

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(59.3855, -0.4141,  
16.3682)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(59.3855, -0.4141,  
16.3682) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(59.3769, -0.0637,  
16.1945)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B39D80
RGB	179, 157, 128
RGB Percent	70%, 62%, 50%
CMY	0.2980, 0.3843, 0.4980
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.28, 0.30
HSL	34°, 25%, 60%
HSV	34°, 28%, 70%
XYZ	34.5437, 35.2562, 25.4065
YIQ	160.2720, 22.4210, -4.3550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

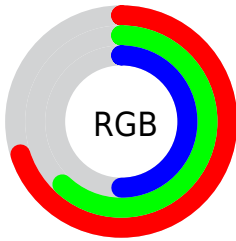
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">167, 179, 128</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11771264</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">65.95, 3.59, 18.16</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">66, 18.514, 78.809</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">35.2578, 0.3628, 0.3703</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289961344 (0xFFB39D80)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">160.2720, -15.9101, 16.4245</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">59.3769, -0.0637, 16.1945</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color  $59.3769, -0.0637, 16.1945$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999966$ . A complement of this color would be  $54.4571, -3.7019, -12.9415$ , and the grayscale version is  $59.4590, -3.1726, 3.2305$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $82.2112, -0.7946, 19.1167$ , and  $39.1257, 0.7366, 12.9126$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $56.8302, 1.6946, 19.6276$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $62.0218, -1.5431, 12.2327$ .

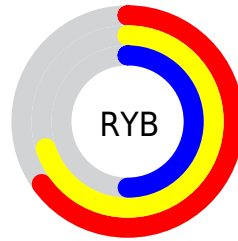
# Distribution



Red (70%)

Green (62%)

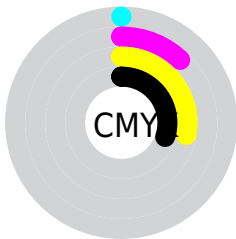
Blue (50%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (70%)

Blue (50%)

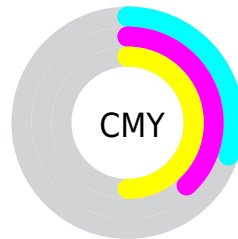


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (28%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (30%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (50%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 59.3769, -0.0637, 16.1945 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 59.3769, -0.0637, 16.1945 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 59.3769, -0.0637,  
16.1945

■ 59.3769, -0.0637,  
16.1945

180.4729, -5.1643,  
29.9506

■ 48.8482, 0.3052,  
14.5807

■ 82.3923, -0.9435,  
19.3272

■ 39.0268, 0.6247,  
12.9149

■ 94.8075, -1.4436,  
20.8629

■ 29.9693, 0.8866,  
11.1753

■ 107.7903, -1.9811,  
22.3867

■ 21.7467, 1.0821,  
9.3262

121.3170, -2.5538,  
23.9029

■ 14.4543, 1.1981,  
7.4405

135.3664, -3.1600,  
25.4150

■ 8.1153, 1.4959,  
5.6807

149.9199, -3.7980,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

26.9256

0.0000, NaN, NaN

164.9605, -4.4665,  
28.4369

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.3769, -0.0637,  
16.1945

■ 59.3769, -0.0637,  
16.1945

■ 56.8302, 1.6946,  
19.6276

■ 62.0218, -1.5431,  
12.2327

■ 54.3843, 3.7507,  
22.4881

■ 64.7547, -2.7530,  
7.7814

■ 52.0474, 6.1118,  
24.7375

■ 67.5708, -3.7117,  
2.8812

■ 49.8262, 8.7808,  
26.3430

■ 70.4648, -4.4361,  
-2.4302

■ 47.7274, 11.7516,  
27.2841

■ 73.4315, -4.9425,  
-8.1184

■ 45.7562, 15.0051,  
27.5630

■ 76.4664, -5.2469,  
-14.1518

■ 43.9121, 18.4839,  
27.2773

■ 79.5653, -5.3643,  
-20.5019

■ 43.6426, 19.0133,  
27.2253

■ 82.0640, -8.9472,  
-17.9418

■ 84.5350, -12.8614,  
-14.4898

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.3783, 7.6248, 13.4899



59.3769, -0.0637, 16.1945



59.3783, -8.1926, 15.7998

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.3783, -0.0657, 16.1953



59.3783, -17.4342, -1.8342



59.3783, 9.2248, -7.5725

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.3769, -0.0637, 16.1945



54.4571, -3.7019, -12.9415

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.3783, 2.0223, -12.8739



59.3769, -0.0637, 16.1945



59.3783, -13.2475, -9.2619

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.3783, -0.0657, 16.1953



59.3783, -17.9252, 6.0829



59.3783, -6.2147, -13.5312



59.3783, 13.1802, 0.2325



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.3769, -0.0637, 16.1945



59.3783, -12.7763, 13.8159



59.3783, -6.2147, -13.5312



59.3783, 7.0856, -9.7495

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.3783, -0.0657, 16.1953



86.4140, -3.5878, 10.8264



52.1801, 17.5461, -0.3738



40.4230, -1.5873, 5.5158



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.3783, -0.0657, 16.1953



77.3740, 1.2988, 24.5561



65.5610, -11.7316, 21.7240



30.4639, -1.2571, 3.8561



36.8654, 15.6004, 22.9894



7.3541, 1.1405, 4.5515



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.4571, -3.7019, -12.9415



69.4505, -4.4744, -22.4899



48.5291, 8.0531, -22.0604



29.6865, -1.8444, -0.7257



24.8898, 11.6452, -56.2486

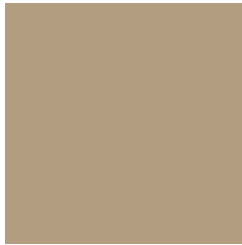


5.5827, -0.1596, -6.6333



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.3769, -0.0637, 16.1945 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.3769, -0.0637, 16.1945 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

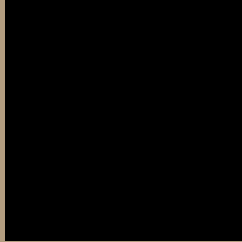
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 59.3769, -0.0637, 16.1945 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.3769, -0.0637, 16.1945.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.3769, -0.0637,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59.3769, -0.0637, 16.1945

### Protanopia

59.3908, -4.4187, 15.7853

### Deuteranopia

59.3810, 4.3346, 15.9291



## Tritanopia

59.3330, 8.8560, 1.6193

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

59.3769, -0.0637, 16.1945

## Protanomaly

59.3848, -2.9452, 15.8053

## Deuteranomaly

59.3448, 2.7777, 15.8669

## Tritanomaly

59.4059, 5.5114, 7.4811

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

59.3769, -0.0637, 16.1945

## Achromatopsia

59.2902, -3.1636, 3.2213

## Achromatomaly

59.2873, -2.3511, 8.4732

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 59.3769, -0.0637, 16.1945 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 157, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 157, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 157, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 157, 128) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 59.3769, -0.0637, 16.1945 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 157, 128) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 157, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 157, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 157, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 157, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 157,  
128) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 59.3769, -0.0637, 16.1945 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 157, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
157, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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