

Converting Colors

HunterLab(59.4975, 7.4483,
-31.4363)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(59.4975, 7.4483,
-31.4363) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(59.4082, 7.6651,
-31.5293)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	949CDD
RGB	148, 156, 221
RGB Percent	58%, 61%, 87%
CMY	0.4196, 0.3882, 0.1333
CMYK	0.33, 0.29, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	233°, 52%, 72%
HSV	233°, 33%, 87%
XYZ	37.1524, 35.2933, 73.2608
YIQ	161.0180, -25.6330, 18.5190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

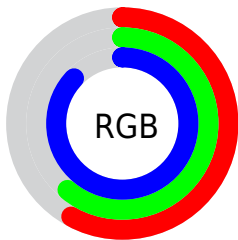
Format	Color
R_{YB}	148, 155, 221
Decimal	9739485
CIE _{Lab}	65.98, 12.24, -33.91
CIE _{LCh}	66, 36.054, 289.839
Yxy	35.2947, 0.2550, 0.2422
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287929565 (0xFF949CDD)
YUV	161.0180, 29.5711, -11.4168
Hunter-Lab	59.4082, 7.6651, -31.5293

Details

The HunterLab color $59.4082, 7.6651, -31.5293$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $80.6844, -10.7607, 28.9399$, and the grayscale version is $59.5982, -3.1800, 3.2381$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $81.3330, 2.5128, -18.8060$, and $39.1014, 7.5980, -30.4760$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52.2960, 12.5563, -45.1115$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $66.8610, 3.4353, -19.4016$.

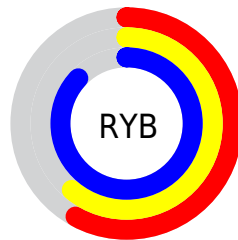
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (61%)

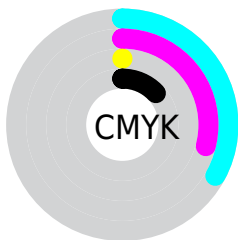
Blue (87%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (61%)

Blue (87%)

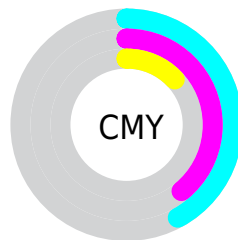


Cyan (33%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 59.4082, 7.6651, -31.5293 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 59.4082, 7.6651, -31.5293 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59.4082, 7.6651,
-31.5293

■ 59.4082, 7.6651,
-31.5293

180.5179, 5.7762,
-34.9087

■ 48.8774, 7.5930,
-30.9220

■ 82.4270, 7.6042,
-32.6261

■ 39.0538, 7.4419,
-30.3035

■ 94.8438, 7.4850,
-33.1033

■ 29.9941, 7.1993,
-29.7190

107.8282, 7.3129,
-33.5292

■ 21.7689, 6.8483,
-29.2737

121.3564, 7.0919,
-33.9037

■ 14.4737, 6.3644,
-29.2359

135.4073, 6.8251,
-34.2276

■ 8.1348, 6.1846,
-31.0331

149.9622, 6.5153,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-34.5021

0.0000, NaN, -NF

165.0042, 6.1650,
-34.7286

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.4082, 7.6651,
-31.5293

■ 59.4082, 7.6651,
-31.5293

■ 52.2960, 12.5563,
-45.1115

■ 66.8610, 3.4353,
-19.4016

■ 45.5985, 18.2932,
-60.5296

■ 74.5956, -0.2803,
-8.4108

■ 39.4267, 25.0687,
-78.1377

■ 82.5727, -3.5970,
1.6991

■ 33.9372, 32.9973,
-98.0214

■ 90.7616, -6.6018,
11.1242

■ 29.3434, 41.8791,
-119.4064

■ 98.8000, -10.5550,
19.6441

■ 25.8988, 50.7951,
-139.7563

■ 98.9952, -10.8686,
19.8398

■ 24.2546, 56.0417,
-151.2940

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.4093, -8.5185, -33.5161



59.4082, 7.6651, -31.5293



59.4093, 22.2923, -18.9795

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.4093, 7.6646, -31.5279



59.4093, 18.0631, 21.5754



59.4093, -30.5942, 8.1819

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.4082, 7.6651, -31.5293



80.6844, -10.7607, 28.9399

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.4093, -24.9612, 19.2191



59.4082, 7.6651, -31.5293



59.4093, 2.3682, 25.4765

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.4093, 7.6646, -31.5279



59.4093, 28.7232, 12.3571



59.4093, -13.2856, 24.7469



59.4093, -29.4985, -7.6141

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.4082, 7.6651, -31.5293



59.4093, 28.6521, -7.7970



59.4093, -13.2856, 24.7469



59.4093, -29.4501, 12.4860

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.4093, 7.6646, -31.5279



90.4652, -1.5240, -6.2874



79.2386, -25.9994, 1.5249



41.2433, -0.4420, -3.7045

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.4093, 7.6646, -31.5279



63.7236, 13.1191, -48.5295



59.6907, 19.7720, -30.8207



35.8409, -0.7015, -2.1656



18.7042, 41.8440, -113.7078



5.5287, 7.9456, -24.0627

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.4128, 23.5112, 8.9900



68.3588, 35.3434, 12.2054



80.7413, -23.6860, 28.7632



36.1588, 1.4589, 2.5843



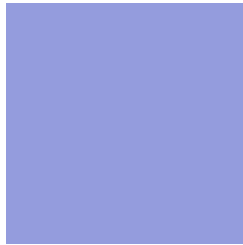
29.9615, 51.4670, 18.1438



7.6782, 13.2927, 3.8486

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.4082, 7.6651, -31.5293 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

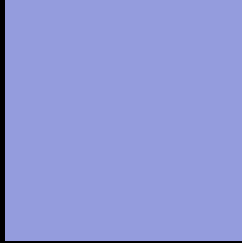
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.4082, 7.6651, -31.5293 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

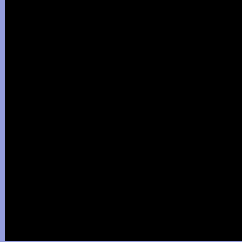
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 59.4082, 7.6651, -31.5293 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.4082, 7.6651, -31.5293.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.4082, 7.6651, -31.5293.

-31.5293.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59.4082, 7.6651, -31.5293

Protanopia

59.4898, 5.1001, -32.1285

Deuteranopia

59.4448, 4.8600, -31.5137



Tritanopia

59.2693, -8.2737, -5.2329

Trichromacy



Original Color

59.4082, 7.6651, -31.5293

Protanomaly

59.4282, 6.3638, -32.2157

Deuteranomaly

59.3832, 6.1244, -31.6003

Tritanomaly

59.2375, -2.6423, -14.0412

Monochromacy



Original Color

59.4082, 7.6651, -31.5293

Achromatopsia

59.6993, -3.1854, 3.2436

Achromatomaly

59.3996, 0.1936, -8.1120

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 59.4082, 7.6651, -31.5293 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 156, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 156, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 156, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 156, 221) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 59.4082, 7.6651, -31.5293 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 156, 221) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 156, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(148, 156, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 156, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 156, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 156,  
221) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 59.4082, 7.6651, -31.5293 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 156, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148,  
156, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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