

Converting Colors

HunterLab(59.1909, -1.6084,
2.7207)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(59.1909, -1.6084, 2.7207)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(59.2925, -1.5994,
2.7910)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A39FA1
RGB	163, 159, 161
RGB Percent	64%, 62%, 63%
CMY	0.3608, 0.3765, 0.3686
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.01, 0.36
HSL	330°, 2%, 63%
HSV	330°, 2%, 64%
XYZ	33.9354, 35.1560, 38.7154
YIQ	160.4240, 1.7420, 1.4700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

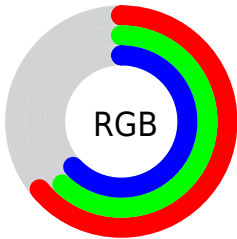
Format	Color
RYB	163, 159, 161
Decimal	10723233
CIELab	65.87, 1.82, -0.53
CIELCh	66, 1.898, 343.682
Yxy	35.1575, 0.3148, 0.3261
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288913313 (0xFFA39FA1)
YUV	160.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592
Hunter-Lab	59.2925, -1.5994, 2.7910

Details

The HunterLab color **59.2925, -1.5994, 2.7910** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **60.1161, -4.7544, 3.7033**, and the grayscale version is **59.4631, -3.1728, 3.2307**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.4357, -2.7484, 4.0232**, and **39.0262, -0.9111, 1.6202** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.4404, 5.1251, 0.8869**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.3705, -8.1893, 4.8767**.

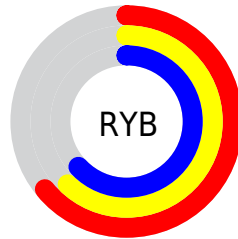
Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (62%)

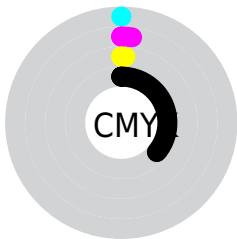
Blue (63%)



Red (64%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (63%)

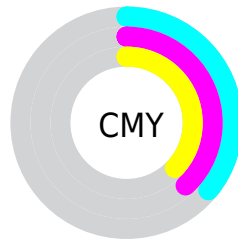


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (36%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 59.2925, -1.5994, 2.7910 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 59.2925, -1.5994, 2.7910 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59.2925, -1.5994,
2.7910

■ 59.2925, -1.5994,
2.7910

■ 180.3505, -7.3697,
9.1871

■ 48.7691, -1.1364,
2.2463

■ 82.2981, -2.6504,
3.9942

■ 38.9534, -0.7168,
1.7412

■ 94.7087, -3.2303,
4.6466

■ 29.9021, -0.3468,
1.2802

■ 107.6872, -3.8442,
5.3310

■ 21.6863, -0.0328,
0.8678

■ 121.2098, -4.4902,
6.0458

■ 14.4015, 0.2159,
0.5105

■ 135.2552, -5.1670,
6.7899

■ 8.0621, 0.5541,
0.1646

149.8048, -5.8733,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

7.5621

0.0000, NaN, NaN

164.8417, -6.6079,
8.3615

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.2925, -1.5994,
2.7910

■ 59.2925, -1.5994,
2.7910

■ 54.4404, 5.1251,
0.8869

■ 64.3705, -8.1893,
4.8767

■ 49.8463, 11.9769,
-0.7893

■ 69.6413, -14.6453,
7.1046

■ 45.5562, 18.9126,
-2.1714

■ 75.0828, -20.9814,
9.4487

■ 41.6241, 25.8375,
-3.1747

■ 80.6759, -27.2129,
11.8888

■ 38.1138, 32.5755,
-3.6962

■ 86.4049, -33.3559,
14.4098

■ 35.0959, 38.8408,
-3.6236

■ 91.6278, -38.6133,
16.3578

■ 32.6400, 44.2340,
-2.8596

■ 91.8550, -37.2870,
13.0931

■ 30.7994, 48.3010,
-1.3651

■ 92.0930, -35.9010,
9.6812

■ 29.5887, 50.6821,
0.7937

■ 92.3420, -34.4556,
6.1222

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.2938, -2.0415, 2.0998



59.2925, -1.5994, 2.7910



59.2938, -1.5813, 3.5916

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.2938, -1.6008, 2.7920



59.2938, -3.5505, 4.7085



59.2938, -4.3364, 2.1510

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.2925, -1.5994, 2.7910



60.1161, -4.7544, 3.7033

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.2938, -4.7361, 2.8611



59.2925, -1.5994, 2.7910



59.2938, -4.2840, 4.3335

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.2938, -1.6008, 2.7920



59.2938, -2.7101, 4.6906



59.2938, -4.7170, 3.6598



59.2938, -3.6224, 1.7262

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.2925, -1.5994, 2.7910



59.2938, -1.8100, 4.0776



59.2938, -4.7170, 3.6598



59.2938, -4.5118, 2.3647

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.2938, -1.6008, 2.7920



80.3062, -3.4176, 4.1228



59.1771, -1.8837, 1.7148



38.0768, -1.6442, 1.9614



90.9709, -4.8540, 4.9426



38.3822, -2.0480, 2.0854

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.2938, -1.6008, 2.7920



78.9487, -1.6043, 3.5751



59.2348, -1.9225, 3.6333



28.0202, -0.3650, 1.2141



25.5493, 45.6171, 2.0657



3.8302, 7.0696, -1.4806

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.2938, -1.6008, 2.7920



78.9487, -1.6043, 3.5751



60.1751, -4.4295, 2.8610



28.0202, -0.3650, 1.2141



25.5493, 45.6171, 2.0657



3.8302, 7.0696, -1.4806

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.2925, -1.5994, 2.7910 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.2925, -1.5994, 2.7910 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

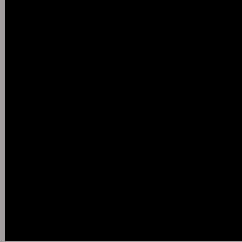
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 59.2925, -1.5994, 2.7910 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.2925, -1.5994, 2.7910.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.2925, -1.5994,

2.7910.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59.2925, -1.5994, 2.7910

Protanopia

59.2038, -1.9059, 2.6804

Deuteranopia

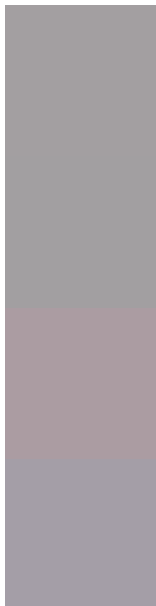
59.3003, 4.3537, 2.4403



Tritanopia

59.3705, 0.7066, -1.3825

Trichromacy



Original Color

59.2925, -1.5994, 2.7910

Protanomaly

59.2038, -1.9059, 2.6804

Deuteranomaly

59.1975, 2.5578, 2.2862

Tritanomaly

59.2758, 0.1941, -0.0391

Monochromacy



Original Color

59.2925, -1.5994, 2.7910

Achromatopsia

59.2902, -3.1636, 3.2213

Achromatomaly

59.3774, -2.8605, 3.3292

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 59.2925, -1.5994, 2.7910 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 159, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 159, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 159, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 159, 161) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 59.2925, -1.5994, 2.7910 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 159, 161) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 159, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 159, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 159, 161); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 159, 161); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 159, 161) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 59.2925, -1.5994, 2.7910 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 159, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
159, 161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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