

Converting Colors

HunterLab(59.4338, -2.3549,
-76.6531)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(59.4338, -2.3549,
-76.6531) contains.

HunterLab(58.7303, -6.4734, -59.4334)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(58.7303, -6.4734,
-59.4334)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00A6FF
RGB	0, 166, 255
RGB Percent	0%, 65%, 100%
CMY	0.9997, 0.3490, 0.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.35, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	201°, 100%, 50%
HSV	201°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	31.6863, 34.4925, 99.5955
YIQ	126.5120, -127.5050, -7.5130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 101, 255
Decimal	42751
CIELab	65.35, -3.96, -53.88
CIELCh	65, 54.026, 265.799
Yxy	34.4935, 0.1911, 0.2081
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278232831 (0xFF00A6FF)
YUV	126.5120, 63.3446, -110.9510
Hunter-Lab	58.7303, -6.4734, -59.4334

Details

The HunterLab color **58.7303, -6.4734, -59.4334** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099FF**. The color can be described as middle saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **53.3083, 56.7851, 33.8400**, and the grayscale version is **45.6825, -2.4375, 2.4820**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.9795, -23.8800, -22.7734**, and **40.4211, 1.3489, -53.4348** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.7222, -6.4605, -59.4512**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.6901, -10.2253, -53.0927**.

Distribution



- Red (0%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 58.7303, -6.4734, -59.4334 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 58.7303, -6.4734, -59.4334 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58.7303, -6.4734,
-59.4334

■ 58.7303, -6.4734,
-59.4334

179.5347,
-14.4592, -65.9096

■ 48.2421, -5.6957,
-58.8338

■ 81.6703, -8.0937,
-60.9082

■ 38.4645, -4.9406,
-58.4609

■ 94.0508, -8.9379,
-61.6891

■ 29.4547, -4.2060,
-58.5236

■ 107.0005, -9.8044,
-62.4640

■ 21.2845, -3.4891,
-59.4666

■ 120.4953,
-10.6928, -63.2191

■ 14.0514, -2.7842,
-62.3812

■ 134.5141,
-11.6028, -63.9457

■ 7.6977, -2.6514,
-72.8189

149.0380,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-12.5341, -64.6384

0.0000, NaN, -NF

164.0500,
-13.4864, -65.2937

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 58.7303, -6.4734,
-59.4334

■ 58.7303, -6.4734,
-59.4334

■ 58.7222, -6.4605,
-59.4512

■ 61.6901, -10.2253,
-53.0927

■ 64.9050, -13.1486,
-46.6592

■ 68.4046, -15.1138,
-40.1158

■ 72.1863, -16.1195,
-33.5072

■ 76.2393, -16.2063,
-26.8803

■ 80.5487, -15.4382,
-20.2751

■ 85.0979, -13.8900,
-13.7220

■ 89.8697, -11.6392,
-7.2423

■ 94.8477, -8.7608,
-0.8486

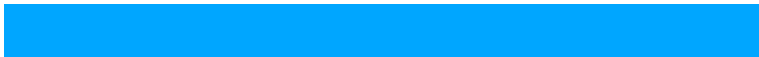
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.7312, -26.8476, -45.8081



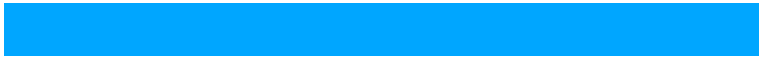
58.7303, -6.4734, -59.4334



58.7312, 18.2817, -51.5082

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.7312, -6.4727, -59.4314



58.7312, 44.3464, 19.2468



58.7312, -36.5809, 22.8764

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.7303, -6.4734, -59.4334



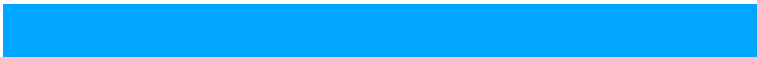
53.3083, 56.7851, 33.8400

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.7312, -21.8673, 30.5442



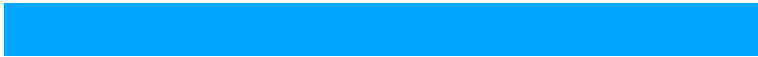
58.7303, -6.4734, -59.4334



58.7312, 25.0577, 29.1148

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.7312, -6.4727, -59.4314



58.7312, 50.2148, -0.1038



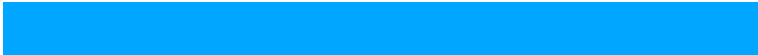
58.7312, 0.2750, 32.2556



58.7312, -42.3729, 6.3165

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.7303, -6.4734, -59.4334



58.7312, 33.6620, -36.2842



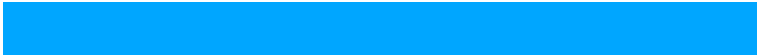
58.7312, 0.2750, 32.2556



58.7312, -32.6419, 26.2734

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.7312, -6.4727, -59.4314



85.0835, -13.8959, -13.7422



84.9572, -70.0897, 45.1177



38.4633, -6.7721, -7.6324

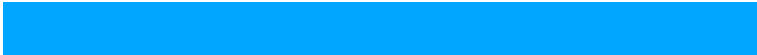
0.0000, NaN, NaN



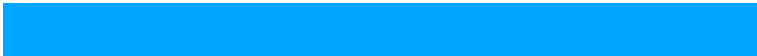
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.7312, -6.4727, -59.4314



58.7222, -6.4605, -59.4512



29.8611, 60.7162, -168.3830



43.9901, -3.9847, -0.2562



42.7886, -5.2151, -42.2242



14.0981, -2.7874, -11.6041

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.0050, 89.5317, -11.8848



49.0023, 89.5342, -11.8729



82.8276, -5.0570, 50.9478



42.6454, 2.8370, 0.2526



35.4630, 64.8692, -9.1600



11.1588, 20.5755, -4.1516

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.7303, -6.4734, -59.4334 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

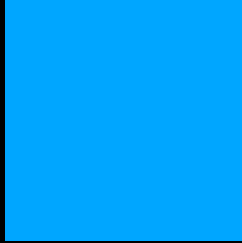
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 58.7303, -6.4734, -59.4334 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

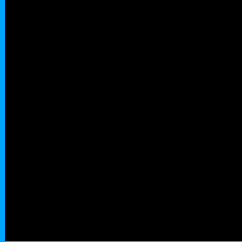
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

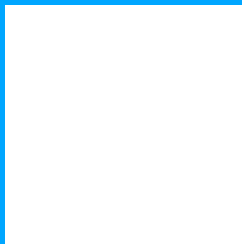
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 58.7303, -6.4734, -59.4334 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.7303, -6.4734, -59.4334.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 58.7303, -6.4734, -59.4334.

-59.4334.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58.7303, -6.4734, -59.4334

Protanopia

58.6475, 8.9464, -51.0378

Deuteranopia

58.5887, 5.3900, -59.5437



Tritanopia

58.5583, -28.0784, -12.5796

Trichromacy



Original Color

58.7303, -6.4734, -59.4334

Protanomaly

57.7419, 0.3640, -56.4387

Deuteranomaly

58.1089, -0.7976, -60.7381

Tritanomaly

58.5308, -21.1971, -27.4000

Monochromacy



Original Color

58.7303, -6.4734, -59.4334

Achromatopsia

46.0685, -2.4581, 2.5030

Achromatomaly

48.8417, -10.3395, -18.6958

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 58.7303, -6.4734, -59.4334 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 166, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 166, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 166, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 166, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 58.7303, -6.4734, -59.4334 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 166, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 166, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 166, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 166, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 166, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 166,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 58.7303, -6.4734, -59.4334 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 166, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 166,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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