

Converting Colors

HunterLab(59.2866, -49.3306,
32.6696)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(59.2866, -49.3306,
32.6696) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(59.1274,
-49.1710, 32.5473)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	05B932
RGB	5, 185, 50
RGB Percent	2%, 73%, 20%
CMY	0.9804, 0.2745, 0.8039
CMYK	0.97, 0.00, 0.73, 0.27
HSL	135°, 95%, 37%
HSV	135°, 97%, 73%
XYZ	17.9873, 34.9605, 8.8176
YIQ	115.7900, -63.9450, -80.1450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

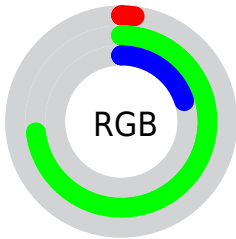
Format	Color
RYB	5, 149, 185
Decimal	375090
CIELab	65.72, -65.17, 54.36
CIELCh	66, 84.866, 140.165
Yxy	34.9619, 0.2912, 0.5660
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278565170 (0xFF05B932)
YUV	115.7900, -32.4345, -97.1628
Hunter-Lab	59.1274, -49.1710, 32.5473

Details

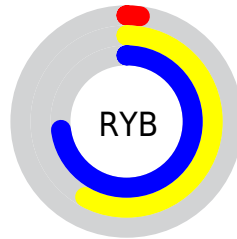
The HunterLab color **59.1274, -49.1710, 32.5473** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC33**. A complement of this color would be **35.0954, 64.7016, -19.1591**, and the grayscale version is **41.8502, -2.2330, 2.2738**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81.9490, -57.5981, 40.0128**, and **39.9566, -34.2627, 24.0212** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.0750, -49.4527, 32.9156**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.3770, -47.8839, 30.9240**.

Distribution



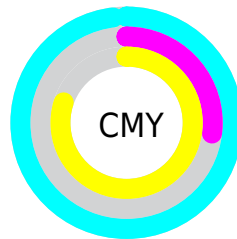
- Red (2%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (2%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 59.1274, -49.1710, 32.5473 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 59.1274, -49.1710, 32.5473 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59.1274, -49.1710,
32.5473

■ 59.1274, -49.1710,
32.5473

180.1112,
-83.4354, 62.8131

■ 48.6144, -44.5349,
28.5080

■ 82.1138, -57.7307,
40.0639

■ 38.8098, -39.5760,
24.2350

■ 94.5156, -61.7380,
43.5980

■ 29.7707, -34.1986,
19.8340

■ 107.4857,
-65.6037, 47.0129

■ 21.5682, -28.2595,
15.0977

■ 121.0001,
-69.3496, 50.3260

■ 14.2986, -24.2344,
10.0090

■ 135.0378,
-72.9929, 53.5516

■ 7.9570, -13.9247,
5.5699

■ 149.5798,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-76.5476, 56.7016

0.0000, NaN, NaN

164.6094,
-80.0253, 59.7860

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.1274, -49.1710,
32.5473

■ 59.1274, -49.1710,
32.5473

■ 59.0750, -49.4527,
32.9156

■ 59.3770, -47.8839,
30.9240

■ 59.7814, -45.8821,
28.9309

■ 60.3673, -43.0762,
26.5824

■ 61.1491, -39.4326,
23.8987

■ 62.1367, -34.9504,
20.9086

■ 63.3351, -29.6558,
17.6476

■ 64.7457, -23.5972,
14.1557

■ 66.3670, -16.8385,
10.4749

■ 68.1945, -9.4537,
6.6469

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.1286, -26.1356, 38.2571



59.1274, -49.1710, 32.5473



59.1286, -58.9839, 13.8297

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.1286, -49.1718, 32.5475



59.1286, -15.0407, -113.0589



59.1286, 81.4616, 22.4010

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.1274, -49.1710, 32.5473



35.0954, 64.7016, -19.1591

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.1286, 86.5886, -9.8170



59.1274, -49.1710, 32.5473



59.1286, 23.9716, -105.0398

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.1286, -49.1718, 32.5475



59.1286, -42.8063, -78.0241



59.1286, 63.4585, -60.2074



59.1286, 50.8274, 35.4636

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.1274, -49.1710, 32.5473



59.1286, -58.9417, -10.2948



59.1286, 63.4585, -60.2074



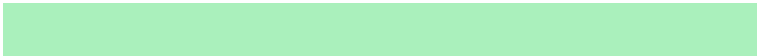
59.1286, 86.4775, 14.1437

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.1286, -49.1718, 32.5475



86.2106, -33.4289, 19.9857



63.4713, -31.7880, 38.4200



39.6529, -17.1295, 10.2025



96.5975, -5.1542, 5.2483



43.2801, -2.3093, 2.3515

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.1286, -49.1718, 32.5475



79.0374, -66.3045, 44.3426



60.5187, -40.5876, 12.2722



31.7742, -5.1572, 3.4850



48.7565, -40.7415, 27.0079



9.2100, -7.3019, 4.2510

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.0954, 64.7016, -19.1591



46.6464, 86.9279, -24.4657



32.6400, 55.7471, 15.6062



30.2048, 1.9972, -0.1240



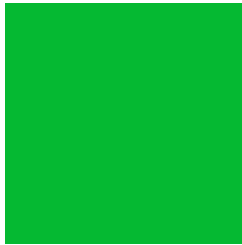
28.8089, 53.7666, -15.7289



5.4942, 10.3970, -4.1082

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.1274, -49.1710, 32.5473 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.1274, -49.1710, 32.5473 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 59.1274, -49.1710, 32.5473 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.1274, -49.1710, 32.5473.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.1274, -49.1710, 32.5473.

-49.1710, 32.5473.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59.1274, -49.1710, 32.5473

Protanopia

58.6819, -7.8059, 33.7137

Deuteranopia

58.6195, 3.9620, 31.4340



Tritanopia

59.1705, -22.4180, -11.0405

Trichromacy



Original Color

59.1274, -49.1710, 32.5473



Protanomaly

56.4335, -30.5449, 31.5237



Deuteranomaly

55.6883, -24.9712, 29.6158



Tritanomaly

58.2482, -35.8861, 11.1738

Monochromacy



Original Color

59.1274, -49.1710, 32.5473



Achromatopsia

41.7908, -2.2299, 2.2706



Achromatomaly

46.2158, -25.1167, 15.0486

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 59.1274, -49.1710, 32.5473 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(5, 185, 50)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(5, 185, 50)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(5, 185, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(5, 185, 50) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 59.1274, -49.1710, 32.5473 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(5, 185, 50) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(5, 185, 50) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(5, 185, 50)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(5, 185, 50); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(5, 185, 50);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(5, 185, 50)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 59.1274, -49.1710, 32.5473 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(5, 185, 50) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(5, 185,  
50) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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