

Converting Colors

HunterLab(59.7167, -43.4869,
36.0358)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(59.7167, -43.4869,
36.0358) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(59.7167,
-43.4869, 36.0358)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	52B700
RGB	82, 183, 0
RGB Percent	32%, 72%, 0%
CMY	0.6784, 0.2823, 0.9999
CMYK	0.55, 0.00, 1.00, 0.28
HSL	93°, 100%, 36%
HSV	93°, 100%, 72%
XYZ	20.4132, 35.6608, 5.8074
YIQ	131.9390, -1.4530, -78.3250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

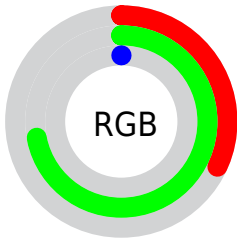
Format	Color
RYB	0, 183, 101
Decimal	5420800
CIELab	66.26, -55.14, 66.54
CIElCh	66, 86.420, 129.647
Yxy	35.6624, 0.3299, 0.5763
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283610880 (0xFF52B700)
YUV	131.9390, -65.0459, -43.7965
Hunter-Lab	59.7167, -43.4869, 36.0358

Details

The HunterLab color **59.7167, -43.4869, 36.0358** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC33**. A complement of this color would be **24.8748, 56.3390, -90.4724**, and the grayscale version is **48.2622, -2.5752, 2.6222**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.8292, -50.8730, 45.1225**, and **39.6239, -33.9775, 23.8212** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.7175, -43.4899, 36.0363**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.1612, -41.5807, 35.7655**.

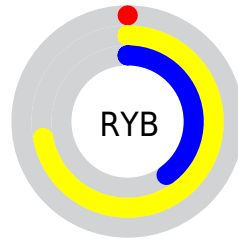
Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (72%)

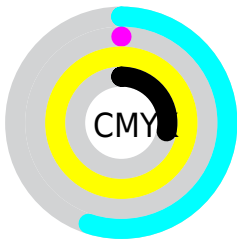
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (72%)

Blue (40%)

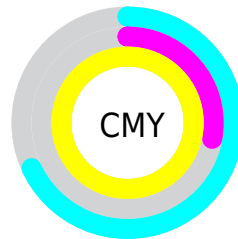


Cyan (55%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (68%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 59.7167, -43.4869, 36.0358 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 59.7167, -43.4869, 36.0358 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59.7167, -43.4869,
36.0358

■ 59.7167, -43.4869,
36.0358

180.9647,
-73.1129, 72.0940

■ 49.1666, -39.5479,
31.2066

■ 82.7711, -50.8048,
45.0446

■ 39.3223, -35.3521,
26.1322

■ 95.2044, -54.2502,
49.2761

■ 30.2400, -30.8209,
21.1680

■ 108.2046,
-57.5856, 53.3570

■ 21.9900, -25.8336,
15.3930

■ 121.7479,
-60.8283, 57.3069

■ 14.6667, -21.2249,
10.2667

■ 135.8133,
-63.9922, 61.1425

■ 8.3255, -14.5697,
5.8279

■ 150.3823,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-67.0884, 64.8778

0.0000, NaN, NaN

165.4378,
-70.1261, 68.5249

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.7167, -43.4869,
36.0358

■ 59.7167, -43.4869,
36.0358

■ 59.7175, -43.4899,
36.0363

■ 60.1612, -41.5807,
35.7655

■ 60.6929, -39.2608,
35.0319

■ 61.3256, -36.4654,
33.6653

■ 62.0643, -33.1799,
31.6044

■ 62.9122, -29.4026,
28.8121

■ 63.8711, -25.1415,
25.2702

■ 64.9418, -20.4128,
20.9760

■ 66.1239, -15.2388,
15.9398

■ 67.4162, -9.6462,
10.1821

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.7180, -15.1040, 39.3482



59.7167, -43.4869, 36.0358



59.7180, -57.9832, 22.9333

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.7180, -43.4880, 36.0360



59.7180, -26.8327, -107.7543



59.7180, 88.7981, 13.8954

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.7167, -43.4869, 36.0358



24.8748, 56.3390, -90.4724

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.7180, 83.3471, -26.8205



59.7167, -43.4869, 36.0358



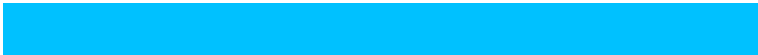
59.7180, 9.7389, -116.3144

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.7180, -43.4880, 36.0360



59.7180, -50.1960, -61.4612



59.7180, 51.8103, -80.4510



59.7180, 65.2266, 32.9995

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.7167, -43.4869, 36.0358



59.7180, -60.6812, 3.6829



59.7180, 51.8103, -80.4510



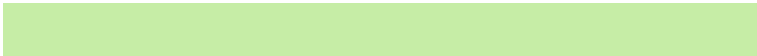
59.7180, 90.4120, 2.8150

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.7180, -43.4880, 36.0360



86.8320, -27.6526, 28.3863



43.9425, 21.2020, 27.4476



40.5181, -14.2747, 14.5231



96.5975, -5.1542, 5.2483



43.2801, -2.3093, 2.3515

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.7180, -43.4880, 36.0360



79.8340, -58.5446, 48.1684



58.2140, -49.7947, 34.7313



32.0184, -4.3966, 4.6407



49.9167, -36.1590, 30.1254



9.5666, -5.9921, 5.7900

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.8748, 56.3390, -90.4724



33.0768, 75.1565, -122.1246



36.2195, 70.4453, -41.8781



29.9286, 1.1968, -1.5050



20.8733, 47.1722, -75.0858



4.3559, 9.3899, -12.1477

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.7167, -43.4869, 36.0358 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.7167, -43.4869, 36.0358 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

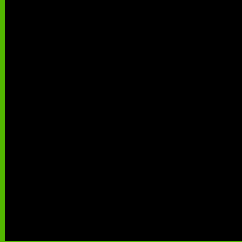
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 59.7167, -43.4869, 36.0358 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.7167, -43.4869, 36.0358.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.7167, -43.4869, 36.0358.

-43.4869, 36.0358.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59.7167, -43.4869, 36.0358

Protanopia

59.1315, -8.0083, 36.2964

Deuteranopia

59.1726, 4.0365, 34.6952



Tritanopia

59.5494, -16.2852, -8.7409

Trichromacy



Original Color

59.7167, -43.4869, 36.0358

Protanomaly

58.3310, -23.4961, 35.5319

Deuteranomaly

57.9046, -16.9835, 34.4984

Tritanomaly

58.8192, -31.0517, 18.7361

Monochromacy



Original Color

59.7167, -43.4869, 36.0358

Achromatopsia

48.0354, -2.5630, 2.6099

Achromatomaly

51.3330, -21.6558, 21.5644

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 59.7167, -43.4869, 36.0358 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 183, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 183, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 183, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 183, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 59.7167, -43.4869, 36.0358 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 183, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 183, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 183, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 183, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 183, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 183, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 59.7167, -43.4869, 36.0358 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 183, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 183,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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