

Converting Colors

HunterLab(59.6000, 71.0087,
-56.1473)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(59.6000, 71.0087,
-56.1473) contains.

HunterLab(59.7276, 70.9002, -55.8695)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(59.7276, 70.9002,
-55.8695)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EF69FF
RGB	239, 105, 255
RGB Percent	94%, 41%, 100%
CMY	0.0627, 0.5882, 0.0000
CMYK	0.06, 0.59, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	294°, 100%, 71%
HSV	294°, 59%, 100%
XYZ	58.6982, 35.6739, 98.3998
YIQ	162.1660, 31.7140, 75.0580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

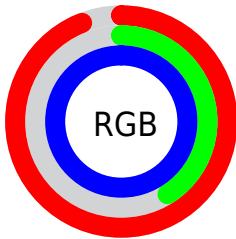
Format	Color
R _{YB}	239, 105, 255
Decimal	15690239
CIE _{Lab}	66.27, 71.18, -51.52
CIE _{LCh}	66, 87.866, 324.104
Yxy	35.6754, 0.3045, 0.1851
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293880319 (0xFFEF69FF)
YUV	162.1660, 45.7672, 67.3834
Hunter-Lab	59.7276, 70.9002, -55.8695

Details

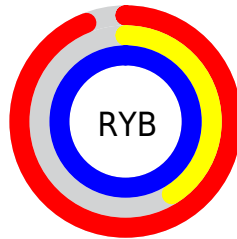
The HunterLab color **59.7276, 70.9002, -55.8695** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF66FF**. A complement of this color would be **87.5244, -58.9547, 43.8457**, and the grayscale version is **59.9875, -3.2008, 3.2592**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.7026, 45.9065, -29.8883**, and **39.3805, 66.5179, -55.0059** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.4675, 81.7568, -65.5175**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.9216, 58.5660, -45.3713**.

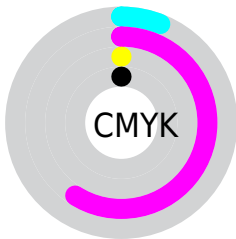
Distribution



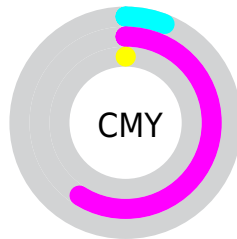
- Red (94%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 59.7276, 70.9002, -55.8695 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 59.7276, 70.9002, -55.8695 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

59.7276, 70.9002,
-55.8695

59.7276, 70.9002,
-55.8695

180.9805, 87.3679,
-62.0967

49.1768, 68.6287,
-55.2230

82.7833, 75.1896,
-57.3534

39.3317, 66.3099,
-54.7534

95.2172, 77.1963,
-58.1155

30.2486, 64.0075,
-54.6312

108.2179, 79.1091,
-58.8622

21.9978, 61.8769,
-55.2194

121.7617, 80.9304,
-59.5824

14.6735, 60.3256,
-57.3954

135.8277, 82.6633,
-60.2693

8.3322, 61.5258,
-64.5711

150.3971, 84.3114,

0.0000, INF, -NF

-60.9188

0.0000, NaN, -NF

165.4531, 85.8784,
-61.5283

■ 59.7276, 70.9002,
-55.8695

■ 59.7276, 70.9002,
-55.8695

■ 55.4675, 81.7568,
-65.5175

■ 64.9216, 58.5660,
-45.3713

■ 52.2277, 90.2798,
-73.6378

■ 70.9303, 45.4906,
-34.5785

■ 50.0374, 95.7295,
-79.5932

■ 77.6384, 32.1789,
-23.8451

■ 48.7846, 98.0006,
-83.2044

■ 84.9414, 18.9345,
-13.3652

■ 48.6638, 98.1743,
-83.5611

■ 92.7503, 5.9134,
-3.2216

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.7289, 30.7909, -106.1100



59.7276, 70.9002, -55.8695



59.7289, 91.7217, -4.5873

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.7289, 70.8980, -55.8668



59.7289, 4.7456, 39.6297



59.7289, -57.5693, -34.0405

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.7276, 70.9002, -55.8695



87.5244, -58.9547, 43.8457

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.7289, -61.1677, 10.1530



59.7276, 70.9002, -55.8695



59.7289, -30.9453, 38.6457

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.7289, 70.8980, -55.8668



59.7289, 47.7009, 37.0423



59.7289, -52.7821, 31.8525



59.7289, -41.2493, -88.7965

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.7276, 70.9002, -55.8695



59.7289, 88.8270, 18.2096



59.7289, -52.7821, 31.8525



59.7289, -60.0958, -16.9790

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.7289, 70.8980, -55.8668



85.5648, 17.8553, -12.5189



49.2616, 25.7519, -83.0619



38.5715, 10.0328, -7.1839

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.7289, 70.8980, -55.8668



54.6724, 83.8426, -67.4417



59.5135, 65.0964, -15.1144



42.6570, 3.1433, -1.8058



35.2334, 71.0453, -60.2332



11.1163, 22.3413, -18.4311

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.2231, 55.0280, 17.4802



51.9094, 66.2130, 21.2479



87.8352, -55.8547, 29.9135



42.4483, 1.7782, 3.0621



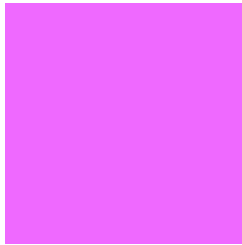
33.4077, 57.3672, 20.3822



10.4715, 18.0751, 5.6634

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.7276, 70.9002, -55.8695 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

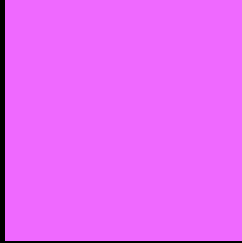
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.7276, 70.9002, -55.8695 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

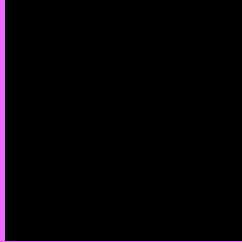
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 59.7276, 70.9002, -55.8695 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.7276, 70.9002, -55.8695.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.7276, 70.9002, -55.8695.

-55.8695.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59.7276, 70.9002, -55.8695

Protanopia

59.9038, 9.7265, -56.5556

Deuteranopia

60.1226, 4.9669, -48.0557



Tritanopia

59.4809, 30.4299, 10.4825

Trichromacy



Original Color

59.7276, 70.9002, -55.8695



Protanomaly

58.0384, 30.0653, -60.3586



Deuteranomaly

58.1221, 27.0694, -55.1349

Tritanomaly

58.9416, 44.0268, -9.0800

Monochromacy



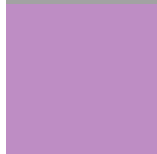
Original Color

59.7276, 70.9002, -55.8695



Achromatopsia

60.1088, -3.2073, 3.2658



Achromatomaly

58.2944, 22.6829, -16.7986

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 59.7276, 70.9002, -55.8695 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(239, 105, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 105, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 105, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 105, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 59.7276, 70.9002, -55.8695 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 105, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 105, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(239, 105, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(239, 105, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 105, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 105,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 59.7276, 70.9002, -55.8695 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 105, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239,  
105, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor