

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(59.6899, 21.1645,  
17.2008)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(59.6899, 21.1645,  
17.2008) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(59.5628, 21.1009,  
17.0850)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D88E7F
RGB	216, 142, 127
RGB Percent	85%, 56%, 50%
CMY	0.1529, 0.4431, 0.5020
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.41, 0.15
HSL	10°, 53%, 67%
HSV	10°, 41%, 85%
XYZ	41.8227, 35.4773, 24.7222
YIQ	162.4160, 48.9190, 11.0230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

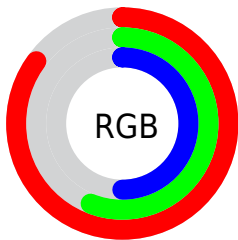
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	216, 145, 127
Decimal	14192255
CIE Lab	66.12, 26.34, 19.57
CIE LCh	66, 32.815, 36.615
Yxy	35.4790, 0.4099, 0.3477
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292382335 (0xFFD88E7F)
YUV	162.4160, -17.4601, 46.9932
Hunter-Lab	59.5628, 21.1009, 17.0850

# Details

The HunterLab color **59.5628, 21.1009, 17.0850** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **71.5829, -20.4565, -10.0583**, and the grayscale version is **60.3357, -3.2194, 3.2782**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80.0220, 14.3622, 17.5676**, and **39.2469, 19.6169, 13.6385** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.8218, 28.1252, 19.7023**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.7189, 14.3764, 14.2352**.

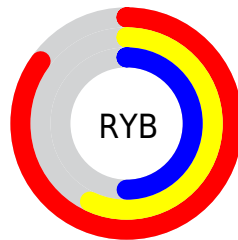
# Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (56%)

Blue (50%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (50%)

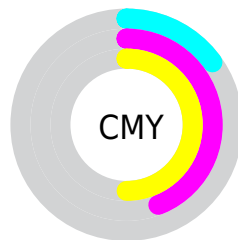


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (41%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (50%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 59.5628, 21.1009, 17.0850 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 59.5628, 21.1009, 17.0850 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 59.5628, 21.1009,  
17.0850

■ 59.5628, 21.1009,  
17.0850

180.7423, 24.1793,  
31.4355

■ 49.0225, 20.3645,  
15.3837

■ 82.5997, 22.2803,  
20.3752

■ 39.1886, 19.5209,  
13.6224

■ 95.0248, 22.7469,  
21.9826

■ 30.1175, 18.5529,  
11.7773

■ 108.0172, 23.1402,  
23.5742

■ 21.8798, 17.4449,  
9.8100

121.5529, 23.4658,  
25.1550

■ 14.5705, 16.1847,  
7.8606

135.6112, 23.7285,  
26.7289

■ 8.2311, 15.3055,  
5.7618

150.1731, 23.9327,

0.0000, INF, NaN

28.2987

0.0000, NaN, NaN

165.2219, 24.0819,  
29.8669

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.5628, 21.1009,  
17.0850

■ 59.5628, 21.1009,  
17.0850

■ 54.8218, 28.1252,  
19.7023

■ 64.7189, 14.3764,  
14.2352

■ 50.5592, 35.3525,  
21.9852

■ 70.2274, 7.9985,  
11.2222

■ 46.8507, 42.5761,  
23.8104

■ 76.0408, 1.9627,  
8.0967

■ 43.7700, 49.4703,  
25.0445

■ 82.1190, -3.7538,  
4.8921

■ 41.3776, 55.6006,  
25.5872

■ 88.4288, -9.1827,  
1.6299

■ 39.8573, 59.9575,  
25.6095

■ 94.8887, -14.6625,  
-0.9012

■ 96.6121, -17.3302,  
1.1685

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.5643, 27.3869, 6.2409



59.5628, 21.1009, 17.0850



59.5643, 8.3892, 22.9320

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.5643, 21.0980, 17.0859



59.5643, -26.8456, 12.9076



59.5643, 0.0912, -29.8992

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.5628, 21.1009, 17.0850



71.5829, -20.4565, -10.0583

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.5643, -13.9311, -26.8883



59.5628, 21.1009, 17.0850



59.5643, -28.6077, 0.0791

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.5643, 21.0980, 17.0859



59.5643, -19.0349, 20.9575



59.5643, -24.1035, -15.0102



59.5643, 14.5259, -22.4573



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.5628, 21.1009, 17.0850



59.5643, -1.5130, 24.2330



59.5643, -24.1035, -15.0102



59.5643, -4.8316, -30.0982

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.5643, 21.0980, 17.0859



91.1109, 3.0147, 10.1184



58.3120, 40.2063, -19.6544



41.7170, 1.8307, 4.9136

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.5643, 21.0980, 17.0859



67.1145, 32.4409, 23.2511



71.6867, -1.5019, 27.5399



35.7152, 0.4255, 3.4873



30.8387, 45.5688, 19.8004



8.2453, 9.1750, 5.2413



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.5829, -20.4565, -10.0583



84.1296, -26.9936, -15.3067



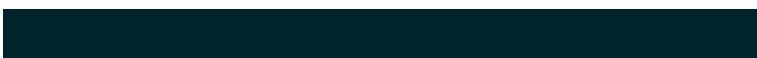
57.8546, 1.0267, -30.9098



37.0606, -4.1413, 0.4666



47.2167, -18.3005, -19.5113



12.0053, -5.0311, -4.1448



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.5628, 21.1009, 17.0850 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

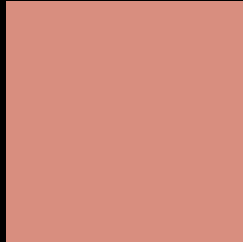
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.5628, 21.1009, 17.0850 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

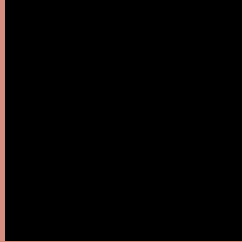
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 59.5628, 21.1009, 17.0850 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.5628, 21.1009, 17.0850.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.5628, 21.1009, 17.0850.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59.5628, 21.1009, 17.0850

### Protanopia

59.8443, -4.0111, 13.7287

### Deuteranopia

59.7848, 4.0843, 17.6691



## Tritanopia

59.6159, 26.1306, 8.9142

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

59.5628, 21.1009, 17.0850

**Protanomaly**

59.4722, 4.8227, 14.6086

**Deuteranomaly**

59.5493, 10.3702, 17.2228

**Tritanomaly**

59.5239, 24.1848, 12.0015

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

59.5628, 21.1009, 17.0850

**Achromatopsia**

60.1088, -3.2073, 3.2658

**Achromatomaly**

59.6303, 4.7209, 8.5550

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 59.5628, 21.1009, 17.0850 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(216, 142, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 142, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 142, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 142, 127) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 59.5628, 21.1009, 17.0850 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 142, 127) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 142, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 142, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 142, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 142, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 142,  
127) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 59.5628, 21.1009, 17.0850 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 142, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216,  
142, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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