

Converting Colors

HunterLab(59.2510, -31.6971,
-5.9879)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(59.2510, -31.6971,
-5.9879) contains.

HunterLab(59.2074, -31.3889, -6.2445)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(59.2074,
-31.3889, -6.2445)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00B2B2
RGB	0, 178, 178
RGB Percent	0%, 70%, 70%
CMY	0.9999, 0.3020, 0.3020
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	180°, 100%, 35%
HSV	180°, 100%, 70%
XYZ	23.9563, 35.0552, 47.6232
YIQ	124.7780, -106.0880, -37.7360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

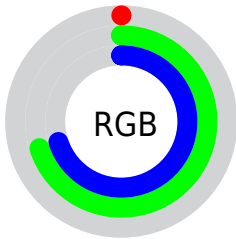
Format	Color
RYB	0, 89, 178
Decimal	45746
CIELab	65.79, -36.71, -10.79
CIELCh	66, 38.266, 196.385
Yxy	35.0565, 0.2247, 0.3287
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278235826 (0xFF00B2B2)
YUV	124.7780, 26.2384, -109.4303
Hunter-Lab	59.2074, -31.3889, -6.2445

Details

The HunterLab color **59.2074, -31.3889, -6.2445** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **30.7670, 52.6836, 19.8789**, and the grayscale version is **45.1339, -2.4082, 2.4522**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.1211, -36.2924, -6.2332**, and **40.1844, -21.3039, -4.2382** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.2083, -31.3897, -6.2440**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.3155, -30.9663, -6.0944**.

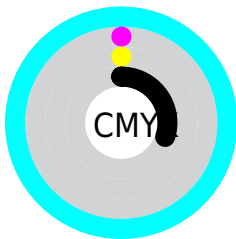
Distribution



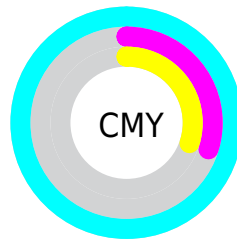
- Red (0%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 59.2074, -31.3889, -6.2445 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 59.2074, -31.3889, -6.2445 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59.2074, -31.3889,
-6.2445

■ 59.2074, -31.3889,
-6.2445

180.2269,
-52.8875, -3.3799

■ 48.6892, -28.6506,
-6.3112

■ 82.2029, -36.5510,
-5.9322

■ 38.8792, -25.7655,
-6.3121

■ 94.6090, -39.0163,
-5.6974

■ 29.8342, -22.6834,
-6.2391

■ 107.5832,
-41.4236, -5.4149

■ 21.6253, -19.3256,
-6.0841

■ 121.1015,
-43.7833, -5.0878

■ 14.3484, -15.5860,
-5.8398

■ 135.1429,
-46.1035, -4.7186

■ 8.0080, -14.0140,
-5.7971

149.6887,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-48.3909, -4.3095

0.0000, NaN, NaN

164.7218,
-50.6508, -3.8627

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.2074, -31.3889,
-6.2445

■ 59.2074, -31.3889,
-6.2445

■ 59.2083, -31.3897,
-6.2440

■ 59.3155, -30.9663,
-6.0944

■ 59.5187, -30.1656,
-5.8114

■ 59.8540, -28.8516,
-5.3469

■ 60.3363, -26.9753,
-4.6833

■ 60.9769, -24.5095,
-3.8107

■ 61.7834, -21.4454,
-2.7255

■ 62.7605, -17.7907,
-1.4302

■ 63.9106, -13.5669,
0.0684

■ 65.2336, -8.8064,
1.7594

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.2085, -31.7170, 10.0893



59.2074, -31.3889, -6.2445



59.2085, -24.0783, -24.0200

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.2085, -31.3889, -6.2437



59.2085, 22.4287, -22.5089



59.2085, 4.7355, 26.1898

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.2074, -31.3889, -6.2445



30.7670, 52.6836, 19.8789

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.2085, 21.1322, 21.6145



59.2074, -31.3889, -6.2445



59.2085, 32.0993, -4.5792

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.2085, -31.3889, -6.2437



59.2085, 6.3502, -35.0745



59.2085, 31.5997, 11.3457



59.2085, -12.1099, 25.9777

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.2074, -31.3889, -6.2445



59.2085, -15.7038, -32.9628



59.2085, 31.5997, 11.3457



59.2085, 10.5184, 25.2319

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.2085, -31.3889, -6.2437



84.4378, -24.2419, -2.0268



56.4458, -48.3137, 33.9348



39.4750, -12.4130, -1.3094



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.2085, -31.3889, -6.2437



79.7310, -42.2699, -8.4082



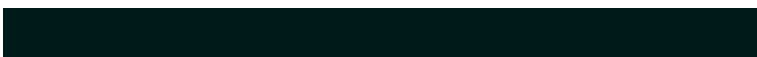
32.9640, 6.5477, -55.3330



31.0348, -4.0263, 0.8918



50.0823, -26.5514, -5.2815



8.8837, -4.7097, -0.9369

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.7670, 52.6836, 19.8789



41.4297, 70.9496, 26.7708



40.1612, 26.1335, 25.2032



29.1638, 0.9663, 2.4299



26.0237, 44.5663, 16.8158



4.6161, 7.9053, 2.9828

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.2074, -31.3889, -6.2445 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

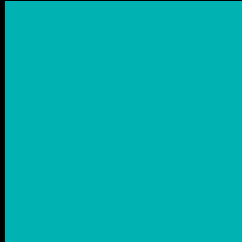
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.2074, -31.3889, -6.2445 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

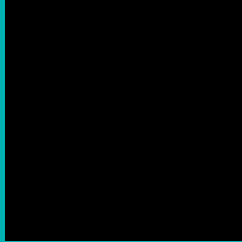
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

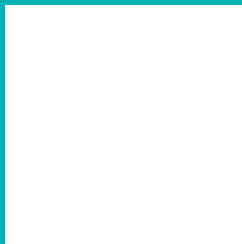
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 59.2074, -31.3889, -6.2445 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.2074, -31.3889, -6.2445.



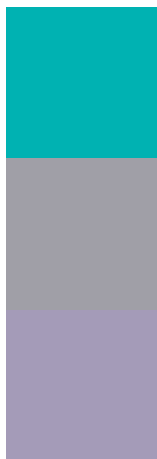
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.2074,

-31.3889, -6.2445.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59.2074, -31.3889, -6.2445

Protanopia

58.8901, -1.1926, -0.0544

Deuteranopia

58.8627, 4.2579, -8.7796



Tritanopia

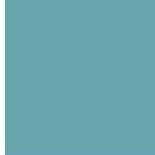
59.2245, -27.0425, -12.7486

Trichromacy



Original Color

59.2074, -31.3889, -6.2445



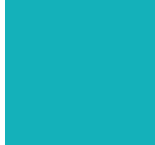
Protanomaly

57.1291, -18.1442, -4.5837



Deuteranomaly

56.9856, -14.6917, -10.6267



Tritanomaly

59.2775, -28.8347, -10.4425

Monochromacy



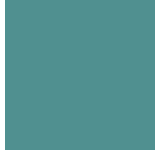
Original Color

59.2074, -31.3889, -6.2445



Achromatopsia

45.2856, -2.4163, 2.4605



Achromatomaly

48.6473, -17.9281, -2.4956

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 59.2074, -31.3889, -6.2445 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 178, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 178, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 178, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 178, 178) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 59.2074, -31.3889, -6.2445 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 178, 178) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 178, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 178, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 178, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 178, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 178,  
178) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 59.2074, -31.3889, -6.2445 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 178, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 178,  
178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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