

Converting Colors

HunterLab(59.6330, -45.7695,
11.4780)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(59.6330, -45.7695,
11.4780) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(60.8127,
-41.2039, 12.9367)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00BA8B
RGB	0, 186, 139
RGB Percent	0%, 73%, 55%
CMY	0.9999, 0.2706, 0.4549
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.25, 0.27
HSL	165°, 100%, 36%
HSV	165°, 100%, 73%
XYZ	22.2191, 36.9818, 30.3932
YIQ	125.0280, -95.7690, -54.0490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

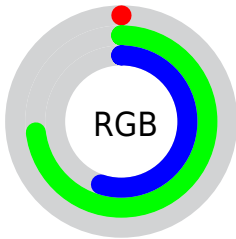
Format	Color
RYB	0, 106, 186
Decimal	47755
CIELab	67.26, -50.88, 12.85
CIELCh	67, 52.481, 165.827
Yxy	36.9833, 0.2480, 0.4128
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278237835 (0xFF00BA8B)
YUV	125.0280, 6.8882, -109.6496
Hunter-Lab	60.8127, -41.2039, 12.9367

Details

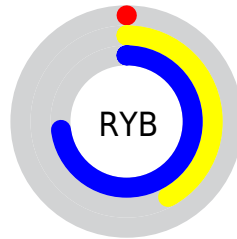
The HunterLab color **60.8127, -41.2039, 12.9367** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC99**. A complement of this color would be **32.6271, 56.5013, 16.2030**, and the grayscale version is **45.3002, -2.4171, 2.4612**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83.9600, -47.8451, 15.2704**, and **41.5016, -29.3832, 11.5565** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60.8137, -41.2054, 12.9387**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.0395, -40.0507, 11.3976**.

Distribution



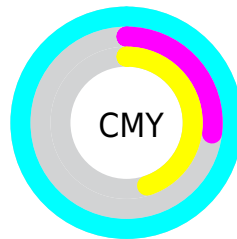
- Red (0%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 60.8127, -41.2039, 12.9367 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 60.8127, -41.2039, 12.9367 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 60.8127, -41.2039,
12.9367

■ 60.8127, -41.2039,
12.9367

182.5481,
-68.8388, 24.4997

■ 50.1942, -37.5688,
11.6495

■ 83.9923, -47.9831,
15.4855

■ 40.2766, -33.7095,
10.3418

■ 96.4836, -51.1867,
16.7564

■ 31.1150, -29.5565,
9.0009

■ 109.5393,
-54.2945, 18.0298

■ 22.7777, -25.0034,
7.6053

■ 123.1359,
-57.3219, 19.3080

■ 15.3562, -20.1958,
6.1179

■ 137.2527,
-60.2810, 20.5929

■ 8.9679, -15.6937,
6.2775

■ 151.8712,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-63.1817, 21.8857

0.0000, NaN, NaN

166.9747,
-66.0320, 23.1877

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.8127, -41.2039,
12.9367

■ 60.8127, -41.2039,
12.9367

■ 60.8137, -41.2054,
12.9387

■ 61.0395, -40.0507,
11.3976

■ 61.3737, -38.4526,
9.9175

■ 61.8530, -36.2730,
8.5474

■ 62.4928, -33.4679,
7.3158

■ 63.3039, -30.0184,
6.2463

■ 64.2935, -25.9272,
5.3576

■ 65.4654, -21.2141,
4.6631

■ 66.8209, -15.9132,
4.1714

■ 68.3588, -10.0691,
3.8862

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.8139, -32.4257, 26.3192



60.8127, -41.2039, 12.9367



60.8139, -40.9550, -9.6421

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.8139, -41.2043, 12.9373



60.8139, 9.5949, -54.3909



60.8139, 31.6145, 26.8023

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.8127, -41.2039, 12.9367



32.6271, 56.5013, 16.2030

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.8139, 46.7112, 13.9211



60.8127, -41.2039, 12.9367



60.8139, 32.7389, -34.9845

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.8139, -41.2043, 12.9373



60.8139, -13.9386, -54.9797



60.8139, 47.1514, -8.2041



60.8139, 8.2360, 32.0076

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.8127, -41.2039, 12.9367



60.8139, -35.7669, -27.6695



60.8139, 47.1514, -8.2041



60.8139, 37.9724, 23.5044

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.8139, -41.2043, 12.9373



88.0497, -28.9009, 6.3187



59.8226, -48.4264, 36.0141



40.9939, -14.8630, 3.1385



97.7295, -5.2146, 5.3098



44.2712, -2.3622, 2.4053

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.8139, -41.2043, 12.9373



81.8478, -55.6275, 17.7812



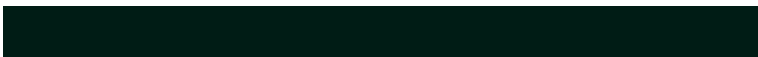
48.0337, -14.8386, -28.0042



31.8917, -4.5017, 1.8048



49.8926, -33.7203, 10.4310



9.4174, -6.0284, 1.2426

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.6271, 56.5013, 16.2030



43.8871, 75.9312, 22.3659



34.9250, 46.8733, 22.3403



30.0807, 1.3304, 1.6438



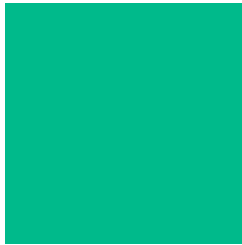
26.7799, 46.4161, 13.0048



5.1295, 9.0872, 0.9670

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.8127, -41.2039, 12.9367 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 60.8127, -41.2039, 12.9367 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 60.8127, -41.2039, 12.9367 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.8127, -41.2039, 12.9367.



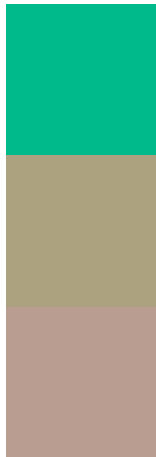
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 60.8127, -41.2039, 12.9367.

-41.2039, 12.9367.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60.8127, -41.2039, 12.9367

Protanopia

60.2357, -4.5096, 16.9366

Deuteranopia

60.3925, 4.1911, 10.9879



Tritanopia

60.8696, -25.5579, -12.0827

Trichromacy



Original Color

60.8127, -41.2039, 12.9367



Protanomaly

58.4010, -25.3069, 13.3813



Deuteranomaly

58.1721, -20.6959, 8.9971



Tritanomaly

60.7331, -32.5997, -1.7430

Monochromacy



Original Color

60.8127, -41.2039, 12.9367



Achromatopsia

45.2856, -2.4163, 2.4605



Achromatomaly

49.1779, -21.5573, 4.4641

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 60.8127, -41.2039, 12.9367 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 186, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 186, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 186, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 186, 139) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 60.8127, -41.2039, 12.9367 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 186, 139) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 186, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 186, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 186, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 186, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 186,  
139) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 60.8127, -41.2039, 12.9367 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 186, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 186,  
139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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