

Converting Colors

HunterLab(59.3696, -14.9207,
1.9153)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(59.3696, -14.9207,
1.9153) contains.

| | |
|---|----|
| HunterLab(59.4279, -14.8905, 1.7886) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**HunterLab(59.4279,
-14.8905, 1.7886)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 81A8A3 |
| RGB | 129, 168, 163 |
| RGB Percent | 51%, 66%, 64% |
| CMY | 0.4941, 0.3412, 0.3608 |
| CMYK | 0.23, 0.00, 0.03, 0.34 |
| HSL | 172°, 18%, 58% |
| HSV | 172°, 23%, 66% |
| XYZ | 29.6668, 35.3168, 39.9035 |
| YIQ | 155.7690, -21.6390, -9.8230 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

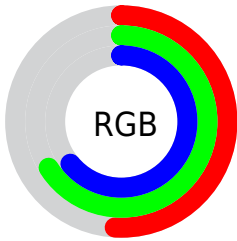
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| RYB | 129, 150, 168 |
| Decimal | 8497315 |
| CIELab | 66.00, -14.26, -1.75 |
| CIElCh | 66, 14.366, 187.011 |
| Yxy | 35.3182, 0.2828, 0.3367 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4286687395 (0xFF81A8A3) |
| YUV | 155.7690, 3.5649, -23.4764 |
| Hunter-Lab | 59.4279, -14.8905, 1.7886 |

Details

The HunterLab color **59.4279, -14.8905, 1.7886** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **50.7421, 10.7656, 5.1000**, and the grayscale version is **57.5580, -3.0712, 3.1272**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.4042, -17.3338, 2.7493**, and **39.1162, -12.1460, 1.0954** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.3372, -19.0762, 1.4164**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.6809, -10.2126, 2.3584**.

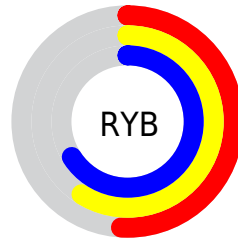
Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (66%)

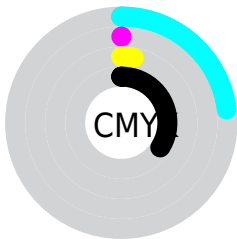
Blue (64%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (66%)

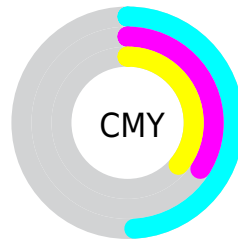


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (49%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 59.4279, -14.8905, 1.7886 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 59.4279, -14.8905, 1.7886 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59.4279, -14.8905,
1.7886

■ 59.4279, -14.8905,
1.7886

180.5466,
-26.9791, 7.7477

■ 48.8959, -13.5289,
1.3048

■ 82.4490, -17.5771,
2.8797

■ 39.0710, -12.1415,
0.8649

■ 94.8669, -18.9115,
3.4802

■ 30.0098, -10.7152,
0.4743

■ 107.8523,
-20.2453, 4.1148

■ 21.7831, -9.2268,
0.1391

121.3815,
-21.5811, 4.7818

■ 14.4860, -7.6356,
-0.1319

135.4333,
-22.9210, 5.4798

■ 8.1471, -8.0612,
-0.4487

149.9891,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-24.2665, 6.2075

0.0000, NaN, NaN

165.0320,
-25.6189, 6.9639

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.4279, -14.8905,
1.7886

■ 59.4279, -14.8905,
1.7886

■ 58.3372, -19.0762,
1.4164

■ 60.6809, -10.2126,
2.3584

■ 57.4051, -22.7355,
1.2416

■ 62.0908, -5.0788,
3.1171

■ 56.6306, -25.8480,
1.2634

■ 63.6557, 0.4663,
4.0569

■ 56.0090, -28.4055,
1.4755

■ 65.3709, 6.3772,
5.1670

■ 55.5328, -30.4158,
1.8666

■ 67.2313, 12.6082,
6.4352

■ 55.1911, -31.9049,
2.4200

■ 69.2307, 19.1156,
7.8490

■ 54.9690, -32.9212,
3.1128

■ 71.3629, 25.8585,
9.3953

■ 54.8599, -33.4447,
3.6275

■ 72.5063, 29.4564,
9.7798

■ 72.5674, 29.7631,
8.9034

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.4291, -14.0744, 7.6238



59.4279, -14.8905, 1.7886



59.4291, -12.6766, -4.2451

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.4291, -14.8914, 1.7895



59.4291, 4.4096, -6.8827



59.4291, 1.7042, 13.0260

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.4279, -14.8905, 1.7886



50.7421, 10.7656, 5.1000

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.4291, 6.9656, 9.8535



59.4279, -14.8905, 1.7886



59.4291, 8.5730, -1.5166

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.4291, -14.8914, 1.7895



59.4291, -1.6660, -9.5835



59.4291, 9.5277, 4.6449



59.4291, -4.6675, 13.7118

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.4279, -14.8905, 1.7886



59.4291, -9.7213, -7.4352



59.4291, 9.5277, 4.6449



59.4291, 3.6693, 12.2326

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.4291, -14.8914, 1.7895



82.8715, -9.6174, 3.7691



58.8868, -18.6936, 15.0467



38.6394, -4.6709, 1.7326



92.0917, -4.9138, 5.0035



39.3538, -2.0998, 2.1382

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.4291, -14.8914, 1.7895



79.2482, -23.1328, 2.1110



55.2339, -7.3723, -5.8623



29.1809, -3.9318, 1.2557



47.6777, -29.0294, 3.0732



7.4667, -4.3483, 0.0540

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.7421, 10.7656, 5.1000



65.0151, 19.0374, 7.5959



54.4483, 2.9993, 10.9868



27.4907, 1.0364, 1.8891



25.1664, 43.2847, 14.8170



3.9836, 6.9659, 1.4583

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.4279, -14.8905, 1.7886 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

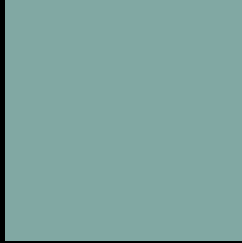
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.4279, -14.8905, 1.7886 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

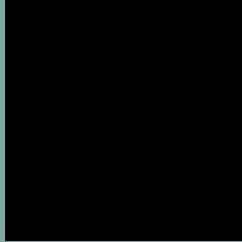
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 59.4279, -14.8905, 1.7886 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.4279, -14.8905, 1.7886.



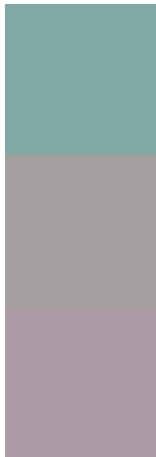
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.4279, -14.8905, 1.7886.

-14.8905, 1.7886.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59.4279, -14.8905, 1.7886

Protanopia

59.2042, -2.0809, 4.0503

Deuteranopia

59.2285, 4.3567, 0.4587



Tritanopia

59.5253, -10.3434, -5.9811

Trichromacy



Original Color

59.4279, -14.8905, 1.7886

Protanomaly

59.1253, -6.7764, 2.9638

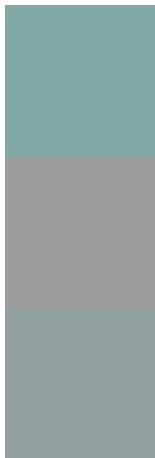
Deuteranomaly

59.1830, -3.2349, 0.7500

Tritanomaly

59.5650, -12.1744, -2.8621

Monochromacy



Original Color

59.4279, -14.8905, 1.7886

Achromatopsia

57.6586, -3.0765, 3.1327

Achromatomaly

58.0997, -7.4075, 2.1983

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 59.4279, -14.8905, 1.7886 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 168, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 168, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 168, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 168, 163) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 59.4279, -14.8905, 1.7886 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 168, 163) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 168, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 168, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 168, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 168, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 168,  
163) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 59.4279, -14.8905, 1.7886 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 168, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
168, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor