

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(59.5804, -26.5018,  
-17.0751)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(59.5804, -26.5018,  
-17.0751) contains.

<b>HunterLab(59.6162, -26.6218, -16.8647)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(59.6162,  
-26.6218, -16.8647)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	03B1C6
RGB	3, 177, 198
RGB Percent	1%, 69%, 78%
CMY	0.9881, 0.3059, 0.2235
CMYK	0.98, 0.11, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	186°, 97%, 39%
HSV	186°, 98%, 78%
XYZ	25.9528, 35.5409, 58.9184
YIQ	127.3680, -110.4450, -30.3570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

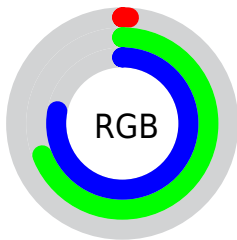
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	3, 95, 198
Decimal	242118
CIE Lab	66.17, -29.79, -21.31
CIE LCh	66, 36.628, 215.573
Yxy	35.5422, 0.2155, 0.2952
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278432198 (0xFF03B1C6)
YUV	127.3680, 34.8216, -109.0707
Hunter-Lab	59.6162, -26.6218, -16.8647

# Details

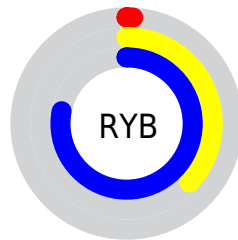
The HunterLab color **59.6162, -26.6218, -16.8647** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **35.5915, 56.2410, 22.7704**, and the grayscale version is **46.1172, -2.4607, 2.5056**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.6575, -30.9125, -17.4699**, and **40.5326, -17.0213, -13.9181** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.4923, -26.5478, -17.0512**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.4582, -27.0006, -15.6131**.

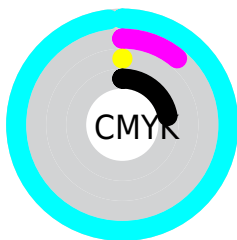
# Distribution



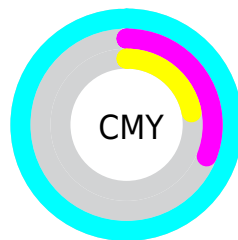
- Red (1%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 59.6162, -26.6218, -16.8647 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 59.6162, -26.6218, -16.8647 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 59.6162, -26.6218,  
-16.8647

■ 59.6162, -26.6218,  
-16.8647

180.8190,  
-45.1411, -17.1427

■ 49.0722, -24.3239,  
-16.5500

■ 82.6589, -30.9944,  
-17.3020

■ 39.2347, -21.9204,  
-16.1716

■ 95.0868, -33.1007,  
-17.4318

■ 30.1597, -19.3732,  
-15.7325

■ 108.0818,  
-35.1681, -17.5063

■ 21.9178, -16.6223,  
-15.2498

■ 121.6202,  
-37.2041, -17.5283

■ 14.6037, -13.5648,  
-14.7800

■ 135.6809,  
-39.2150, -17.5005

■ 8.2638, -14.4617,  
-14.8157

150.2452,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-41.2056, -17.4255

0.0000, NaN, NaN

165.2964,  
-43.1799, -17.3056

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.6162, -26.6218,  
-16.8647

■ 59.6162, -26.6218,  
-16.8647

■ 59.4923, -26.5478,  
-17.0512

■ 60.4582, -27.0006,  
-15.6131

■ 61.4328, -26.8683,  
-14.1790

■ 62.5685, -26.1229,  
-12.5303

■ 63.8775, -24.7268,  
-10.6617

■ 65.3669, -22.6682,  
-8.5781

■ 67.0395, -19.9562,  
-6.2908

■ 68.8952, -16.6154,  
-3.8162

■ 70.9312, -12.6816,  
-1.1730

■ 73.1429, -8.1984,  
1.6187

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.6173, -31.3122, 0.2726



59.6162, -26.6218, -16.8647



59.6173, -15.6140, -30.8347

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.6173, -26.6216, -16.8638



59.6173, 28.1625, -10.4663



59.6173, -6.2014, 25.9663

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.6162, -26.6218, -16.8647



35.5915, 56.2410, 22.7704

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.6173, 10.3555, 24.5287



59.6162, -26.6218, -16.8647



59.6173, 31.3732, 6.0721

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.6173, -26.6216, -16.8638



59.6173, 16.1916, -26.4993



59.6173, 24.5472, 18.1301



59.6173, -20.3635, 22.7776



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.6162, -26.6218, -16.8647



59.6173, -5.5871, -34.8486



59.6173, 24.5472, 18.1301



59.6173, -0.7427, 25.9950

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.6173, -26.6216, -16.8638



91.1698, -23.0579, -5.7511



63.6148, -54.1335, 37.5184



41.6862, -11.5622, -3.3170

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

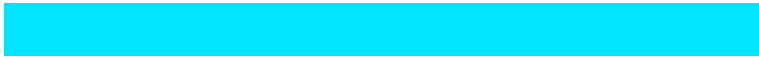


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.6173, -26.6216, -16.8638



79.0259, -35.1483, -22.9004



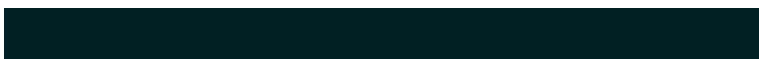
31.6000, 19.1257, -80.4366



34.4454, -4.0773, 0.6404



48.0551, -21.5092, -13.6325



10.7274, -5.0205, -2.5704



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.0466, 74.5635, -37.7958



51.8031, 99.4771, -49.9571



50.4478, 17.9518, 31.2973



32.8575, 2.4310, -0.7314



31.4185, 60.3730, -30.6108



6.8789, 13.2848, -7.2178



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.6162, -26.6218, -16.8647 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.6162, -26.6218, -16.8647 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

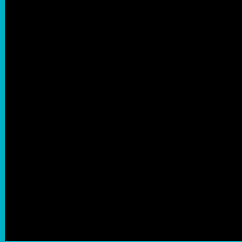
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 59.6162, -26.6218, -16.8647 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.6162, -26.6218, -16.8647.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.6162, -26.6218, -16.8647.

-26.6218, -16.8647.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59.6162, -26.6218, -16.8647

### Protanopia

59.0974, 0.7887, -9.6191

### Deuteranopia

59.3279, 4.4091, -19.8290



## Tritanopia

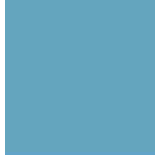
59.7047, -28.4405, -13.2309

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

59.6162, -26.6218, -16.8647



## Protanomaly

57.7385, -14.4643, -14.6993



## Deuteranomaly

57.7621, -11.9140, -21.3358



## Tritanomaly

59.7849, -27.9789, -14.2671

# Monochromacy



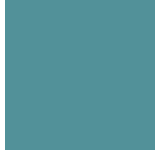
## Original Color

59.6162, -26.6218, -16.8647



## Achromatopsia

46.0685, -2.4581, 2.5030



## Achromatomaly

49.3402, -16.3245, -6.0969

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 59.6162, -26.6218, -16.8647 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(3, 177, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(3, 177, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(3, 177, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(3, 177, 198) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 59.6162, -26.6218, -16.8647 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(3, 177, 198) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(3, 177, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(3, 177, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(3, 177, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 177, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 177,  
198) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 59.6162, -26.6218, -16.8647 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(3, 177, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(3, 177,  
198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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