

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(59.5946, -9.1027,  
6.0319)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(59.5946, -9.1027, 6.0319)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(59.4710, -8.9704, 6.0099)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(59.4710, -8.9704,  
6.0099)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	96A49A
RGB	150, 164, 154
RGB Percent	59%, 64%, 60%
CMY	0.4118, 0.3568, 0.3961
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.06, 0.36
HSL	137°, 7%, 62%
HSV	137°, 9%, 64%
XYZ	31.6858, 35.3680, 35.7285
YIQ	158.6740, -5.1340, -6.0780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

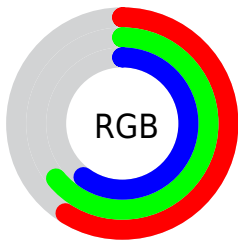
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	150, 161, 164
Decimal	9872538
CIELab	66.04, -6.90, 3.49
CIELCh	66, 7.736, 153.173
Yxy	35.3695, 0.3083, 0.3441
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288062618 (0xFF96A49A)
YUV	158.6740, -2.3043, -7.6071
Hunter-Lab	59.4710, -8.9704, 6.0099

# Details

The HunterLab color **59.4710, -8.9704, 6.0099** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **56.7839, 2.9886, 0.3151**, and the grayscale version is **58.7602, -3.1353, 3.1926**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.4951, -11.0385, 7.7513**, and **39.0132, -7.0181, 4.4156** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57.9219, -15.2346, 9.1134**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.1927, -2.2403, 2.8448**.

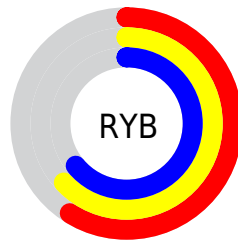
# Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (64%)

Blue (60%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (64%)

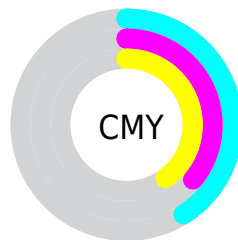


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 59.4710, -8.9704, 6.0099 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 59.4710, -8.9704, 6.0099 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 59.4710, -8.9704,  
6.0099

■ 59.4710, -8.9704,  
6.0099

180.6091,  
-18.1253, 13.9000

■ 48.9363, -8.0295,  
5.2538

■ 82.4971, -10.8943,  
7.5989

■ 39.1086, -7.0965,  
4.5213

■ 94.9173, -11.8778,  
8.4295

■ 30.0442, -6.1681,  
3.8128

107.9050,  
-12.8772, 9.2840

■ 21.8140, -5.2364,  
3.1261

121.4362,  
-13.8930, 10.1620

■ 14.5130, -4.2867,  
2.4567

135.4901,  
-14.9256, 11.0631

■ 8.1740, -4.1168,  
2.2154

150.0479,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-15.9751, 11.9867

0.0000, NaN, NaN

165.0926,  
-17.0417, 12.9325

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.4710, -8.9704,  
6.0099

■ 59.4710, -8.9704,  
6.0099

■ 57.9219, -15.2346,  
9.1134

■ 61.1927, -2.2403,  
2.8448

■ 56.5465, -20.9645,  
12.1217

■ 63.0768, 4.8948,  
-0.3569

■ 55.3497, -26.1010,  
15.0026

■ 65.1172, 12.3714,  
-3.5703

■ 54.3324, -30.5925,  
17.7223

■ 67.3062, 20.1320,  
-6.7758

■ 53.4931, -34.4004,  
20.2476

■ 69.6356, 28.1250,  
-9.9575

■ 52.8273, -37.5042,  
22.5484

■ 72.0973, 36.3052,  
-13.1032

■ 52.3267, -39.9064,  
24.5991

■ 73.3954, 40.9675,  
-18.1672

■ 51.9787, -41.6361,  
26.3795

■ 73.8731, 43.2859,  
-24.8167

■ 51.7550, -42.7987,  
27.8681

■ 74.1837, 44.7862,  
-29.1178

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.4723, -6.7569, 8.2727



59.4710, -8.9704, 6.0099



59.4723, -9.6455, 2.8875

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.4723, -8.9717, 6.0108



59.4723, -2.8095, -3.4028



59.4723, 2.4689, 6.5822

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.4710, -8.9704, 6.0099



56.7839, 2.9886, 0.3151

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.4723, 3.5815, 3.5849



59.4710, -8.9704, 6.0099



59.4723, 0.4908, -2.2810

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.4723, -8.9717, 6.0108



59.4723, -6.1358, -2.6635



59.4723, 2.8495, 0.3233



59.4723, -0.1581, 8.5892



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.4710, -8.9704, 6.0099



59.4723, -9.1431, 0.7044



59.4723, 2.8495, 0.3233



59.4723, 3.0351, 5.6633

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.4723, -8.9717, 6.0108



81.3666, -7.1884, 5.7680



60.1927, -6.6293, 8.5525



37.9595, -3.6934, 2.8531



90.9709, -4.8540, 4.9426



38.3822, -2.0480, 2.0854



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.4723, -8.9717, 6.0108



79.7633, -13.5252, 8.7947



59.6729, -7.8551, 3.1446



28.1545, -4.4789, 2.9591



45.3009, -37.5549, 24.4480



6.6253, -5.0790, 2.6831



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.7839, 2.9886, 0.3151



75.4500, 5.6676, -0.3431



56.5747, 1.8627, 3.2944



26.7722, 1.6713, 0.0305



26.5472, 49.2145, -11.9271



3.9443, 7.4753, -3.0364



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.4710, -8.9704, 6.0099 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

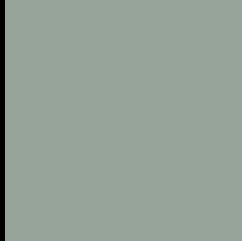
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.4710, -8.9704, 6.0099 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

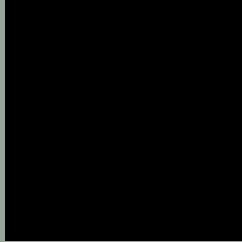
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

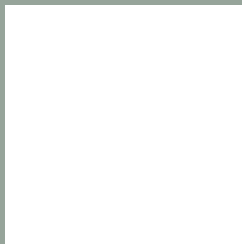
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 59.4710, -8.9704, 6.0099 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.4710, -8.9704, 6.0099.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.4710, -8.9704,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59.4710, -8.9704, 6.0099

### Protanopia

59.5046, -2.8747, 7.0175

### Deuteranopia

59.3212, 4.0726, 5.1888



## Tritanopia

59.4290, -3.3154, -3.3889

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

59.4710, -8.9704, 6.0099

## Protanomaly

59.3829, -4.7492, 6.4184

## Deuteranomaly

59.1910, -0.8118, 5.3968

## Tritanomaly

59.4189, -5.3158, 0.0407

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

59.4710, -8.9704, 6.0099

## Achromatopsia

58.8816, -3.1418, 3.1991

## Achromatomaly

59.1540, -5.3256, 4.3856

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 59.4710, -8.9704, 6.0099 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 164, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 164, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 164, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 164, 154) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 59.4710, -8.9704, 6.0099 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 164, 154) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 164, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 164, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 164, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 164, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 164,  
154) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 59.4710, -8.9704, 6.0099 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 164, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
164, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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