

Converting Colors

HunterLab(59.7606, -24.4431,
37.8428)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(59.7606, -24.4431,
37.8428) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(59.9121,
-23.9655, 36.4980)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	95AC00
RGB	149, 172, 0
RGB Percent	58%, 67%, 0%
CMY	0.4157, 0.3255, 0.9999
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 1.00, 0.33
HSL	68°, 100%, 34%
HSV	68°, 100%, 67%
XYZ	27.1470, 35.8946, 5.4976
YIQ	145.5150, 41.5040, -58.3680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

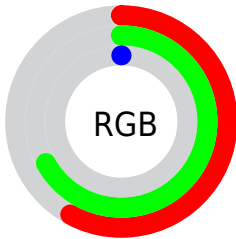
Format	Color
RYB	0, 172, 23
Decimal	9808896
CIELab	66.44, -26.06, 68.21
CIELCh	66, 73.025, 110.912
Yxy	35.8962, 0.3961, 0.5237
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287998976 (0xFF95AC00)
YUV	145.5150, -71.7389, 3.0563
Hunter-Lab	59.9121, -23.9655, 36.4980

Details

The HunterLab color **59.9121, -23.9655, 36.4980** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999900**. A complement of this color would be **17.7806, 47.1968, -118.3707**, and the grayscale version is **53.6876, -2.8646, 2.9169**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.9008, -27.7159, 45.7077**, and **39.6990, -18.9764, 24.1301** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.9133, -23.9681, 36.4987**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.1298, -23.0731, 36.1160**.

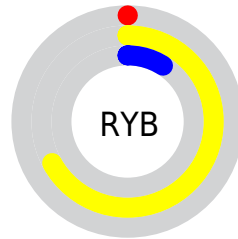
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (67%)

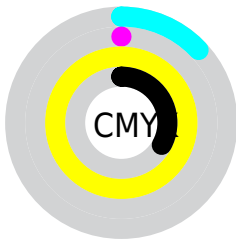
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (9%)

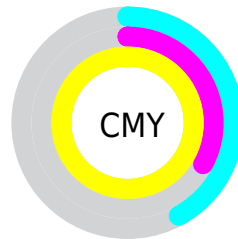


Cyan (13%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 59.9121, -23.9655, 36.4980 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 59.9121, -23.9655, 36.4980 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59.9121, -23.9655,
36.4980

■ 59.9121, -23.9655,
36.4980

181.2476,
-40.9094, 73.3386

■ 49.3498, -21.9017,
31.5669

■ 82.9891, -27.9235,
45.7044

■ 39.4924, -19.7514,
26.4003

■ 95.4328, -29.8400,
50.0294

■ 30.3958, -17.4851,
21.2771

■ 108.4429,
-31.7273, 54.2004

■ 22.1302, -15.0528,
15.4911

■ 121.9957,
-33.5919, 58.2368

■ 14.7892, -12.3682,
10.3525

■ 136.0704,
-35.4387, 62.1555

■ 8.4440, -13.9017,
5.9108

■ 150.6482,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-37.2718, 65.9709

0.0000, NaN, NaN

165.7123,
-39.0945, 69.6951

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.9121, -23.9655,
36.4980

■ 59.9121, -23.9655,
36.4980

■ 59.9133, -23.9681,
36.4987

■ 60.1298, -23.0731,
36.1160

■ 60.3784, -22.0012,
35.3024

■ 60.6707, -20.6880,
33.8918

■ 61.0113, -19.1094,
31.8176

■ 61.4039, -17.2480,
29.0300

■ 61.8516, -15.0918,
25.4926

■ 62.3566, -12.6333,
21.1801

■ 62.9209, -9.8687,
16.0772

■ 63.5457, -6.7979,
10.1777

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.9135, 7.0233, 37.3136



59.9121, -23.9655, 36.4980



59.9135, -44.4948, 29.9875

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.9135, -23.9673, 36.4983



59.9135, -37.8140, -63.9131



59.9135, 72.0868, -6.9398

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.9121, -23.9655, 36.4980



17.7806, 47.1968, -118.3707

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.9135, 53.6118, -47.8165



59.9121, -23.9655, 36.4980



59.9135, -12.7808, -90.5166

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.9135, -23.9673, 36.4983



59.9135, -51.2209, -22.1570



59.9135, 20.8486, -83.4259



59.9135, 67.2960, 20.8758

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.9121, -23.9655, 36.4980



59.9135, -51.6650, 19.6643



59.9135, 20.8486, -83.4259



59.9135, 68.2670, -19.6925

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.9135, -23.9673, 36.4983



83.9468, -17.2071, 28.8719



30.6299, 47.3303, 19.7017



39.0015, -8.6690, 14.6104



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645



40.3295, -2.1519, 2.1912

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.9135, -23.9673, 36.4983



80.6516, -32.4484, 49.1291



55.2866, -42.4835, 33.3231



30.4550, -3.1502, 4.6681



51.6994, -20.6118, 31.4961



8.7079, -3.1147, 5.3112

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.7806, 47.1968, -118.3707



23.8323, 63.4861, -160.3536



24.9532, 54.6663, -76.4086



27.9404, 0.1356, -1.7786



15.3836, 40.7529, -101.7476



2.8543, 7.0483, -14.9014

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.9121, -23.9655, 36.4980 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.9121, -23.9655, 36.4980 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

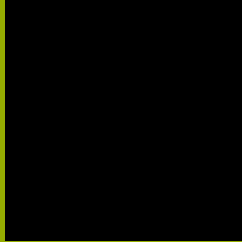
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 59.9121, -23.9655, 36.4980 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.9121, -23.9655, 36.4980.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.9121, -23.9655, 36.4980.

-23.9655, 36.4980.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59.9121, -23.9655, 36.4980

Protanopia

59.8212, -8.5707, 36.7115

Deuteranopia

59.6386, 4.1044, 35.6653



Tritanopia

59.8344, -0.5432, -1.8145

Trichromacy



Original Color

59.9121, -23.9655, 36.4980

Protanomaly

59.8485, -14.6215, 36.6224

Deuteranomaly

59.3739, -7.0737, 35.8906

Tritanomaly

59.0111, -12.7042, 21.6036

Monochromacy



Original Color

59.9121, -23.9655, 36.4980

Achromatopsia

53.6135, -2.8607, 2.9129

Achromatomaly

55.1689, -13.2964, 22.6325

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 59.9121, -23.9655, 36.4980 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 172, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 172, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 172, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 172, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 59.9121, -23.9655, 36.4980 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 172, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 172, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 172, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 172, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 172, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 172,  
0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 59.9121, -23.9655, 36.4980 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 172, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
172, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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