

Converting Colors

HunterLab(59.4338, -4.7454,
-3.9179)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(59.4338, -4.7454,
-3.9179) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(59.4351, -4.7455,
-3.9178)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	95A2AF
RGB	149, 162, 175
RGB Percent	58%, 64%, 69%
CMY	0.4157, 0.3647, 0.3137
CMYK	0.15, 0.07, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	210°, 14%, 64%
HSV	210°, 15%, 69%
XYZ	33.0526, 35.3253, 45.6338
YIQ	159.5950, -11.9210, 1.2870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

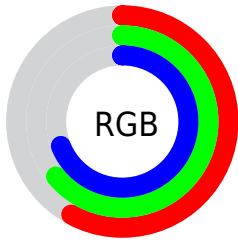
Format	Color
RYB	149, 158, 175
Decimal	9806511
CIELab	66.00, -1.85, -8.29
CIELCh	66, 8.492, 257.442
Yxy	35.3268, 0.2899, 0.3098
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287996591 (0xFF95A2AF)
YUV	159.5950, 7.5947, -9.2918
Hunter-Lab	59.4351, -4.7455, -3.9178

Details

The HunterLab color $59.4351, -4.7455, -3.9178$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $60.9297, -1.0896, 9.8564$, and the grayscale version is $59.0991, -3.1534, 3.2110$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $82.5177, -6.2545, -3.5829$, and $38.9597, -3.1746, -4.5662$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55.5217, -5.1867, -9.1891$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $63.4734, -3.9748, 1.1576$.

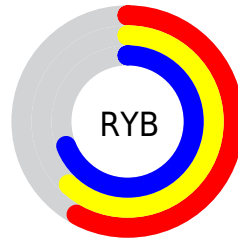
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (64%)

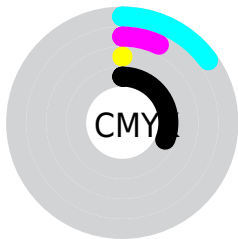
Blue (69%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (69%)

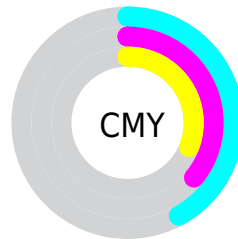


Cyan (15%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 59.4351, -4.7455, -3.9178 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 59.4351, -4.7455, -3.9178 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59.4351, -4.7455,
-3.9178

■ 59.4351, -4.7455,
-3.9178

180.5570,
-11.9267, -0.2215

■ 48.9027, -4.0839,
-4.0935

■ 82.4571, -6.1592,
-3.3988

■ 39.0773, -3.4518,
-4.2080

■ 94.8753, -6.9072,
-3.0662

■ 30.0156, -2.8512,
-4.2526

107.8611, -7.6817,
-2.6892

■ 21.7883, -2.2832,
-4.2179

121.3906, -8.4821,
-2.2704

■ 14.4905, -1.7480,
-4.0923

135.4428, -9.3074,
-1.8124

■ 8.1516, -1.4224,
-4.0709

149.9990,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-10.1570, -1.3170

0.0000, NaN, NaN

165.0421,
-11.0303, -0.7862

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.4351, -4.7455,
-3.9178

■ 59.4351, -4.7455,
-3.9178

■ 55.5217, -5.1867,
-9.1891

■ 63.4734, -3.9748,
1.1576

■ 51.7426, -5.2447,
-14.6821

■ 67.6217, -2.9148,
6.0564

■ 48.1139, -4.8627,
-20.4164

■ 71.8716, -1.6031,
10.8009

■ 44.6528, -3.9761,
-26.4077

■ 76.2148, -0.0710,
15.4106

■ 41.3784, -2.5164,
-32.6613

■ 80.6440, 1.6553,
19.9029

■ 38.3114, -0.4177,
-39.1667

■ 85.1529, 3.5536,
24.2935

■ 35.4726, 2.3718,
-45.8902

■ 87.8979, -0.6396,
26.7935

■ 32.8789, 5.8678,
-52.7748

■ 90.5890, -5.1672,
29.1851

■ 31.6155, 7.8402,
-56.4414

■ 93.3338, -9.6534,
31.5785

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.4363, -8.0108, -2.0863



59.4351, -4.7455, -3.9178



59.4363, -0.9802, -3.7461

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.4363, -4.7466, -3.9168



59.4363, 3.9196, 5.2707



59.4363, -8.4341, 7.7241

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.4351, -4.7455, -3.9178



60.9297, -1.0896, 9.8564

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.4363, -5.3375, 9.4607



59.4351, -4.7455, -3.9178



59.4363, 1.8215, 8.1062

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.4363, -4.7466, -3.9168



59.4363, 4.0875, 1.7123



59.4363, -1.5860, 9.5960



59.4363, -10.1038, 4.7190

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.4351, -4.7455, -3.9178



59.4363, 1.3091, -2.5202



59.4363, -1.5860, 9.5960



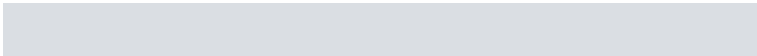
59.4363, -7.5292, 8.4672

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.4363, -4.7466, -3.9168



85.3760, -5.2209, 2.0736



62.9629, -13.2052, 6.5672



40.0579, -2.5052, 0.7442



94.3401, -5.0338, 5.1257



41.3092, -2.2042, 2.2444

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.4363, -4.7466, -3.9168



77.7124, -6.6090, -7.6474



55.7832, 1.4129, -8.7096



28.9726, -2.0464, -0.5040



26.9835, 6.1871, -47.0832



5.5866, -0.8502, -5.1475

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.6352, 7.3776, 0.4782



74.8093, 13.3155, -0.2158



64.6343, -7.1984, 13.6181



28.4247, 1.5371, 0.7388



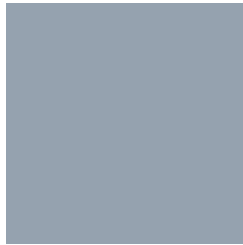
26.5294, 47.3595, 2.2039



4.5481, 8.3446, -1.3701

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.4351, -4.7455, -3.9178 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.4351, -4.7455, -3.9178 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

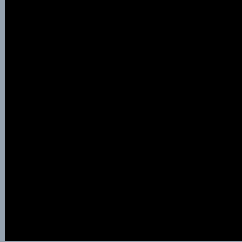
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

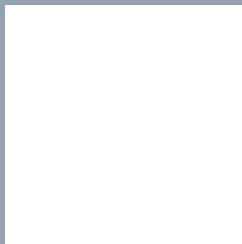
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 59.4351, -4.7455, -3.9178 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.4351, -4.7455, -3.9178.



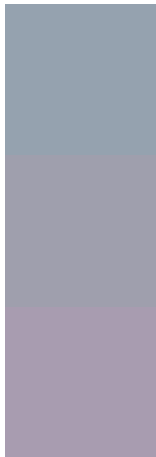
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.4351, -4.7455, -3.9178.

-3.9178.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59.4351, -4.7455, -3.9178

Protanopia

59.3164, -0.7686, -2.9806

Deuteranopia

59.3602, 3.9932, -4.3783



Tritanopia

59.4351, -4.7455, -3.9178

Trichromacy



Original Color

59.4351, -4.7455, -3.9178

Protanomaly

59.3011, -2.2524, -3.5353

Deuteranomaly

59.3004, 0.8591, -4.5114

Tritanomaly

59.4351, -4.7455, -3.9178

Monochromacy



Original Color

59.4351, -4.7455, -3.9178

Achromatopsia

59.2902, -3.1636, 3.2213

Achromatomaly

59.3921, -4.0150, 0.9908

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 59.4351, -4.7455, -3.9178 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 162, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 162, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 162, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 162, 175) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 59.4351, -4.7455, -3.9178 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 162, 175) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 162, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 162, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 162, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 162, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 162,  
175) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 59.4351, -4.7455, -3.9178 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 162, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
162, 175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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