

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(59.4767, -8.7799,  
4.6974)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(59.4767, -8.7799, 4.6974)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(59.4767, -8.7799, 4.6974)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(59.4767, -8.7799,  
4.6974)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	95A49D
RGB	149, 164, 157
RGB Percent	58%, 64%, 62%
CMY	0.4157, 0.3568, 0.3843
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.04, 0.36
HSL	152°, 8%, 61%
HSV	152°, 9%, 64%
XYZ	31.7557, 35.3748, 37.0526
YIQ	158.7170, -6.6930, -5.3570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

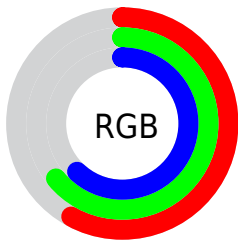
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">149, 159, 164</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9807005</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">66.04, -6.67, 1.82</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">66, 6.915, 164.765</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">35.3763, 0.3048, 0.3395</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287997085</a> <a href="#">(0xFF95A49D)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">158.7170, -0.8465, -8.5218</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">59.4767, -8.7799, 4.6974</a>

# Details

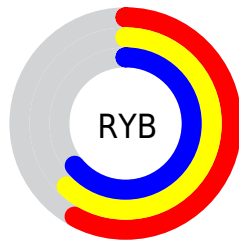
The HunterLab color  $59.4767, -8.7799, 4.6974$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $56.3814, 2.8304, 1.7147$ , and the grayscale version is  $58.7724, -3.1359, 3.1932$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $82.5306, -10.6707, 5.9209$ , and  $39.0200, -6.8362, 3.2052$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $58.0408, -14.4183, 6.3180$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $61.0728, -2.7192, 3.1860$ .

# Distribution



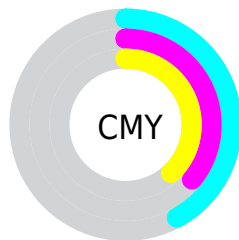
- Red (58%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (38%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 59.4767, -8.7799, 4.6974 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 59.4767, -8.7799, 4.6974 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 59.4767, -8.7799,  
4.6974

■ 59.4767, -8.7799,  
4.6974

180.6173,  
-17.8435, 11.9611

■ 48.9417, -7.8519,  
4.0304

■ 82.5035, -10.6801,  
6.1241

■ 39.1135, -6.9329,  
3.3941

■ 94.9240, -11.6527,  
6.8799

■ 30.0487, -6.0198,  
2.7904

107.9119,  
-12.6417, 7.6631

■ 21.8181, -5.1052,  
2.2205

121.4435,  
-13.6476, 8.4727

■ 14.5166, -4.1750,  
1.6848

135.4976,  
-14.6706, 9.3080

■ 8.1776, -3.9918,  
1.3661

150.0556,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-15.7109, 10.1683

0.0000, NaN, NaN

165.1006,  
-16.7686, 11.0529

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.4767, -8.7799,  
4.6974

■ 59.4767, -8.7799,  
4.6974

■ 58.0408, -14.4183,  
6.3180

■ 61.0728, -2.7192,  
3.1860

■ 56.7651, -19.5789,  
8.0328

■ 62.8202, 3.7141,  
1.7901

■ 55.6529, -24.2156,  
9.8267

■ 64.7143, 10.4668,  
0.5158

■ 54.7044, -28.2888,  
11.6799

■ 66.7486, 17.4894,  
-0.6342

■ 53.9174, -31.7709,  
13.5701

■ 68.9161, 24.7371,  
-1.6602

■ 53.2869, -34.6494,  
15.4724

■ 71.2098, 32.1695,  
-2.5641

■ 52.8047, -36.9310,  
17.3601

■ 72.4532, 36.3557,  
-4.9272

■ 52.4586, -38.6452,  
19.2057

■ 72.7233, 37.6834,  
-8.7406

■ 52.2184, -39.9038,  
20.9690

■ 73.0051, 39.0638,  
-12.7040

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.4780, -7.2882, 7.0984



59.4767, -8.7799, 4.6974



59.4780, -8.7932, 1.7845

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.4780, -8.7811, 4.6983



59.4780, -1.6606, -2.4690



59.4780, 1.0846, 7.0680

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.4767, -8.7799, 4.6974



56.3814, 2.8304, 1.7147

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.4780, 2.6561, 4.6549



59.4767, -8.7799, 4.6974



59.4780, 1.0494, -0.9008

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.4780, -8.7811, 4.6983



59.4780, -4.7243, -2.4559



59.4780, 2.6431, 1.7388



59.4780, -1.6133, 8.4184



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.4767, -8.7799, 4.6974



59.4780, -7.9619, -0.0637



59.4780, 2.6431, 1.7388



59.4780, 1.7645, 6.3598

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.4780, -8.7811, 4.6983



81.4155, -6.9192, 5.0706



59.8459, -7.9125, 8.5681



37.9881, -3.5356, 2.4451



90.9709, -4.8540, 4.9426



38.3822, -2.0480, 2.0854



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.4780, -8.7811, 4.6983



79.7154, -13.4434, 6.7678



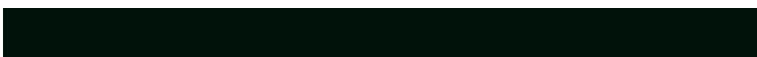
59.6095, -7.5132, 1.6642



28.2050, -4.1974, 2.2372



45.7176, -34.9625, 18.3310



6.6979, -4.6317, 1.6266



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.3814, 2.8304, 1.7147



74.6171, 5.6791, 1.8583



56.2471, 1.6050, 4.7148



26.7178, 1.3793, 0.8043



25.4303, 45.1838, 3.7693



3.8133, 7.0092, -1.2474



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.4767, -8.7799, 4.6974 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

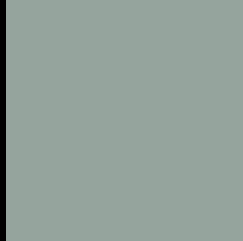
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.4767, -8.7799, 4.6974 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

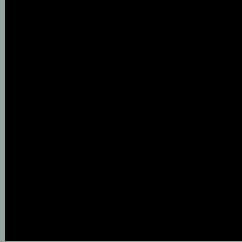
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

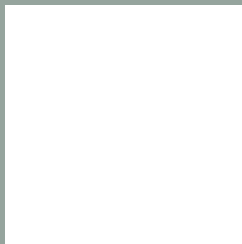
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 59.4767, -8.7799, 4.6974 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.4767, -8.7799, 4.6974.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.4767, -8.7799, 4.6974.

4.6974.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59.4767, -8.7799, 4.6974

### Protanopia

59.4985, -2.7286, 5.7132

### Deuteranopia

59.3094, 4.2062, 3.8296



## Tritanopia

59.3474, -3.5996, -3.4991

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

59.4767, -8.7799, 4.6974

## Protanomaly

59.3809, -4.5868, 5.1056

## Deuteranomaly

59.1856, -0.6580, 4.0535

## Tritanomaly

59.3693, -5.4278, -0.5083

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

59.4767, -8.7799, 4.6974

## Achromatopsia

58.8816, -3.1418, 3.1991

## Achromatomaly

59.0990, -5.4611, 3.8686

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 59.4767, -8.7799, 4.6974 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 164, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 164, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 164, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 164, 157) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 59.4767, -8.7799, 4.6974 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 164, 157) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 164, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 164, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 164, 157); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 164, 157);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 164,  
157) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 59.4767, -8.7799, 4.6974 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 164, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
164, 157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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