

Converting Colors

HunterLab(58.9903, 27.1968,
-16.6332)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(58.9903, 27.1968,
-16.6332) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(59.0100, 27.5450,
-16.8357)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C88BC6
RGB	200, 139, 198
RGB Percent	78%, 55%, 78%
CMY	0.2157, 0.4549, 0.2235
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.01, 0.22
HSL	302°, 36%, 66%
HSV	302°, 30%, 78%
XYZ	43.2451, 34.8218, 57.8681
YIQ	163.9650, 17.4170, 31.2810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

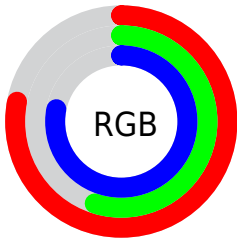
Format	Color
R _Y B	200, 139, 198
Decimal	13142982
CIE Lab	65.61, 32.80, -21.30
CIE LCh	66, 39.104, 327.004
Yxy	34.8233, 0.3181, 0.2562
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291333062 (0xFFC88BC6)
YUV	163.9650, 16.7793, 31.6027
Hunter-Lab	59.0100, 27.5450, -16.8357

Details

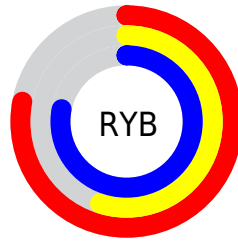
The HunterLab color $59.0100, 27.5450, -16.8357$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be $69.8010, -29.8064, 21.0829$, and the grayscale version is $60.8443, -3.2465, 3.3058$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $81.6210, 28.5314, -17.9296$, and $38.7464, 25.2567, -16.0579$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54.3335, 38.0838, -23.7217$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $64.1755, 16.9952, -9.8844$.

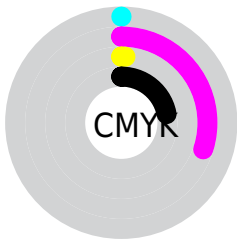
Distribution



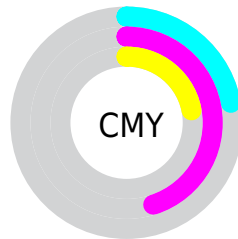
- Red (78%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 59.0100, 27.5450, -16.8357 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 59.0100, 27.5450, -16.8357 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59.0100, 27.5450,
-16.8357

■ 59.0100, 27.5450,
-16.8357

179.9411, 32.8235,
-17.1357

■ 48.5045, 26.5266,
-16.5173

■ 81.9829, 29.2659,
-17.2785

■ 38.7079, 25.3921,
-16.1357

■ 94.3785, 29.9904,
-17.4111

■ 29.6773, 24.1284,
-15.6938

■ 107.3425, 30.6337,
-17.4882

■ 21.4844, 22.7273,
-15.2100

120.8511, 31.2020,
-17.5127

■ 14.2255, 21.1999,
-14.7444

134.8832, 31.7008,
-17.4872

■ 7.8814, 20.6134,
-15.0396

149.4200, 32.1346,

0.0000, INF, -NF

-17.4144

0.0000, NaN, NaN

164.4443, 32.5077,
-17.2966

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.0100, 27.5450,
-16.8357

■ 59.0100, 27.5450,
-16.8357

■ 54.3335, 38.0838,
-23.7217

■ 64.1755, 16.9952,
-9.8844

■ 50.2205, 48.3316,
-30.3508

■ 69.7565, 6.6029,
-2.9883

■ 46.7537, 57.8527,
-36.4305

■ 75.6950, -3.5557,
3.7947

■ 44.0058, 66.0833,
-41.5906

■ 81.9418, -13.4557,
10.4411

■ 42.0219, 72.4338,
-45.4515

■ 88.4567, -23.1017,
16.9480

40.7963, 76.4845,
-47.7543

93.8407, -30.6271,
22.0090

40.1865, 78.4505,
-48.6815

93.8573, -30.5317,
21.7694

93.8739, -30.4360,
21.5290

93.8907, -30.3399,
21.2876

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.0113, 12.7863, -32.6717



59.0100, 27.5450, -16.8357



59.0113, 34.0292, 1.5279

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.0113, 27.5432, -16.8343



59.0113, -1.3966, 26.9418



59.0113, -30.0509, -13.1055

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.0100, 27.5450, -16.8357



69.8010, -29.8064, 21.0829

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.0113, -32.9301, 4.8482



59.0100, 27.5450, -16.8357



59.0113, -17.5596, 25.0821

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.0113, 27.5432, -16.8343



59.0113, 16.1537, 24.1241



59.0113, -28.6252, 18.0231



59.0113, -20.2559, -30.1178

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.0100, 27.5450, -16.8357



59.0113, 32.2913, 11.7660



59.0113, -28.6252, 18.0231



59.0113, -31.8067, -6.8514

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.0113, 27.5432, -16.8343



92.8294, 6.8385, -2.7001



53.1169, 9.4656, -28.0989



42.4269, 4.0863, -1.8636

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.0113, 27.5432, -16.8343



73.2461, 46.0143, -28.5451



57.9581, 22.2781, -2.0370



32.8792, 2.5466, -1.0379



32.0485, 62.5702, -38.8732



6.9876, 13.6633, -8.6384

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.0113, 27.5432, -16.8343



73.2461, 46.0143, -28.5451



70.5128, -25.6635, 10.8059



32.8792, 2.5466, -1.0379



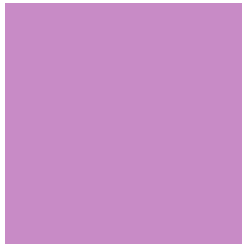
32.0485, 62.5702, -38.8732



6.9876, 13.6633, -8.6384

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.0100, 27.5450, -16.8357 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

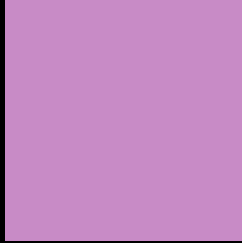
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.0100, 27.5450, -16.8357 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

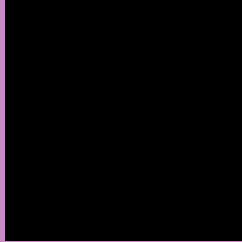
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 59.0100, 27.5450, -16.8357 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.0100, 27.5450, -16.8357.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.0100, 27.5450, -16.8357.

-16.8357.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59.0100, 27.5450, -16.8357

Protanopia

59.3523, 3.7635, -25.5835

Deuteranopia

59.1491, 4.6449, -15.2240



Tritanopia

59.1085, 14.6701, 4.2321

Trichromacy



Original Color

59.0100, 27.5450, -16.8357

Protanomaly

58.8537, 11.7914, -22.9973

Deuteranomaly

58.8918, 12.4311, -16.0712

Tritanomaly

59.0203, 19.3291, -3.0094

Monochromacy



Original Color

59.0100, 27.5450, -16.8357

Achromatopsia

60.9293, -3.2510, 3.3104

Achromatomaly

59.9370, 7.3539, -3.5693

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 59.0100, 27.5450, -16.8357 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 139, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 139, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 139, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 139, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 59.0100, 27.5450, -16.8357 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 139, 198) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 139, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 139, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 139, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 139, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 139,  
198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 59.0100, 27.5450, -16.8357 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 139, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
139, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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