.9521, 1.8150 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.8846, -2.9521, 1.8150.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.8846, -2.9521,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58.8846, -2.9521, 1.8150

Protanopia

58.8252, -1.7225, 2.2330

Deuteranopia

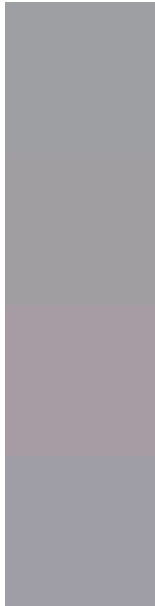
58.7590, 4.0418, 1.3143



Tritanopia

58.9296, -0.8038, -1.9648

Trichromacy



Original Color

58.8846, -2.9521, 1.8150

Protanomaly

58.7371, -2.0268, 2.1225

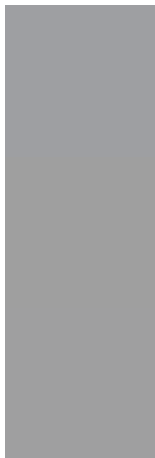
Deuteranomaly

58.8530, 1.4499, 1.3827

Tritanomaly

58.8342, -1.3227, -0.6122

Monochromacy



Original Color

58.8846, -2.9521, 1.8150

Achromatopsia

58.8816, -3.1418, 3.1991

Achromatomaly

58.9112, -2.9797, 2.7771

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 58.8846, -2.9521, 1.8150 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 159, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 159, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 159, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 159, 162) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 58.8846, -2.9521, 1.8150 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 159, 162) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 159, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 159, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 159, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 159, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 159,  
162) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 58.8846, -2.9521, 1.8150 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 159, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
159, 162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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