

Converting Colors

HunterLab(59.5575, -3.3814,
3.0698)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(59.5575, -3.3814, 3.0698)
contains.

HunterLab(59.6125, -3.4873, 3.1361)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

**HunterLab(59.6125, -3.4873,
3.1361)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A0A1A1
RGB	160, 161, 161
RGB Percent	63%, 63%, 63%
CMY	0.3725, 0.3686, 0.3686
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.00, 0.37
HSL	180°, 1%, 63%
HSV	180°, 1%, 63%
XYZ	33.6751, 35.5365, 38.8026
YIQ	160.7010, -0.5960, -0.2120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

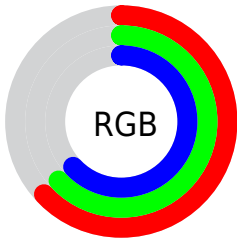
Format	Color
RYB	160, 161, 161
Decimal	10527137
CIELab	66.17, -0.36, -0.13
CIELCh	66, 0.380, 200.383
Yxy	35.5380, 0.3118, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288717217 (0xFFA0A1A1)
YUV	160.7010, 0.1474, -0.6148
Hunter-Lab	59.6125, -3.4873, 3.1361

Details

The HunterLab color **59.6125, -3.4873, 3.1361** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **59.3782, -2.8592, 3.3284**, and the grayscale version is **59.5776, -3.1789, 3.2370**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.7748, -4.7406, 4.3887**, and **39.4067, -2.3885, 2.0452** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.2951, -8.1380, 1.5049**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.0801, 1.5596, 4.9145**.

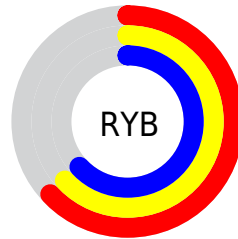
Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (63%)

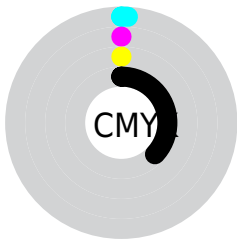
Blue (63%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (63%)

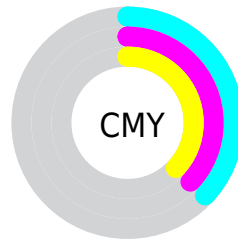


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 59.6125, -3.4873, 3.1361 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 59.6125, -3.4873, 3.1361 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59.6125, -3.4873,
3.1361

■ 59.6125, -3.4873,
3.1361

180.8139,
-10.0987, 9.6861

■ 49.0689, -2.9063,
2.5698

■ 82.6550, -4.7545,
4.3789

■ 39.2316, -2.3603,
2.0416

■ 95.0827, -5.4345,
5.0496

■ 30.1569, -1.8533,
1.5555

108.0775, -6.1441,
5.7514

■ 21.9153, -1.3886,
1.1156

121.6157, -6.8822,
6.4831

■ 14.6015, -0.9702,
0.7272

135.6763, -7.6475,
7.2434

■ 8.2617, -0.6290,
0.3833

150.2405, -8.4393,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

8.0312

0.0000, NaN, NaN

165.2915, -9.2566,
8.8458

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.6125, -3.4873,
3.1361

■ 59.6125, -3.4873,
3.1361

■ 58.2951, -8.1380,
1.5049

■ 61.0801, 1.5596,
4.9145

■ 57.1270, -12.3485,
0.0315

■ 62.6899, 6.9648,
6.8231

■ 56.1113, -16.0851,
-1.2712

■ 64.4381, 12.6847,
8.8481

■ 55.2479, -19.3196,
-2.3942

■ 66.3191, 18.6783,
10.9756

■ 54.5348, -22.0336,
-3.3314

■ 68.3267, 24.9071,
13.1922

■ 53.9677, -24.2206,
-4.0811

■ 70.2378, 30.6882,
15.2525

■ 53.5398, -25.8885,
-4.6468

■ 70.2389, 30.6937,
15.2367

■ 53.2414, -27.0612,
-5.0372

■ 70.2400, 30.6991,
15.2209

■ 53.0593, -27.7816,
-5.2679

■ 70.2411, 30.7046,
15.2051

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.6138, -3.5044, 3.2966



59.6125, -3.4873, 3.1361



59.6138, -3.3913, 3.0061

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.6138, -3.4887, 3.1371



59.6138, -2.9332, 3.0473



59.6138, -3.1297, 3.5493

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.6125, -3.4873, 3.1361



59.3782, -2.8592, 3.3284

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.6138, -2.9764, 3.4828



59.6125, -3.4873, 3.1361



59.6138, -2.8629, 3.1932

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.6138, -3.4887, 3.1371



59.6138, -3.0707, 2.9541



59.6138, -2.8788, 3.3526



59.6138, -3.2973, 3.5343

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.6125, -3.4873, 3.1361



59.6138, -3.2932, 2.9527



59.6138, -2.8788, 3.3526



59.6138, -3.0748, 3.5357

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.6138, -3.4887, 3.1371



79.8926, -4.2629, 4.3407



59.5857, -3.6454, 3.5595



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.6138, -3.4887, 3.1371



79.7025, -4.9255, 4.1077



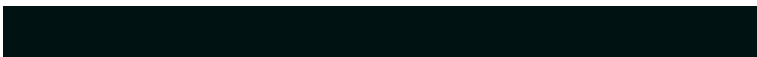
59.4719, -3.2528, 2.9725



28.8398, -1.7605, 1.4936



47.3296, -25.1750, -4.8124



6.8614, -3.6450, -0.7077

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.3782, -2.8592, 3.3284



79.1869, -3.5481, 4.5265



59.5197, -3.0954, 3.4917



28.6699, -1.3067, 1.6315



24.6017, 42.1347, 15.8699



3.5674, 6.1122, 2.2822

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.6125, -3.4873, 3.1361 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.6125, -3.4873, 3.1361 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

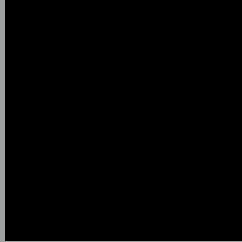
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 59.6125, -3.4873, 3.1361 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.6125, -3.4873, 3.1361.

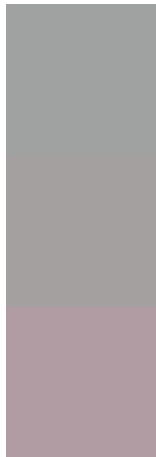


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.6125, -3.4873, 3.1361.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59.6125, -3.4873, 3.1361

Protanopia

59.6424, -1.9420, 3.6562

Deuteranopia

59.6789, 4.1791, 2.8873



Tritanopia

59.5451, -0.0485, -2.1719

Trichromacy



Original Color

59.6125, -3.4873, 3.1361

Protanomaly

59.5535, -2.2497, 3.5467

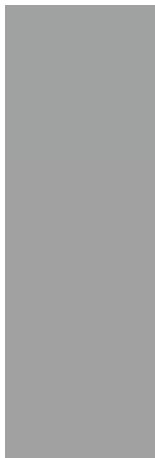
Deuteranomaly

59.6728, 1.2438, 2.8287

Tritanomaly

59.6203, -1.5336, -0.1296

Monochromacy



Original Color

59.6125, -3.4873, 3.1361

Achromatopsia

59.6993, -3.1854, 3.2436

Achromatomaly

59.6993, -3.1854, 3.2436

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 59.6125, -3.4873, 3.1361 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(160, 161, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(160, 161, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 161, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(160, 161, 161) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 59.6125, -3.4873, 3.1361 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(160, 161, 161) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(160, 161, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(160, 161, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(160, 161, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 161, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 161,  
161) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 59.6125, -3.4873, 3.1361 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(160, 161, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(160,  
161, 161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor