

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(59.5495, -21.3192,  
17.6636)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(59.5495, -21.3192,  
17.6636) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(59.5495,  
-21.3192, 17.6636)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	84AB7B
RGB	132, 171, 123
RGB Percent	52%, 67%, 48%
CMY	0.4824, 0.3294, 0.5176
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.28, 0.33
HSL	109°, 22%, 58%
HSV	109°, 28%, 67%
XYZ	27.6538, 35.4614, 24.1262
YIQ	153.8670, -7.8360, -23.1960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

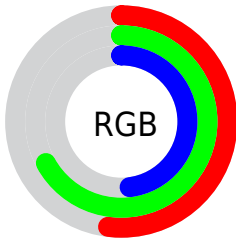
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	123, 171, 162
Decimal	8694651
CIELab	66.11, -22.59, 20.54
CIElCh	66, 30.533, 137.725
Yxy	35.4629, 0.3170, 0.4065
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286884731 (0xFF84AB7B)
YUV	153.8670, -15.2174, -19.1774
Hunter-Lab	59.5495, -21.3192, 17.6636

# Details

The HunterLab color  $59.5495, -21.3192, 17.6636$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $669966$ . A complement of this color would be  $49.7882, 18.0438, -14.8880$ , and the grayscale version is  $56.8549, -3.0336, 3.0890$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $82.4417, -24.5772, 20.8304$ , and  $39.2904, -17.7567, 14.1235$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $58.3308, -26.6599, 21.6438$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $60.9304, -15.4006, 13.0940$ .

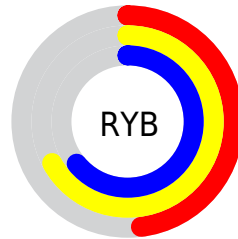
# Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (67%)

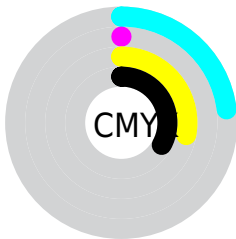
Blue (48%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (64%)

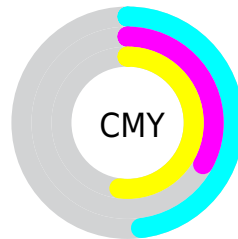


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (28%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (52%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 59.5495, -21.3192, 17.6636 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 59.5495, -21.3192, 17.6636 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 59.5495, -21.3192,  
17.6636

■ 59.5495, -21.3192,  
17.6636

180.7227,  
-36.8211, 32.4252

■ 49.0099, -19.4637,  
15.9008

■ 82.5847, -24.8991,  
21.0630

■ 39.1768, -17.5402,  
14.0727

■ 95.0091, -26.6427,  
22.7200

■ 30.1067, -15.5233,  
12.1536

■ 108.0007,  
-28.3656, 24.3586

■ 21.8702, -13.3709,  
10.1030

121.5358,  
-30.0732, 25.9841

■ 14.5621, -11.0094,  
8.1347

135.5934,  
-31.7695, 27.6006

■ 8.2228, -12.4115,  
5.7559

150.1547,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-33.4579, 29.2112

0.0000, NaN, NaN

165.2029,  
-35.1410, 30.8187

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.5495, -21.3192,  
17.6636

■ 59.5495, -21.3192,  
17.6636

■ 58.3308, -26.6599,  
21.6438

■ 60.9304, -15.4006,  
13.0940

■ 57.2721, -31.3721,  
25.0027

■ 62.4663, -8.9537,  
7.9723

■ 56.3745, -35.4209,  
27.7233

■ 64.1541, -2.0367,  
2.3443

■ 55.6355, -38.7841,  
29.8048

■ 65.9883, 5.2930,  
-3.7419

■ 55.0502, -41.4576,  
31.2662

■ 67.9628, 12.9801,  
-10.2377

■ 54.6105, -43.4588,  
32.1510

■ 70.0710, 20.9722,  
-17.0959

■ 54.3022, -44.8470,  
32.5722

■ 72.3061, 29.2219,  
-24.2719

■ 54.2543, -45.0640,  
32.6423

■ 74.4513, 36.6513,  
-28.8236

■ 75.8994, 40.8646,  
-26.4200

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.5508, -10.9347, 22.4012



59.5495, -21.3192, 17.6636



59.5508, -26.6387, 8.2911

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.5508, -21.3204, 17.6642



59.5508, -8.6385, -26.5474



59.5508, 23.8301, 10.3285

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.5495, -21.3192, 17.6636



49.7882, 18.0438, -14.8880

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.5508, 24.5853, -2.2930



59.5495, -21.3192, 17.6636



59.5508, 4.9916, -25.6538

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.5508, -21.3204, 17.6642



59.5508, -19.7697, -18.2579



59.5508, 17.4294, -16.0367



59.5508, 15.4501, 18.8662



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.5495, -21.3192, 17.6636



59.5508, -26.9405, -0.2003



59.5508, 17.4294, -16.0367



59.5508, 25.0096, 6.4894

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.5508, -21.3204, 17.6642



83.5791, -12.0455, 10.7197



59.7657, -5.4742, 18.1412



39.3195, -6.3091, 5.5606



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645



40.3295, -2.1519, 2.1912



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.5508, -21.3204, 17.6642



78.6021, -33.2900, 27.2090



59.2925, -21.6460, 12.3393



30.0148, -4.7151, 4.1635



47.1236, -39.0463, 28.3538



7.9911, -5.9594, 4.8197



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.7882, 18.0438, -14.8880



62.7069, 30.9961, -26.0597



50.2449, 18.4027, -6.1485



28.4096, 1.7271, -1.1479



25.2429, 52.0098, -51.7541



4.4338, 8.9837, -7.9151



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.5495, -21.3192, 17.6636 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

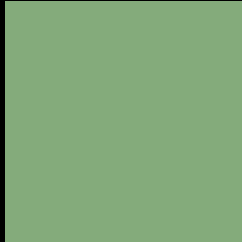
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.5495, -21.3192, 17.6636 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

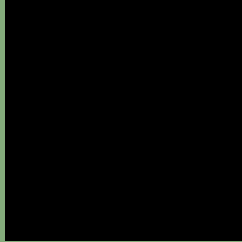
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 59.5495, -21.3192, 17.6636 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.5495, -21.3192, 17.6636.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.5495,

-21.3192, 17.6636.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59.5495, -21.3192, 17.6636

### Protanopia

59.3467, -5.0398, 19.3577

### Deuteranopia

59.3366, 4.0971, 16.5717



## Tritanopia

59.4878, -7.4965, -4.9318

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

59.5495, -21.3192, 17.6636

## Protanomaly

59.2242, -11.5046, 18.5032

## Deuteranomaly

59.0453, -5.7645, 16.4620

## Tritanomaly

59.5609, -13.1676, 4.7174

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

59.5495, -21.3192, 17.6636

## Achromatopsia

56.8457, -3.0331, 3.0885

## Achromatomaly

57.6505, -9.9120, 8.6248

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 59.5495, -21.3192, 17.6636 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 171, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 171, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 171, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 171, 123) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 59.5495, -21.3192, 17.6636 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 171, 123) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 171, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 171, 123)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 171, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 171, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 171,  
123) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 59.5495, -21.3192, 17.6636 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 171, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
171, 123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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